

Financial Statements

For The Year Ended March 31, 2007



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STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY



esponsibility for the integrity and objectivity of the accompanying financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2007 and all information contained in these statements rests with House of

Commons management.

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with accounting policies generally applied to the Government of Canada and approved by the Board of Internal Economy, based on generally accepted accounting principles for the public sector, using management's best estimates and judgements where appropriate and giving due consideration to materiality. Financial information submitted to the *Public Accounts of Canada* is consistent with these financial statements.

Management has developed and maintains books, records, internal controls and management practices designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is reliable, that House of Commons' assets are safeguarded and controlled, that resources are managed economically and efficiently in the attainment of House of Commons objectives, and that transactions are in accordance with accepted Government of Canada accounting policies and House policies and statutory requirements.

In addition, management is responsible for administering the portion of the Pension Plan for Members of Parliament relating to the House of Commons and for keeping the records of its portion of the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowance and Compensation Arrangements Accounts. In addition, a large part of the day-to-day administration of the House of Commons portion of the Pension



STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY (CONTINUED)

Plan for Members of Parliament is discharged by Public Works and Government Services Canada under the terms of a Memorandum of Understanding established many years ago.



At the request of management, these financial statements have been audited by KPMG.

On behalf of the House of Commons
on the 25 th day of May 2007
The Cler
Acting Chief Financial Office



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Auditors' Report to the Clerk of the House of Commons:

We have audited the statements of Financial Position and Equity of Canada of the House of Commons as at March 31, 2007 and the statements of Operations and Cash Flow for the year then ended. These financial statements have been prepared to comply with the accounting policies generally applied to the Government of Canada and approved by the Board of Internal Economy of the House of Commons. The significant accounting policies are disclosed in note 2 to the financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the House of Commons. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and Equity of Canada of the House of Commons as at March 31, 2007 and the net cost of its operations and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies as described in note 2 to the financial statements.

These financial statements, which have not been, and were not intended to be, prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, are solely for the information and use of the management of the House of Commons, the Board of Internal Economy and the Treasury Board of Canada Secretariat. The financial statements are not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified users or for any other purpose.

Chartered Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Ottawa, Canada May 25, 2007

KPMG LLP



2007	
7/1/1/	7/1/16
2007	2006

EXPENSES (NOTE 4)



House Administration	\$219,990,242	\$208,492,802
Members and House Officers	229,692,541	230,303,560
ntal expenses	\$449 682 783	\$438 796 362

NON-TAX REVENUES (NOTE 5)

House Administration	\$3,217,459	\$2,769,826
Members and House Officers	21,805	71,745
Total non-tax revenues	\$3,239,264	\$2,841,571

NET COST OF OPERATIONS \$446,443,519 \$435,954,791



Contingent liabilities (Note 12)
Contractual obligations (Note 13)

	2007	2006
Assets		
Financial assets		
Cash	\$565,924	\$554,852
Accounts receivable (Note 6)	20,455,116	18,839,534
Inventory for resale — Food Services	129,575	137,638
Advances (Note 7)	361,689	353,742
Total financial assets	\$21,512,304	\$19,885,766
Non-financial assets		
Prepaid expenses	\$15,518	\$12,502
Inventories of consumable supplies	2,151,880	2,474,503
Tangible capital assets (Note 8)	13,307,021	15,067,460
Total non-financial assets	\$15,474,419	\$17,554,465
TOTAL	\$36,986,723	\$37,440,231
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	es \$20,989,975	\$22,030,446
Vacation pay and compensatory leave	6,664,399	6,364,731
Lease obligations for tangible capital		
assets (Note 9)	3,349,026	1,932,981
Employee severance benefits (Note 1)	<i>0b)</i> 39,620,769	34,780,653
Members' pension accounts (Note 11)	555,578,599	513,929,932
Total liabilities	\$626,202,768	\$579,038,743
Equity of Canada	(\$589,216,045)	(\$541,598,512)
TOTAL	\$36,986,723	\$37,440,231

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



2007 2006

EQUITY OF CANADA, BEGINNINGOF YEAR

(\$541,598,512) (\$501,123,355)



Net cost of operations	(446,443,519)	(435,954,791)
Current year appropriations used (Note 3a)	378,698,257	375,662,363
Change in net position in the Consolidated		
Revenue Fund (Note 3c)	(39,456,809)	(37,067,301)
Services provided without charge from other		
government departments (Note 14a)	59,584,538	56,884,572

EQUITY OF CANADA, END OF YEAR (\$589,216,045) (\$541,598,512)



	2007	2006
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
NET COST OF OPERATIONS	\$446,443,519	\$435,954,791
Non-cash items:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	(6,997,733)	(5,399,512)
Net gain (loss) on disposal of tangible capital assets	(88,967)	72,270
Services provided without charge	(59,584,538)	(56,884,572)
Variations in Statement of Financial Position	n:	
Accounts receivable and advances	1,623,529	2,430,232
Prepaid expenses	3,016	(143,282)
Inventory	(330,686)	1,037,718
Liabilities	(47,164,025)	(42,054,367)
Cash used by operating activities	\$333,904,115	\$335,013,278
CAPITAL INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	\$5,355,440	\$3,496,523
Proceeds from disposal of tangible capital assets	(29,179)	(148,876)
Cash used by capital investment		
activities	\$5,326,261	\$3,347,647
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash provided by Government		
of Canada	(\$339,241,448)	(\$338,595,062)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)	(\$11,072)	(\$234,137)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$554,852	\$320,715
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$565,924	\$554,852



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 1 — AUTHORITY AND OBJECTIVES

The powers of the House of Commons derive essentially from the *Constitution Act*, 1867 and from the *Parliament of Canada Act*.

The mandate of the House Administration is to support Members by providing the infrastructure, services and advice they need to carry out their work as legislators and representatives in the Chamber, in committee, in caucus, in their Parliament Hill offices and in their constituencies.

The Board of Internal Economy is the governing body of the House of Commons and oversees its financial management and administration on behalf of the Members and Canadians. It is chaired by the Speaker and composed of Members representing all recognized parties.

The Clerk of the House of Commons is the Secretary to the Board and, as the senior official of the House Administration, reports to the Speaker. The House Administration comprises these six service areas, which employ the equivalent of 1,799 full-time workers reporting to the Clerk: Procedural Services, the Office of the Law Clerk and Parliamentary Counsel, Information Services, Parliamentary Precinct Services, Finance Services and Human Resources & Corporate Planning Services.

NOTE 2 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- a) The financial statements of the House of Commons have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting policies generally applied to the Government of Canada and approved by the Board of Internal Economy, based on Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for the public sector.
- b) Parliamentary appropriations The House of Commons is funded by the Government of Canada through parliamentary appropriations. Appropriations provided to the House of Commons do not parallel financial reporting according to generally accepted accounting principles since appropriations are primarily based on cash flow requirements. Consequently, items recognized in the Statement of Operations and the Statement of Financial Position are not necessarily the same as those provided through appropriations from Parliament. Note 3 provides a high-level reconciliation between the bases of reporting.
- c) Net cash provided by government The House of Commons operates within the Consolidated Revenue Fund (CRF) with the exception of the day-to-day operations of Food Services, which has its own bank accounts. The CRF is administered by the Receiver General for Canada. All cash received by the House of Commons is deposited to the CRF and all cash disbursements made by the House of Commons are paid from the CRF. Net cash provided by Government of Canada is the difference between all cash receipts and all cash disbursements including transactions between the House of Commons and federal departments.





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

- d) Change in net position in the Consolidated Revenue Fund is the difference between the net cash provided by Government and appropriations used in a year. It results from timing differences between when a transaction affects appropriations and when it is processed through the CRF.
- e) Non-tax revenues are accounted for in the period in which the underlying transaction or event occurred that gave rise to the revenues.
- f) Expenses are recorded when the underlying transaction or expense occurred, subject to the following:
 - Transfer payments are recognized in the year in which the recipient has met the eligibility criteria or fulfilled the terms of a contractual transfer agreement.
 - Vacation pay and compensatory leave are expensed as the benefits accrue to employees under their respective terms of employment.
 - Services provided without charge by other government departments for accommodation, the
 employer's contribution to the health and dental insurance plans, and the administrative
 charges for Workers' Compensation Boards and Commissions are recorded as operating
 expenses at their estimated cost.

g) Employee future benefits

- i) Pension benefits: Eligible employees participate in the Public Service Pension Plan, a multiemployer plan administered by the Government of Canada. The House of Commons' contributions to the Plan are charged to expenses in the year incurred and represent the total organizational obligation to the Plan. Current legislation does not require the House to make contributions for any actuarial deficiencies of the Plan.
- ii) Severance benefits: Employees are entitled to severance benefits under labour contracts or conditions of employment. These benefits are accrued as employees render the services necessary to earn them. The obligation relating to the benefits earned by employees is calculated using information derived from the results of the actuarially determined liability for employee severance benefits for the Government as a whole.

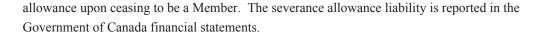
h) Members of Parliament future benefits

- i) Pension accounts: A large part of the day-to-day administration of the House of Commons' portion of the Pension Plan for Members of Parliament is discharged by Public Works and Government Services Canada. The House of Commons' contributions to the Plan, including any annual actuarial adjustment, are charged to expenses in the year incurred.
- ii) Severance allowance for former Members of Parliament: Under the *Parliament of Canada Act*, Members who are not eligible for an immediate pension are entitled to a severance





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007



- i) Accounts receivable and advances are stated as amounts expected to be ultimately realized; a provision is made for receivables where recovery is considered uncertain.
- j) Contingent liabilities Contingent liabilities are potential liabilities that may become actual liabilities when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. To the extent that the future event is likely to occur or fail to occur, and a reasonable estimate of the loss can be made, an estimated liability is accrued and an expense recorded. If the likelihood is not determinable or an amount cannot be reasonably estimated, the contingency is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- k) Inventory for resale Food Services These are items in the canteens, cafeterias and the Parliamentary Restaurant and are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the cost being determined using the first in, first out (FIFO) method.
- Inventories of consumable supplies of \$50,000 and over These are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the cost being determined using the average cost method for office supplies included in the perpetual inventory system, and using the FIFO method for other inventory items.
- m) Foreign currency transactions Transactions involving foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollar equivalents using rates of exchange in effect at the time of those transactions.
- n) Tangible capital assets Capital assets and leasehold improvements having a cost of \$10,000 or more are recorded at their acquisition cost. The House of Commons does not capitalize intangibles, works of art and historical treasures that have cultural, aesthetic or historical value. Amortization of tangible capital assets is done on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset, as follows:

Asset Class	Amortization Period
Motor vehicles	5 and 7 years
Machinery and equipment	7 to 10 years
Other equipment	5 to 10 years
Informatics hardware	3 years
Software and licenses	3 years
Leased tangible capital assets - Motor vehicles	5 and 7 years (or the duration of the lease based on the terms of the contract if less)
Leased tangible capital assets - Machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years
Leasehold improvements	The lesser of 10 years or the term of the lease plus a renewal period





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

o) Measurement uncertainty — The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with Government of Canada accounting policies, which are based on generally accepted accounting principles for the public sector, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, non-tax revenues and expenses reported in the financial statements. At the time of preparation of these statements, management believes the estimates and assumptions to be reasonable. The most significant items where estimates are used are the liability for employee severance benefits and the useful life of tangible capital assets. Actual results could significantly differ from those estimated. Management's estimates are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are recorded in the financial statements in the year they become known.



NOTE 3 — PARLIAMENTARY APPROPRIATIONS

The House of Commons receives most of its funding through annual Parliamentary appropriations. Items recognized in the Statement of Operations and Statement of Financial Position in one year may be funded through Parliamentary appropriations in prior, current or future years. Accordingly, the House of Commons has different net cost of operations for the year on a government funding basis than on an accrual accounting basis. The differences are reconciled in the following tables:



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 3A) RECONCILIATION OF NET COST OF OPERATIONS TO CURRENT YEAR APPROPRIATIONS USED

	2007	2006
NET COST OF OPERATIONS	\$446,443,519	\$435,954,791
Adjustments for items affecting net cost of		
operations but not affecting appropriations:		
Add (Less):		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	(6,997,733)	(5,399,512)
Services provided without charge	(59,584,538)	(56,884,572)
Provision — employee severance benefits	(4,840,116)	(3,792,389)
Inventory used	(5,580,849)	(3,876,084)
Refunds of prior year expenditures	292,678	164,434
Adjustment of prior year payables	195,593	88,971
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	12,656	102,235
Miscellaneous non-tax revenues	6,249	73,561
Authority to charge user fees	110,239	101,784
Authority to spend funds collected	(1,225,440)	(1,281,861)
Authority to transfer surplus funds (respendabl	е	
revenues) from sales — Food Services	1,079,773	961,240
Balance of sales — Food Services	2,030,348	1,602,751
Vacation pay and compensatory leave	(299,668)	132,262
Expensing prepaids	(5,460)	(2,021)
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	(101,623)	(29,964)
Operating expenses — Food Services	(456,559)	(334,018)
Bad debt expense	(8,137)	0
Adjustments to tangible capital assets	400,164	223,182
Sub-total	\$371,471,096	\$367,804,790
Adjustments for items not affecting net cost of		
operations but affecting appropriations:		
Add (Less):		
Tangible capital asset lease principal payments	973,156	723,436
Inventory purchased $-$ consumable supplies	3,831,875	3,749,628
Tangible capital asset acquisitions	2,423,353	3,379,420
Other	(1,223)	5,089
CURRENT YEAR APPROPRIATIONS USED	\$378,698,257	\$375,662,363



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 3B) APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED AND USED



	2007	2006
Vote 5 — Operating expenditures Statutory amounts CURRENT YEAR APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED	\$260,778,503 133,751,192 \$394,529,695	\$258,897,541 137,784,506 \$396,682,047
Less: Lapsed appropriations: Operating	(15,831,438)	(21,019,684)
CURRENT YEAR APPROPRIATIONS USED	\$378,698,257	\$375,662,363

NOTE 3c) RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH PROVIDED BY GOVERNMENT TO CURRENT YEAR APPROPRIATIONS USED

	2007	2006
NET CASH PROVIDED BY GOVERNMENT	\$339,241,448	\$338,595,062
Change in net position in the Consolidated Revenue Fund	d:	
Variation in accounts receivable and advances	(\$1,623,529)	(\$2,430,232)
Variation in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,040,471)	100,946
Variation in Members' pension accounts	41,648,667	39,144,889
Other adjustments	472,142	251,698
Sub-total	\$39,456,809	\$37,067,301
CURRENT YEAR APPROPRIATIONS USED	\$378,698,257	\$375,662,363



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

Note 4 - Expenses

	2007	2006
OPERATING Personnel Operating and maintenance	\$292,520,634 147,557,356	\$293,752,382 137,575,711
Amortization of tangible capital assets	6,997,733	5,399,512
Food Services — cost of sales	1,426,351	1,150,641
Interest portion on leased tangible capital asset	s 137,389	60,047
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	101,623	29,964
Other	49,662	55
Sub-total	\$448,790,748	\$437,968,312
TRANSFER PAYMENTS		
International	892,035	828,050
TOTAL	449,682,783	\$438,796,362

NOTE 5 - NON-TAX REVENUES

	2007	2006
Food Services — sales Room allocation fees	\$3,110,121 39,366	\$2,563,991 54,203
Membership fees — Parliamentary Associations Gymnasium fees	15,560 17,800	9,427 14,500
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	12,656	102,235
Recycled paper Other	0 43,761	1,112 96,103
TOTAL	\$3,239,264	\$2,841,571



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 6 — ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2007	2006
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
From other federal government departments (OGD):		
Interest receivable from Treasury Board —		
Members' pension accounts (4th quarter)	\$13,836,095	\$12,808,690
Other receivables	6,086,172	5,515,189
From external parties	542,849	525,655
Sub-total	\$20,465,116	\$18,849,534
ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS ON		
EXTERNAL RECEIVABLES	(10,000)	(10,000)
Total	\$20,455,116	\$18,839,534
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Note 7 — Advances

	2007	2006
Employee travel and salary advances	\$26,346	\$19,470
Employee petty cash, House post office floats and Food Services cash floats	38,975	38,575
Postage-related advances	18,868	18,690
Members' petty cash for office expenses	277,500	277,007
TOTAL	\$361,689	\$353,742



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 8 — TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS



	COST CURRENT YEAR				
	Opening balance Acquisitions Disposals and adjustments balar				
Capital asset class					
Owned					
Motor vehicles	\$204,961	\$107,721	(\$98,368)	\$214,314	
Machinery and equipment	5,831,542	254,733	(319,843)	5,766,432	
Other equipment	3,815,255	48,292	(160,821)	3,702,726	
Informatics hardware	7,509,644	714,192	(1,045,100)	7,178,736	
Software and licenses	8,797,398	78,633	0	8,876,031	
Work in progress	727,482	1,619,946	(765,011)	1,582,417	
Sub-total	\$26,886,282	\$2,823,517	(\$2,389,143)	\$27,320,656	
Leased Machinery and equipment	\$4,731,678	\$2,531,923	(\$291,313)	\$6,972,288	
Leasehold improvements	\$5,576,964	\$0	\$765,011	\$6,341,975	
TOTAL	\$37,194,924	\$5,355,440	(\$1,915,445)	\$40,634,919	



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 8 — TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION CURRENT YEAR				NET I Val	
	Opening balance	Amortization	Disposals and adjustments	Closing balance	2007	2006
Capital asset class						
Owned						
Motor vehicles	\$102,635	\$39,773	(\$76,412)	\$65,996	\$148,318	\$102,326
Machinery and equipment	3,084,544	626,653	(222,465)	3,488,732	2,277,700	2,746,998
Other equipment	2,543,175	393,699	(160,821)	2,776,053	926,673	1,272,080
Informatics hardware	5,201,360	1,132,874	(1,043,471)	5,290,763	1,887,973	2,308,284
Software and licenses	6,539,030	2,069,112	0	8,608,142	267,889	2,258,368
Work in progress	0	0	0	0	1,582,417	727,482
Sub-total	\$17,470,744	\$4,262,111	(\$1,503,169)	\$20,229,686	\$7,090,970	\$9,415,538
Leased						
Machinery and equipment	\$2,867,973	\$2,177,926	(\$294,130)	\$4,751,769	\$2,220,519	\$1,863,705
Leasehold improvements	\$1,788,747	\$557,696	\$0	\$2,346,443	\$3,995,532	\$3,788,217
TOTAL	\$22,127,464	\$6,997,733	(\$1,797,299)	\$27,327,898	\$13,307,021	\$15,067,460

Amortization expense for the year ended March 31, 2007 is \$6,997,733 (2006: \$5,399,512).



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 9 — LEASE OBLIGATIONS FOR TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

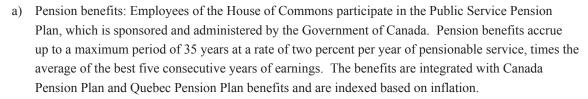
Total	\$3,349,026	\$1,932,981
Machinery and equipment	\$3,349,026	\$1,932,981
a) Balance owing	2007	2006

	2007	
B) CAPITAL PORTION		
Minimum lease payments:		
(2007-2008)	\$1,110,160	
(2008-2009)	1,063,829	
(2009-2010)	989,306	
(2010-2011)	386,951	
(2011-2012) and thereafter	13,457	
Sub-total	\$3,563,703	
Less: imputed interest	(214,677)	
BALANCE OF OBLIGATIONS UNDER LEASED TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	\$3,349,026	



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 10 — EMPLOYEE BENEFITS



Both the employees and the House of Commons contribute to the cost of the Plan. The 2006-07 expense amounts to \$26,785,047 (\$28,286,567 in 2005-06), which represents approximately 2.6 times the contributions by employees.

The responsibility of the House of Commons with regard to the Plan is limited to its contributions. Actuarial surpluses or deficiencies are recognized in the financial statements of the Government of Canada, as the Plan's sponsor.

b) Severance benefits: The House of Commons provides severance benefits to its employees based on eligibility, years of service and final salary. These severance benefits are not pre-funded. Benefits will be paid from future appropriations. Information about the severance benefits, measured as at March 31, is as follows:

	2007	2006
EMPLOYEE SEVERANCE BENEFITS LIABILITY, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$34,780,653	\$30,988,264
Expense for the year Benefits paid during the year	\$7,178,900 (2,338,784)	\$9,472,996 (5,680,607)
Sub-total	\$4,840,116	\$3,792,389
EMPLOYEE SEVERANCE BENEFITS LIABILITY, END OF YEAR	\$39,620,769	\$34,780,653







NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 11 — MEMBERS' PENSION ACCOUNTS *

	2007	2006
MPRA - House of Commons	\$419,445,673	\$390,137,270
RCA - House of Commons	\$260,324,367	\$236,328,275
Refundable tax remitted to CRA Sub-total	(124,191,441) \$136,132,926	(112,535,613) \$123,792,662
TOTAL	\$555,578,599	\$513,929,932

^{*} Please note that the above figures pertain only to the House of Commons.

Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Account (MPRA)

This account was established by the *Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act*, to provide pension benefits to eligible Members of Parliament who contributed to the plan. "Member" means a Member of the House of Commons or of the Senate. Benefits are also available to eligible surviving spouses and/or eligible dependent children of Members who served on or after a certain date and contributed under the Act.

Members of Parliament Retirement Compensation Arrangements Account (RCA)

This account was established by the *Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act*, to provide for benefits with respect to pension credits accrued by Members of Parliament that are not payable out of the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Account. Benefits are also available to eligible surviving spouses and/or eligible dependent children of Members.

Refundable tax remitted to CRA

Transactions pertaining to the RCA, such as contributions, benefits and interest credits, are recorded in the RCA Account, which is maintained in the Accounts of Canada. The RCA Account earns interest quarterly and is registered with the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). Annually, depending on the net cash flow position of the Account, a transfer is made between the RCA Account and CRA to either remit a 50 percent refundable tax with respect to the net contributions and interest credits, or to receive a reimbursement based on their net benefit payments.

Actuarial deficit adjustment

It was determined by the Chief Actuary of the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions that no actuarial adjustment was required for 2006-07 (\$5.7 million actuarial deficit adjustment in 2005-06).



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 12 — CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In the normal course of its operations, the House of Commons may become involved in various legal actions. As of March 31, 2007, management is not aware of any claims or possible claims against the House of Commons.



NOTE 13 — CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The nature of the House of Commons' activities result in some large multi-year contracts and obligations whereby the House will be obligated to make future payments when the services/goods are received. Significant contractual obligations that can be reasonably estimated are as follows:

	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12 & thereafter	Total
Members' Constituency Office Leases Members' &	\$7,284,500	\$7,612,300	\$7,954,800	\$8,312,800	\$8,686,900	\$39,851,300
House Equipment	799,300	835,300	872,900	912,200	953,200	4,372,900
Vehicles	149,400	151,500	159,400	166,500	174,000	800,800
TOTAL	\$8,233,200	\$8,599,100	\$8,987,100	\$9,391,500	\$9,814,100	\$45,025,000



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 14 — RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The House of Commons is related, as a result of common ownership, to all Government of Canada departments, agencies, and Crown corporations. The House of Commons enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business and on normal trade terms. Also, during the year, the House of Commons received services which were obtained without charge from other government departments as presented in part a).



A) SERVICES PROVIDED WITHOUT CHARGE:

During the year, the House of Commons received the following without charge from other departments: accommodation; the employer's contribution to the health and dental insurance plans; and the administrative charges for Workers' Compensation Boards and Commissions. These services without charge have been recorded in the House of Commons' Statement of Operations as follows:

	2007	2006
Accommodation provided by Public Works and		
Government Services Canada	\$45,841,314	\$42,650,900
Contributions covering employer's share of employees'		
premiums for the health & dental insurance plans		
paid by Treasury Board Secretariat	13,342,208	13,771,954
Administrative charges related to the handling of claims		
paid by Human Resources and Social Development		
Canada to provincial Workers' Compensation Boards		
and Commissions	401,016	461,718
TOTAL	\$59,584,538	\$56,884,572

The Government has structured some of its administrative activities for efficiency and cost-effectiveness purposes so that one department or agency performs these activities on behalf of all without charge. The cost of these services, which include translation and interpretation services provided by Public Works and Government Services Canada and postage services provided by Canada Post, is not included as an expense in the House of Commons' Statement of Operations.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

NOTE 14 — RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

B) PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES OUTSTANDING AT YEAR-END WITH RELATED PARTIES:



	2007	2006
Accounts receivable from other government departments		
and agencies	\$19,922,267	\$18,323,879
Accounts payable to other government departments		
and agencies	\$1,337,863	\$851,914