

Group: Computer Systems
Expiry Date: December 21, 2014



Treasury Board of Canada
Secretariat

Secrétariat du Conseil du Trésor
du Canada

Agreement between the Treasury Board and the Professional Institute of the Public Service of Canada

Group: Computer Systems
(All Employees)



CODE: 303
Expiry Date: December 21, 2014

Groupe : Systèmes d'ordinateurs
Date d'expiration : le 21 décembre 2014

Canada



The Professional Institute
of the Public Service of Canada

L'Institut professionnel
de la fonction publique du Canada

Erratum

This Erratum is to correct the second last paragraph of [Article 15.02](#) in the Computer Services (CS) group collective agreement, expiry December 21, 2014.

This document has been updated and includes the correct wording.

Agreement between the Treasury Board and the Professional Institute of the Public Service of Canada

Group: Computer Systems
(All Employees)



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Treasury Board of Canada Secretariat
Compensation and Labour Relations
Human Resources Management Office
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K1G 3J8



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**Asterisks denote changes from the previous Collective Agreement.

PART 1 - GENERAL

ARTICLE 1

PURPOSE OF AGREEMENT

1.01 The purpose of this Agreement is to maintain harmonious and mutually beneficial relationships between the Employer, the employees and the Institute, to set forth certain terms and conditions of employment relating to remuneration, hours of work, employee benefits and general working conditions affecting employees covered by this Agreement.

1.02 The parties to this Agreement share a desire to improve the quality of the Public Service of Canada, to maintain professional standards and to promote the well-being and increased efficiency of its employees to the end that the people of Canada will be well and effectively served. Accordingly, they are determined to establish within the framework provided by law, an effective working relationship at all levels of the Public Service in which members of the bargaining unit are employed.

ARTICLE 2

INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

2.01 For the purpose of this Agreement:

- (a) **“bargaining unit”** means all the employees of the Employer in the Computer Systems Group, as described in the certificate issued by the former Public Service Staff Relations Board on the eleventh (11th) day of March 1969, and as amended on December 13, 1977 and June 1, 1999 (unité de négociation),
- (b) **“common-law partner”** refers to a person living in a conjugal relationship with an employee for a continuous period of at least one (1) year (conjoint de fait).

**

- (c) **“continuous employment”** has the same meaning as in the Directive on Terms and Conditions of Employment on the date of the signing of this Agreement (emploi continu),
- (d) **“daily rate of pay”** means an employee’s weekly rate of pay divided by five (5) (taux de rémunération journalier),

- (e) **“day of rest”** in relation to an employee means a day, other than a designated paid holiday, on which that employee is not ordinarily required to perform the duties of his position other than by reason of his being on leave (jour de repos),
- (f) **“designated paid holiday”** means the twenty-four (24) hour period commencing at 00:01 hour of a day designated as a holiday in this Agreement (jour férié désigné payé),
- (g) **“double time”** means twice (2) the straight-time hourly rate (tarif double),
- (h) **“employee”** means a person so defined by the *Public Service Labour Relations Act* and who is a member of the bargaining unit (employé),
- (i) **“Employer”** means Her Majesty in right of Canada as represented by the Treasury Board, and includes any person authorized to exercise the authority of the Treasury Board (Employeur),
- (j) **“headquarters area”** has the same meaning as given to the expression in the Travel Directive (région du lieu d’affectation),
- (k) **“hourly rate of pay”** means a full-time employee’s weekly rate of pay divided by thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) (taux de rémunération horaire),
- (l) **“Institute”** means the Professional Institute of the Public Service of Canada (Institut),
- (m) **“lay-off”** means the termination of an employee’s employment because of lack of work or because of the discontinuance of a function (mise en disponibilité),
- (n) **“leave”** means authorized absence from duty (congé),
- (o) **“membership dues”** means the dues established pursuant to the by-laws and regulations of the Institute as the dues payable by its members as a consequence of their membership in the Institute, and shall not include any initiation fee, insurance premium, or special levy (cotisations syndicales),

- (p) **“overtime”** means work required by the Employer to be performed by a full-time employee in excess of his daily hours of work (heures supplémentaires),
- (q) **“spouse”** will, when required, be interpreted to include common-law partner except, for the purposes of the Foreign Service Directives, the definition of spouse will remain as specified in Directive 2 of the Foreign Service Directives (époux),
- (r) **“time and one-half”** means one and one-half (1 1/2) times the hourly rate of pay (tarif et demi),

and
- (s) **“weekly rate of pay”** means an employee’s annual rate of pay divided by 52.176 (taux de rémunération hebdomadaire).

2.02 Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, expressions used in this Agreement:

- (a) if defined in the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*, have the same meaning as given to them in the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*;

and
- (b) if defined in the *Interpretation Act*, but not defined in the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*, have the same meaning as given to them in the *Interpretation Act*.

ARTICLE 3 OFFICIAL TEXTS

3.01 Both the English and French texts of this Agreement shall be official.

ARTICLE 4 APPLICATION

4.01 The provisions of this Agreement apply to the Institute, employees and the Employer.

4.02 In this Agreement, words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender.

ARTICLE 5
MANAGEMENT RIGHTS

5.01 All the functions, rights, powers and authority which the Employer has not specifically abridged, delegated or modified by this Agreement are recognized by the Institute as being retained by the Employer.

ARTICLE 6
RIGHTS OF EMPLOYEES

6.01 Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as an abridgement or restriction of any employee's constitutional rights or of any right expressly conferred in an Act of the Parliament of Canada.

PART 2 - WORKING CONDITIONS

ARTICLE 7 HOURS OF WORK

7.01 Day Work

- (a) The normal work week shall be thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours and the normal work day shall be seven decimal five (7.5) consecutive hours, exclusive of a lunch period, between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. The normal work week shall be Monday to Friday inclusive. The Employer will provide two (2) 15-minute health breaks in a full working day except on occasions where operational requirements do not permit.
- (b) Where normal hours are to be changed so that they are different from those specified in paragraph 7.01(a) the Employer, in advance, except in cases of emergency, will consult with the Institute on such hours of work, and in such consultation, will show that such hours are required to meet the needs of the public and/or the efficient operation of the Service.

7.02 Notwithstanding clause 7.01, the Employer may vary the normal weekly and daily hours of work to allow for summer and winter hours, provided the annual total is not changed.

7.03 An employee shall be granted two (2) consecutive days of rest during each seven (7) day period unless operational requirements do not so permit.

7.04 The representative of each of the parties hereto shall, during the currency of this agreement, meet and consider the practicality of instituting work schedules that vary from seven decimal five (7.5) hours per day, Monday through Friday each week and/or vary from five (5) days per week. The parties shall make every reasonable effort to establish mutually acceptable work schedules that are consistent with operational requirements and shall particularly consider any specific proposals made by an employee or employees. If employees' requests for a variation in hours of work are consistent with the needs of the operational requirements, then such requests shall be implemented.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, the implementation of any variation in hours shall not result in any additional overtime work or additional payment by reason only of such variation nor shall it be deemed to prohibit the right of the Employer to schedule any hours of work permitted by the terms of this Agreement.

7.05 For an employee who completes required hours of work pursuant to clause 7.04, the agreement shall be administered as follows:

- (a) Article 2, interpretation and definitions

Paragraph 2.01(d), “daily rate of pay”, shall not apply.

- (b) Article 12, Designated Paid Holidays

A designated paid holiday shall account for seven decimal five (7.5) hours.

- (c) Article 13, Travelling Time

On a normal work day, overtime compensation referred to in paragraph 13.04(b) shall only be applicable for hours in excess of the employee’s scheduled daily hours of work.

7.06 Shift Work

When, because of the operational requirements of the Service, hours of work are scheduled for employees on a rotating or irregular basis, they shall be scheduled so that employees:

- (a) work an average of thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours per week exclusive of meal breaks;
- (b) obtain at least two (2) consecutive days of rest at any one time, except when days of rest are separated by a designated paid holiday which is not worked; the consecutive days of rest may be in separate calendar weeks.

7.07 Every reasonable effort shall be made by the employer to consider the wishes of the employees concerned in the arrangement of shifts within a shift schedule.

7.08 The Employer will make every reasonable effort:

- (a) not to schedule the commencement of a shift within sixteen (16) hours of the completion of the employee’s previous shift;
- (b) to avoid excessive fluctuation in hours of work;
- (c) to post shift schedules at least twenty-one (21) days in advance.

7.09 The staffing, preparation, posting and administration of shift schedules is the responsibility of the Employer.

7.10 The Employer shall set up a shift schedule, which shall cover a period not exceeding two (2) months and not less than twenty-eight (28) consecutive days.

7.11 Provided sufficient advance notice is given and with the approval of the Employer, employees may exchange shifts if there is no increase in cost to the Employer.

7.12

- (a) If an employee is given less than seven (7) days' advance notice of a change in the employee's shift schedule, the employee will receive compensation at the rate of time and one half (1 1/2) for work performed on the first (1st) shift changed. Subsequent shifts worked on the changed schedule shall be paid for at straight time and every effort shall be made by the employer to ensure that scheduled days of rest on the changed schedule are maintained.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph 7.12(a),
 - (i) when a change in a shift schedule is required and the employee agrees it is to the employee's benefit to change the shift schedule, the employee shall be compensated at the straight-time rate for work performed in the first (1st) shift changed;

and
 - (ii) when an employee requests and the employer agrees to change the employee's shift schedule, the employee shall be paid at the straight time rate for work performed on the first (1st) shift of the revised shift schedule.

7.13 Where a new shift schedule has to be introduced by the Employer or an existing shift schedule has to be modified, the Employer, in advance, except in cases of emergency, will consult with the Institute on the timing of such shifts.

7.14 For the purpose of this agreement, when an employee's shift does not commence and end on the same day, such shift shall be deemed for all purposes to have been entirely worked:

(a) on the day it commenced where half (1/2) or more of the hours worked fall on that day;

or

(b) on the day it terminates where more than half (1/2) of the hours worked fall on that day.

7.15 A meal period shall be scheduled as close to the mid-point of the shift as possible. In the event that an employee is required by the Employer to work through the meal period, such employee will be paid for the meal period, at the applicable rate.

7.16 Where the Employer is considering the introduction of shift work in a work unit, except in cases of emergency, the employer will inform the Institute at least two (2) months in advance of the introduction of the shift work arrangement.

7.17 General

Employees will submit monthly attendance registers; only hours of overtime and absences need be specified.

7.18 Shift Principle

(a) When a full-time employee is required to attend one of the following proceedings outside a period which extends before or beyond three (3) hours his or her scheduled hours of work on a day during which he or she would be eligible for a Shift Premium, the employee may request that his or her hours of work on that day be scheduled between 7 a.m. and 6 p.m.; such request will be granted provided there is no increase in cost to the Employer. In no case will the employee be expected to report for work or lose regular pay without receiving at least twelve (12) hours of rest between the time his or her attendance was no longer required at the proceeding and the beginning of his or her next scheduled work period.

(i) Public Service Labour Relations Board Proceedings

Clauses 29.01 and 29.02.

(ii) Contract Negotiation and Preparatory Contract Negotiation Meetings

Clauses 29.05 and 29.06.

(iii) Personnel Selection Process

Clause 17.14.

(iv) Training Courses, which the employee is required to attend by the Employer.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), proceedings described in subparagraph (iv) are not subject to the condition that there be no increase in cost to the Employer.

ARTICLE 8

OVERTIME

8.01 An employee at Level CS-1, 2, 3 and 4 who is required to work overtime shall be compensated as follows:

(a) on a normal work day at the rate of time and one-half (1 1/2) for the first seven decimal five (7.5) overtime hours worked and double (2) time thereafter;

(b) on days of rest at the rate of time and one-half (1 1/2) for the first seven decimal five (7.5) overtime hours worked and double (2) time thereafter except, that when an employee is required by the Employer to work on two (2) or more consecutive and contiguous days of rest he shall be compensated on the basis of double (2) time for all hours worked on the second (2nd) and each subsequent day of rest;

(c) on a designated paid holiday, at the rate of time and one-half (1 1/2) for the first seven decimal five (7.5) hours worked and double (2) time thereafter;

or

(d) when an employee works on a holiday, which is not his scheduled day of work, contiguous to a day of rest on which he also worked, he shall be compensated on the basis of double (2) time for each hour worked;

(e) where an employee is required to work a continuous period of overtime during which he becomes entitled to be paid at the double (2) time rate,

the employee will continue to be paid at that rate until the conclusion of the overtime period;

- (f) No employee will be required to work more than twenty-four (24) continuous hours. An employee who works sixteen (16) or more continuous hours shall receive a rest of at least twelve (12) hours before reporting back to work.

8.02 Meal Allowance

- (a) An employee who works three (3) or more hours of overtime before or immediately following his normal hours of work shall be reimbursed his expenses for one (1) meal in the amount of ten dollars and fifty cents (\$10.50) except where free meals are provided. Reasonable time with pay, to be determined by the Employer, shall be allowed the employee in order that he may take a meal break either at or adjacent to his place of work.
- (b) When an employee works overtime continuously extending beyond the period provided in (a) above, the employee shall be reimbursed for one (1) additional meal in the amount of ten dollars and fifty cents (\$10.50) for each additional four (4) hour period of overtime worked thereafter, except where free meals are provided. Reasonable time with pay, to be determined by the Employer, shall be allowed the employee in order that he may take a meal break either at or adjacent to his place of work.
- (c) This clause shall not apply to an employee who is in travel status that entitles him to claim expenses for lodging and/or meals.

8.03 Reporting Pay

When an employee is required to report for work on a day of rest or a designated paid holiday, he shall be paid the greater of:

- (a)
 - (i) compensation at the applicable overtime rate,
 - or
 - (ii) compensation equivalent to four (4) hours' pay at his hourly rate of pay, except that the minimum of four (4) hours' pay shall apply the first (1st) time only an employee is required to report for

work during a period of eight (8) hours, starting with the employee's first (1st) reporting.

- (b) If an employee is given instructions during his workday to work non-contiguous overtime on that day and works such overtime, he shall be paid for the time actually worked, or a minimum of two (2) hours' pay at straight time, whichever is the greater.

General

8.04 Employees shall record starting and finishing times of overtime work in a form determined by the Employer.

8.05 All calculations for overtime shall be based on each completed period of fifteen (15) minutes.

8.06 Except in cases of emergency, call-back, or mutual agreement, the Employer shall, wherever possible, give at least twelve (12) hours' notice of any requirement for overtime.

8.07 The Employer will endeavour to make cash payments for overtime in the month following the month in which the credits were granted.

8.08

- (a) Upon application by the employee and at the discretion of the Employer, compensation earned under this Article may be taken in the form of compensatory leave at the applicable premium rate. The Employer reserves the right to direct an employee to take accumulated leave provided he first makes every reasonable effort to grant such leave in such amounts and at such times as the employee may request.
- (b) All compensatory leave, earned under this Article and/or Articles 9, Call-Back, 10, Stand-By, 13, Travelling Time, in excess of thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, and unused by September 30 of the next fiscal year, shall be paid in cash on September 30 at the employee's hourly rate of pay on March 31. An employee may elect to carry over into the next fiscal year up to a maximum of thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours of unused compensatory leave.

**

8.09 When, in a situation involving overtime, an employee is required to report to work before public transportation services have commenced, or to remain at work or to return to work after normal transportation services have been suspended, the use of a taxi or the payment of a mileage rate, as appropriate, shall be authorized from the employee's residence to the workplace and/or return if necessary. Additional out-of-pocket parking expenses deemed appropriate by the Employer will also be authorized.

8.10 Equitable Distribution of Overtime

Subject to the operational requirements of the service, the Employer shall make every reasonable effort to allocate overtime work on an equitable basis among readily available qualified employees.

**ARTICLE 9
CALL-BACK**

9.01 When an employee, after having completed his normal hours of work, has left his place of work and prior to reporting for his next regular scheduled work period, is called back to work for a period of non-contiguous overtime, he shall be entitled to the greater of:

- (a) compensation equivalent to three (3) hours' pay at the applicable rate for overtime;
- (b) compensation at the applicable rate for his overtime worked.

9.02 Compensation earned under this article may be taken in the form of compensatory leave subject to clause 8.08 of Article 8, Overtime.

9.03 When an employee is called back to work under the conditions described in clause 9.01 and is required to use transportation services other than normal public transportation services, he shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred as follows:

- (a) mileage allowance at the rate normally paid by the Employer where the employee travels by means of his own automobile;

or

- (b) out-of-pocket expense for other means of commercial transportation.

Time spent by the employee called back to work or returning to his residence shall not constitute time worked.

ARTICLE 10

STAND-BY

10.01 When the Employer requires an employee to be readily available on stand-by during off duty hours, an employee shall be compensated at the rate of one-half (1/2) hour for each four (4) hour period or portion thereof for which he has been designated as being on stand-by duty.

10.02 An employee shall be designated by letter or by list for stand-by duty and shall be available during his period of stand-by at a known telephone number and be readily able to return for duty as quickly as possible if called. In designating employees for stand-by duty the Employer will endeavour to provide for the equitable distribution of stand-by duties.

10.03 No stand-by duty payment shall be granted if an employee is unable to report for duty when required.

10.04 An employee on stand-by duty who is required to report for work shall be paid, in addition to the stand-by pay, in accordance with clause 9.01.

10.05 When an employee on stand-by duty is called back for work under the conditions described in clause 10.04 and is required to use transportation services other than normal public transportation services, he shall be compensated in accordance with clause 9.03 of this Agreement.

10.06 The Employer agrees that in the areas and in the circumstances where electronic paging devices are both practicable and efficient they will be provided without cost to those employees on stand-by duty.

10.07 Compensation earned under this article may be taken in the form of compensatory leave subject to clause 8.08 of Article 8, Overtime.

ARTICLE 11
SHIFT AND WEEKEND PREMIUMS

11.01 Shift Premium

An employee on shift work shall receive a shift premium of two dollars (\$2.00) per hour for all hours (including overtime hours) worked between 16:00 and 08:00 hours. The shift premium will not be paid for hours worked between 08:00 and 16:00 hours.

11.02 Weekend Premium

- (a) Employees shall receive an additional premium of two dollars (\$2.00) per hour for work on a Saturday and/or Sunday for hours worked as stipulated in paragraph 11.02(b) below.
- (b) Weekend premium shall be payable in respect of all regularly scheduled hours at straight-time hourly rates worked on Saturday and/or Sunday.

ARTICLE 12
DESIGNATED PAID HOLIDAYS

12.01 Subject to clause 12.02, the following days shall be designated paid holidays for employees:

- (a) New Year's Day,
- (b) Good Friday,
- (c) Easter Monday,
- (d) the day fixed by proclamation of the Governor in Council for celebration of the Sovereign's birthday,
- (e) Canada Day,
- (f) Labour Day,
- (g) the day fixed by proclamation of the Governor in Council as a general day of Thanksgiving,

- (h) Remembrance Day,
- (i) Christmas Day,
- (j) Boxing Day,
- (k) one additional day in each year that, in the opinion of the Employer, is recognized to be a provincial or civic holiday in the area in which the employee is employed; or in any area where, in the opinion of the Employer, no such day is recognized as a provincial or civic holiday, the first (1st) Monday in August,

and
- (l) one additional day when proclaimed by an Act of Parliament as a National Holiday.

12.02 An employee absent without pay on both his full working day immediately preceding and his full working day immediately following a designated paid holiday is not entitled to pay for the holiday, except in the case of an employee who is granted leave without pay under the provisions of Article 29, Leave for Staff Relations Matters.

12.03 Designated Paid Holiday Falling on a Day of Rest

When a day designated as a paid holiday under clause 12.01 coincides with an employee's day of rest, the holiday shall be moved to the employee's first (1st) normal working day following his day of rest.

12.04 When a day designated as a paid holiday for an employee is moved to another day under the provisions of clause 12.03:

- (a) work performed by an employee on the day from which the holiday was moved shall be considered as work performed on a day of rest;

and
- (b) work performed by an employee on the day to which the holiday was moved, shall be considered as work performed on a holiday.

12.05 Designated Paid Holiday coinciding with a Day of Paid Leave

Where a day that is a designated paid holiday for an employee coincides with a day of leave with pay or is moved as a result of the application of clause 12.03, that day shall count as a holiday and not count as a day of leave.

**ARTICLE 13
TRAVELLING TIME**

13.01 For the purposes of this Agreement, travelling time is compensated for only in the circumstances and to the extent provided for in this Article.

13.02 When an employee is required to travel outside his headquarters area on government business, as these expressions are defined by the Employer, the time of departure and the means of such travel shall be determined by the Employer and the employee will be compensated for travel time in accordance with clauses 13.03 and 13.04. Travelling time shall include time necessarily spent at each stopover en route provided that such stopover does not include an overnight stay.

13.03 For the purposes of clauses 13.02 and 13.04, the travelling time for which an employee shall be compensated is as follows:

- (a) For travel by public transportation, the time between the scheduled time of departure and the time of arrival at a destination, including the normal travel time to the point of departure, as determined by the Employer.
- (b) For travel by private means of transportation, the normal time as determined by the Employer to proceed from the employee's place of residence or workplace, as applicable, direct to his destination and, upon his return, direct back to his residence or workplace.
- (c) In the event that an alternate time of departure and/or means of travel is requested by the employee, the Employer may authorize such alternate arrangements in which case compensation for travelling time shall not exceed that which would have been payable under the Employer's original determination.

13.04 If an employee is required to travel as set forth in clauses 13.02 and 13.03:

- (a) On a normal working day on which he travels but does not work, the employee shall receive his regular pay for the day.
- (b) On a normal working day on which he travels and works, the employee shall be paid:
 - (i) his regular pay for the day for a combined period of travel and work not exceeding seven decimal five (7.5) hours;

and

**

- (ii) at the applicable overtime rate for additional travel time in excess of a seven decimal five (7.5) hour period of work and travel, with a maximum payment for such additional travel time not to exceed twelve (12) hours' pay at the straight-time rate in any day, or fifteen (15) hours pay at the straight-time rate when travelling beyond North America.

**

- (c) On a day of rest or on a designated holiday, the employee shall be paid at the applicable overtime rate for hours travelled to a maximum of twelve (12) hours' pay at the straight-time rate, or fifteen (15) hours pay at the straight-time rate when travelling beyond North America.

13.05 Compensation shall not be paid for travelling time to courses, training sessions, conferences and seminars to which an employee is sent for the purpose of career development, unless he is required to attend by the Employer.

13.06 This Article does not apply to an employee required to perform work in any type of transport in which he is travelling. In such circumstances, the employee shall receive the greater of:

- (a) on a normal working day, his regular pay for the day;
- or
- (b) pay for actual hours worked in accordance with Article 8 of this Agreement.

13.07 Compensation earned under this article may be taken in the form of compensatory leave subject to clause 8.08 of Article 8, Overtime.

13.08 Travel Leave Status

- (a) An employee who is required to travel outside his or her headquarters area on government business, as these expressions are defined by the Employer, and is away from his or her permanent residence for forty (40) nights during a fiscal year shall be granted seven decimal five (7.5) hours off with pay. The employee shall be credited with an additional seven decimal five (7.5) hours off for each additional twenty (20) nights that the employee is away from his or her permanent residence to a maximum of eighty (80) additional nights.
- (b) The maximum number of hours off earned under this clause shall not exceed thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours in a fiscal year and shall accumulate as compensatory leave with pay.
- (c) This leave with pay is deemed to be compensatory leave and is subject to paragraphs 8.08(a) and (b).
- (d) The provisions of this clause do not apply when the employee travels to attend courses, training sessions, professional conferences and seminars unless the employee is required to attend by the Employer.

ARTICLE 14
LEAVE - GENERAL

14.01

- (a) When an employee becomes subject to this Agreement, his or her earned daily leave credits shall be converted into hours. When an employee ceases to be subject to this Agreement, his or her earned hourly leave credits shall be reconverted into days, with one day being equal to seven decimal five (7.5) hours.
- (b) When leave is granted, it will be granted on an hourly basis and the number of hours debited for each day of leave shall be equal to the number of hours of work scheduled for the employee for the day in question.
- (c) Notwithstanding the above, in clause 17.02, Bereavement Leave with Pay, a “day” will mean a calendar day.

14.02 When the employment of an employee who has been granted more vacation or sick leave with pay than he has earned is terminated by death, the employee is considered to have earned the amount of leave with pay granted to him.

14.03 When the employment of an employee who has been granted more vacation or sick leave with pay than he has earned is terminated by lay-off, he is considered to have earned the amount of leave with pay granted to him.

14.04 An employee is entitled, once in each fiscal year, to be informed, upon request, of the balance of his vacation or sick leave with pay credits.

14.05 The employee shall retain the amount of leave with pay credited to the employee by the Employer at the time when this Agreement is signed, or at the time when he becomes subject to this Agreement.

14.06 Notwithstanding anything contained in Article 15, Vacation Leave, Article 16, Sick Leave, and Article 17, Other Leave With or Without Pay, an employee shall not be granted vacation leave, sick leave, or other types of leave with pay while he is on leave without pay or under suspension.

ARTICLE 15

VACATION LEAVE

15.01 The vacation year shall be from April 1 to March 31, inclusive.

15.02 Accumulation of Vacation Leave Credits

An employee shall earn vacation leave credits at the rate described in (a) below for each calendar month during which he or she receives pay for at least seventy-five (75) hours.

Conversion Examples

15 days	112.5 hours
20 days	150 hours
25 days	187.5 hours
30 days	225 hours
35 days	262.5 hours

(a)

- (i) nine decimal three seven five (9.375) hours at his straight-time hourly rate until the month in which his eighth (8th) anniversary of service occurs;
- (ii) twelve decimal five (12.5) hours at his straight-time hourly rate for each month commencing with the month in which his eighth (8th) anniversary of service occurs;
- (iii) thirteen decimal seven five (13.75) hours at his straight-time hourly rate for each month commencing with the month in which his sixteenth (16th) anniversary of service occurs;
- (iv) fourteen decimal three seven five (14.375) hours commencing with the month in which the employee's seventeenth (17th) anniversary of service occurs;
- (v) fifteen decimal six two five (15.625) hours at his straight-time hourly rate commencing with the month in which his eighteenth (18th) anniversary of service occurs;
- (vi) sixteen decimal eight seven five (16.875) hours at his straight-time hourly rate commencing with the month in which his twenty-seventh (27th) anniversary of service occurs;
- (vii) eighteen decimal seven five (18.75) hours at the employee's straight-time hourly rate commencing with the month in which the employee's twenty-eighth (28th) anniversary of service occurs.

**

Notwithstanding (a) above, effective date of signing, the following shall apply to employees who transferred from one of the six Separate Agencies listed below, who transferred to Shared Services Canada upon Order in Council dated November 15th 2011.

Accrued Vacation Leave for employees from Separate Agencies who transferred to Shared Services Canada upon Order in Council, dated November 15th 2011.

- Canada Revenue Agency
- National Research Council Canada
- Parks Canada Agency
- Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission
- Financial Transaction and Reports Analysis Centre of Canada
- Canadian Food Inspection Agency

The Employer agrees to accept the unused, earned vacation leave credits (balance) of an employee accrued prior to the signature of this collective agreement.

**

The Employer agrees to maintain the employees' vacation leave credit accrual entitlement in effect prior to their transfer on November 15, 2011, namely the accrual entitlement in effect on November 14, 2011, for purposes of determining vacation leave entitlements. The employee will maintain his or her vacation leave entitlement until the next anniversary of service threshold provided that the vacation leave credit accrual schedule contained in this collective agreement is equal to or greater than their corresponding leave entitlement.

Effective the date of signing of the new collective agreement, employees become subject to all other provisions outlined in Article 15-Vacation Leave.

**

15.03 For the purpose of clause 15.02 only, all service within the Public Service, whether continuous or discontinuous, shall count toward vacation leave except where a person who, on leaving the Public Service, takes or has taken severance pay. However, the above exception shall not apply to an employee who receives severance pay on lay-off and is reappointed to the Public Service within one year following the date of lay-off. For greater certainty, severance payments taken under Article 19.05 to 19.08, or similar provisions in other collective agreements, do not reduce the calculation of service for persons who have not yet left the public service.

- (a) For the purpose of clause 15.03 only, effective April 1, 2012 on a go forward basis, any former service in the Canadian Forces for a continuous period of six months or more, either as a member of the Regular Force or of the Reserve Force while on Class B or C service, shall be included in the calculation of vacation leave credits.

15.04 Entitlement to Vacation Leave with Pay

An employee is entitled to vacation leave with pay to the extent of his earned credits, but an employee who has completed six (6) months of continuous employment may receive an advance of credits equivalent to the anticipated credits for the current vacation year.

15.05 Provision for Vacation Leave

- (a) Employees are expected to take all their vacation leave during the vacation year in which it is earned.
- (b) The Employer reserves the right to schedule an employee's vacation leave but shall make every reasonable effort:
 - (i) to provide an employee's vacation leave in an amount and at such time as the employee may request;
 - (ii) not to recall an employee to duty after he has proceeded on vacation leave.

15.06 The Employer shall give the employee as much notice as is practicable that a request for vacation leave has or has not been approved, denied, altered or cancelled. In the case of denial, alteration or cancellation, the Employer shall give the written reason(s) thereof, upon written request from the employee.

Carry-Over and/or Liquidation of Vacation Leave

15.07 Where in any vacation year all of the vacation leave credited to an employee has not been scheduled, upon request, the employee may carry-over into the following vacation year up to a maximum of two hundred sixty-two point five (262.5) hours credits. All vacation leave credits in excess of two hundred sixty-two point five (262.5) hours will be paid in cash at the employee's hourly rate of pay as calculated from the classification prescribed in his certificate of appointment of his substantive position on the last day of the vacation year.

15.08 During any vacation year, upon application by the employee and at the discretion of the Employer, earned but unused vacation leave credits in excess of one hundred twelve point five (112.5) hours may be paid in cash at the employee's daily rate of pay as calculated from the classification prescribed in his certificate of appointment of his substantive position on March 31, of the previous vacation year.

15.09 Recall from Vacation Leave

Where, during any period of vacation or compensatory leave, an employee is recalled to duty, he shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses, as normally defined by the Employer, that he incurs:

- (a) in proceeding to his place of duty;
and
- (b) in returning to the place from which he was recalled if he immediately resumes vacation upon completing the assignment for which he was recalled after submitting such accounts as are normally required by the Employer.

15.10 The employee shall not be considered as being on vacation or compensatory leave during any period in respect of which he is entitled under clause 15.09 to be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred by him.

15.11 Cancellation or Alteration of Vacation Leave

When the Employer cancels or alters a period of vacation, or compensatory leave which it has previously approved in writing, the Employer shall reimburse the employee for the non-returnable portion of vacation contracts and reservations made by the employee in respect of that period, subject to the presentation of such documentation as the Employer may require. The employee must make every reasonable attempt to mitigate any losses incurred and will provide proof of such action, when available, to the Employer.

15.12 Leave when Employment Terminates

When an employee dies or otherwise ceases to be employed, he or his estate shall be paid an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying the number of hours of earned but unused vacation leave with pay to his credit by the hourly rate of pay as calculated from the classification prescribed in his certificate of appointment on the date of the termination of his employment.

15.13 Abandonment

Notwithstanding clause 15.12, an employee whose employment is terminated by reason of a declaration that he abandoned his position is entitled to receive the payment referred to in clause 15.12 if he requests it within six (6) months following the date upon which his employment is terminated.

15.14 Where in respect of any period of vacation leave with pay, an employee:

(a) is granted bereavement leave;

or

(b) is granted leave with pay because of illness in the immediate family;

or

(c) is granted sick leave;

the period of vacation leave with pay, so displaced, shall either be added to the vacation period, if requested by the employee and approved by the Employer, or reinstated for use at a later date.

15.15 Vacation Leave Credits for Severance Pay

Where the employee requests, the Employer shall grant the employee his unused vacation leave credits prior to termination of employment if this will enable him, for purposes of severance pay, to complete the first (1st) year of continuous employment in the case of lay-off, and the tenth (10th) year of continuous employment in the case of resignation.

15.16 Appointment to a Separate Agency

Notwithstanding clause 15.12, an employee who resigns to accept an appointment with an organization listed in Schedule V of the *Financial Administration Act* may choose not to be paid for unused vacation leave credits, provided that the appointing organization will accept such credits.

15.17 Appointment from a Separate Agency

The Employer agrees to accept the unused vacation leave credits up to a maximum of two hundred sixty-two decimal five (262.5) hours of an employee who resigns from an organization listed in Schedule V of the *Financial*

Administration Act in order to take a position with the Employer if the transferring employee is eligible and has chosen to have these credits transferred.

15.18

Employees shall be credited a one-time entitlement of thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours of vacation leave with pay on the first (1st) day of the month following the employee's second (2nd) anniversary of service, as defined in clause 15.03.

ARTICLE 16

SICK LEAVE

16.01 Credits

- (a) An employee shall earn sick leave credits at the rate of nine decimal three seven five (9.375) hours for each calendar month for which the employee receives pay for at least seventy-five (75) hours.
- (b) A shift worker shall earn additional sick leave credits at the rate of one decimal two five (1.25) hours for each calendar month during which he or she works shifts and he or she receives pay for at least seventy-five (75) hours. Such credits shall not be carried over in the next fiscal year and are available only if the employee has already used one hundred twelve decimal five (112.5) hours sick leave credits during the current fiscal year.

16.02 Granting of Sick Leave

An employee shall be granted sick leave with pay when he is unable to perform his duties because of illness or injury provided that:

- (a) he satisfies the Employer of this condition in such a manner and at such a time as may be determined by the Employer;
and
- (b) he has the necessary sick leave credits.

16.03 Unless the employee is otherwise informed by the Employer, a statement signed by him stating that because of illness or injury he was unable to perform his duties shall, when delivered to the Employer, be considered as meeting the requirements of paragraph 16.02(a).

16.04 An employee shall not be granted sick leave with pay during any period in which he is on leave of absence without pay, or under suspension.

16.05 When an employee is granted sick leave with pay and injury-on-duty leave is subsequently approved for the same period, it shall be considered for the purpose of the record of sick leave credits that the employee was not granted sick leave with pay.

16.06 Advance of Credits

Where an employee has insufficient or no credits to cover the granting of sick leave with pay under the provisions of clause 16.02, sick leave with pay may, at the discretion of the Employer, be granted to an employee for a period of up to one hundred eighty-seven decimal five (187.5) hours, subject to the deduction of such advanced leave from any sick leave credits subsequently earned.

16.07 The Employer may for good and sufficient reason advance sick leave credits to an employee when a previous advance has not been fully reimbursed.

16.08

(a) Sick leave credits earned but unused by an employee during a previous period of employment in the Public Service shall be restored to an employee whose employment was terminated by reason of layoff and who is reappointed in the Public Service within two (2) years from the date of layoff.

**

(b) Sick leave credits earned but unused by an employee during a previous period of employment in the public service shall be restored to an employee whose employment was terminated due to the end of a specified period of employment, and who is re-appointed in the core public administration within one (1) year from the end of the specified period of employment.

16.09 The Employer agrees that an employee recommended for release from employment pursuant to Section 12(1)(e) of the *Financial Administration Act* for incapacity by reason of ill-health shall not be released at a date earlier than the

date at which the employee will have utilized the employee's accumulated sick leave credits.

ARTICLE 17
OTHER LEAVE WITH OR WITHOUT PAY

17.01 In respect to applications for leave made pursuant to this Article, the employee may be required to provide satisfactory validation of the circumstances necessitating such requests.

17.02 Bereavement Leave with Pay

For the purpose of this clause, immediate family is defined as father, mother, (or alternatively stepfather, stepmother or foster parent) brother, sister, spouse (including common-law partner residing with the employee), child (including child of common-law partner) stepchild or ward of the employee, grandparent, grandchild, father-in-law, mother-in-law, and relative permanently residing in the employee's household or with whom the employee permanently resides.

**

- (a) When a member of the employee's immediate family dies, an employee shall be entitled to a single bereavement period of seven (7) consecutive calendar days. Such bereavement period, as determined by the employee, must include the day of the memorial commemorating the deceased or must be taken within two (2) days following the death. During such period the employee shall be paid for those days which are not regularly scheduled days of rest for the employee. In addition, the employee may be granted up to three (3) days' leave with pay for the purpose of travel related to the death.
- (b) An employee is entitled to up to one (1) day's bereavement leave with pay for the purpose related to the death of his son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law or sister-in-law.
- (c) It is recognized by the parties that the circumstances that call for leave in respect of bereavement are based on individual circumstances. On request, the deputy head of a department may, after considering the particular circumstances involved, grant leave with pay for a period greater and/or in a manner different than that provided for in clauses 17.02(a) and (b).

- (d) If, during a period of sick leave, vacation leave or compensatory leave, an employee is bereaved in circumstances under which he or she would have been eligible for bereavement leave with pay under paragraphs 17.02(a) or (b), the employee shall be granted bereavement leave with pay and his or her paid leave credits shall be restored to the extent of any concurrent bereavement leave with pay granted.

17.03 Maternity Leave without Pay

- (a) An employee who becomes pregnant shall, upon request, be granted maternity leave without pay for a period beginning before, on or after the termination date of pregnancy and ending not later than eighteen (18) weeks after the termination date of pregnancy.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a):
 - (i) where the employee has not yet proceeded on maternity leave without pay and her newborn child is hospitalized,
 - or
 - (ii) where the employee has proceeded on maternity leave without pay and then returns to work for all or part of the period during which her newborn child is hospitalized,

the period of maternity leave without pay defined in paragraph (a) may be extended beyond the date falling eighteen (18) weeks after the date of termination of pregnancy by a period equal to that portion of the period of the child's hospitalization during which the employee was not on maternity leave, to a maximum of eighteen (18) weeks.

- (c) The extension described in paragraph (b) shall end not later than fifty-two (52) weeks after the termination date of pregnancy.
- (d) The Employer may require an employee to submit a medical certificate certifying pregnancy.
- (e) An employee who has not commenced maternity leave without pay may elect to:
 - (i) use earned vacation and compensatory leave credits up to and beyond the date that her pregnancy terminates;

- (ii) use her sick leave credits up to and beyond the date that her pregnancy terminates, subject to the provisions set out in Article 16 Sick Leave. For purposes of this subparagraph, the terms “illness” or “injury” used in Article 16 Sick Leave, shall include medical disability related to pregnancy.
- (f) An employee shall inform the Employer in writing of her plans for taking leave with and without pay to cover her absence from work due to the pregnancy at least four (4) weeks in advance of the initial date of continuous leave of absence during which termination of pregnancy is expected to occur unless there is a valid reason why the notice cannot be given.
- (g) Leave granted under this clause shall be counted for the calculation of “continuous employment” for the purpose of calculating severance pay and “service” for the purpose of calculating vacation leave. Time spent on such leave shall be counted for pay increment purposes.

17.04 Maternity Allowance

- (a) An employee who has been granted maternity leave without pay shall be paid a maternity allowance in accordance with the terms of the Supplemental Unemployment Benefit (SUB) Plan described in paragraph (c) to (i), provided that she:
 - (i) has completed six (6) months of continuous employment before the commencement of her maternity leave without pay,
 - (ii) provides the Employer with proof that she has applied for and is in receipt of maternity benefits under the Employment Insurance or the Québec Parental Insurance Plan in respect of insurable employment with the Employer,

and

 - (iii) has signed an agreement with the Employer stating that:
 - (A) she will return to work on the expiry date of her maternity leave without pay unless the return to work date is modified by the approval of another form of leave;

- (B) following her return to work, as described in section (A), she will work for a period equal to the period she was in receipt of maternity allowance;
- (C) should she fail to return to work in accordance with section (A), or should she return to work but fail to work for the total period specified in section (B), for reasons other than death, lay-off, early termination due to lack of work or discontinuance of a function of a specified period of employment that would have been sufficient to meet the obligations specified in section (B), or having become disabled as defined in the *Public Service Superannuation Act*, she will be indebted to the Employer for an amount determined as follows:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{(allowance received)} \quad \times \quad \text{(remaining period to be worked} \\
 \text{following her return to work)} \\
 \hline
 \text{[total period to be worked} \\
 \text{as specified in (B)]}
 \end{array}$$

however, an employee whose specified period of employment expired and who is rehired in any portion of the Core Public Administration as specified in the *Public Service Labour Relations Act* within a period of ninety (90) days or less is not indebted for the amount if her new period of employment is sufficient to meet the obligations specified in section (B).

- (b) For the purpose of sections (a)(iii)(B), and (C), periods of leave with pay shall count as time worked. Periods of leave without pay during the employee's return to work will not be counted as time worked but shall interrupt the period referred to in section (a)(iii)(B), without activating the recovery provisions described in section (a)(iii)(C).
- (c) Maternity allowance payments made in accordance with the SUB Plan will consist of the following:
 - (i) where an employee is subject to a waiting period of two (2) weeks before receiving Employment Insurance maternity benefits, ninety-three per cent (93%) of her weekly rate of pay and the recruitment and retention "terminable allowance" for

each week of the waiting period, less any other monies earned during this period,

and

- (ii) for each week that the employee receives a maternity benefit under the Employment Insurance or the Québec Parental Insurance Plan, she is eligible to receive the difference between ninety-three per cent (93%) of her weekly rate of pay and the recruitment and retention “terminable allowance” and the maternity benefit, less any other monies earned during this period which may result in a decrease in her maternity benefit to which she would have been eligible if no extra monies had been earned during this period.
- (d) At the employee’s request, the payment referred to in subparagraph 17.04(c)(i) will be estimated and advanced to the employee. Adjustments will be made once the employee provides proof of receipt of Employment Insurance or Québec Parental Insurance Plan maternity benefits.
- (e) The maternity allowance to which an employee is entitled is limited to that provided in paragraph (c) and an employee will not be reimbursed for any amount that she may be required to repay pursuant to the *Employment Insurance Act* or the *Parental Insurance Act* in Québec.
- (f) The weekly rate of pay referred to in paragraph (c) shall be:
 - (i) for a full-time employee, the employee’s weekly rate of pay on the day immediately preceding the commencement of maternity leave without pay,
 - (ii) for an employee who has been employed on a part-time or on a combined full-time and part-time basis during the six (6) month period preceding the commencement of maternity leave, the rate obtained by multiplying the weekly rate of pay in subparagraph (i) by the fraction obtained by dividing the employee’s straight time earnings by the straight time earnings the employee would have earned working full-time during such period.

- (g) The weekly rate of pay referred to in paragraph (f) shall be the rate and the recruitment and retention “terminable allowance” to which the employee is entitled for her substantive level to which she is appointed.
- (h) Notwithstanding paragraph (g), and subject to subparagraph (f)(ii), if on the day immediately preceding the commencement of maternity leave without pay an employee has been on an acting assignment for at least four (4) months, the weekly rate shall be the rate and the recruitment and retention “terminable allowance” she was being paid on that day.
- (i) Where an employee becomes eligible for a pay increment or pay revision that would increase the maternity allowance, the allowance shall be adjusted accordingly.
- (j) Maternity allowance payments made under the SUB Plan will neither reduce nor increase an employee’s deferred remuneration or severance pay.

17.05 Special Maternity Allowance for Totally Disabled Employees

- (a) An employee who:
 - (i) fails to satisfy the eligibility requirement specified in subparagraph 17.04(a)(ii) solely because a concurrent entitlement to benefits under the Disability Insurance (DI) Plan, the Long-Term Disability (LTD) Insurance portion of the Public Service Management Insurance Plan (PSMIP) or the *Government Employees Compensation Act* prevents her from receiving Employment Insurance or Québec Parental Insurance Plan maternity benefits;
 - and
 - (ii) has satisfied all of the other eligibility criteria specified in subparagraph 17.04(a), other than those specified in sections (A) and (B) of subparagraph 17.04(a)(iii);

shall be paid, in respect of each week of maternity allowance not received for the reason described in subparagraph 17.05(a)(i), the difference between ninety-three per cent (93%) of her weekly rate of pay and recruitment and retention “terminable allowance”, and the gross amount

of her weekly disability benefit under the DI Plan, the LTD Plan or via the *Government Employees Compensation Act*.

- (b) An employee shall be paid an allowance under this clause and under clause 17.04 for a combined period of no more than the number of weeks during which she would have been eligible for maternity benefits under the Employment Insurance or the Québec Parental Insurance Plan had she not been disqualified from Employment Insurance or Québec Parental Insurance Plan maternity benefits for the reasons described in subparagraph 17.05(a)(i).

17.06 Parental Leave without Pay

- (a) Where an employee has or will have the actual care and custody of a new-born child (including the new-born child of a common-law partner), the employee shall, upon request, be granted parental leave without pay for a single period of up to thirty-seven (37) consecutive weeks in the fifty-two (52) week period beginning on the day on which the child is born or the day on which the child comes into the employee's care.
- (b) Where an employee commences legal proceedings under the laws of a province to adopt a child or obtains an order under the laws of a province for the adoption of a child, the employee shall, upon request, be granted parental leave without pay for a single period of up to thirty-seven (37) consecutive weeks in the fifty-two week (52) period beginning on the day on which the child comes into the employee's care.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) above, at the request of an employee and at the discretion of the Employer, the leave referred to in the paragraphs (a) and (b) above may be taken in two periods.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b):
 - (i) where the employee's child is hospitalized within the period defined in the above paragraphs, and the employee has not yet proceeded on parental leave without pay,
 - or
 - (ii) where the employee has proceeded on parental leave without pay and then returns to work for all or part of the period during which his or her child is hospitalized,

the period of parental leave without pay specified in the original leave request may be extended by a period equal to that portion of the period of the child's hospitalization during which the employee was not on parental leave. However, the extension shall end not later than one hundred and four (104) weeks after the day on which the child comes into the employee's care.

- (e) An employee who intends to request parental leave without pay shall notify the Employer at least four (4) weeks in advance of the commencement date of such leave.
- (f) The Employer may:
 - (i) defer the commencement of parental leave without pay at the request of the employee;
 - (ii) grant the employee parental leave without pay with less than four (4) weeks' notice;
 - (iii) require an employee to submit a birth certificate or proof of adoption of the child.
- (g) Leave granted under this clause shall count for the calculation of "continuous employment" for the purpose of calculating severance pay and "service" for the purpose of calculating vacation leave. Time spent on such leave shall count for pay increment purposes.

17.07 Parental Allowance

- (a) An employee who has been granted parental leave without pay, shall be paid a parental allowance in accordance with the terms of the Supplemental Unemployment Benefit (SUB) Plan described in paragraphs (c) to (i), providing he or she:
 - (i) has completed six (6) months of continuous employment before the commencement of parental leave without pay,
 - (ii) provides the Employer with proof that he or she has applied for and is in receipt of parental, paternity or adoption benefits under the Employment Insurance or the Québec Parental Insurance Plan in respect of insurable employment with the Employer,

and

- (iii) has signed an agreement with the Employer stating that:
 - (A) the employee will return to work on the expiry date of his/her parental leave without pay, unless the return to work date is modified by the approval of another form of leave;
 - (B) following his or her return to work, as described in section (A), the employee will work for a period equal to the period the employee was in receipt of the parental allowance, in addition to the period of time referred to in section 17.04(a)(iii)(B), if applicable;
 - (C) should he or she fail to return to work in accordance with section (A) or should he or she return to work but fail to work the total period specified in section (B), for reasons other than death, lay-off, early termination due to lack of work or discontinuance of a function of a specified period of employment that would have been sufficient to meet the obligations specified in section (B), or having become disabled as defined in the *Public Service Superannuation Act*, he or she will be indebted to the Employer for an amount determined as follows:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{(allowance received)} \quad \times \quad \text{(remaining period to be worked} \\
 \text{following his/her return to work)} \\
 \hline
 \text{[total period to be worked} \\
 \text{as specified in (B)]}
 \end{array}$$

however, an employee whose specified period of employment expired and who is rehired in any portion of the Core Public Administration as specified in the *Public Service Labour Relations Act* within a period of ninety (90) days or less is not indebted for the amount if his or her new period of employment is sufficient to meet the obligations specified in section (B).

- (b) For the purpose of sections (a)(iii)(B), and (C), periods of leave with pay shall count as time worked. Periods of leave without pay during the employee's return to work will not be counted as time worked but shall interrupt the period referred to in section (a)(iii)(B), without activating the recovery provisions described in section (a)(iii)(C).

- (c) Parental Allowance payments made in accordance with the SUB Plan will consist of the following:
- (i) where an employee is subject to a waiting period of two (2) weeks before receiving Employment Insurance parental benefits, ninety-three per cent (93%) of his/her weekly rate of pay and the recruitment and retention “terminable allowance”, for each week of the waiting period, less any other monies earned during this period;
 - (ii) for each week the employee receives parental, adoption or paternity benefits under the Employment Insurance or the Québec Parental Insurance Plan, he or she is eligible to receive the difference between ninety-three per cent (93%) of his or her weekly rate of pay and the recruitment and retention “terminable allowance” and the parental, adoption or paternity benefit, less any other monies earned during this period which may result in a decrease in his/her parental, adoption or paternity benefit to which he or she would have been eligible if no extra monies had been earned during this period;
 - (iii) where an employee has received the full eighteen (18) weeks of maternity benefit and the full thirty-two (32) weeks of parental benefit under the Québec Parental Insurance Plan and thereafter remains on parental leave without pay, she is eligible to receive a further parental allowance for a period of two (2) weeks, ninety-three per cent (93%) of her weekly rate of pay and the recruitment and retention “terminable allowance” for each week, less any other monies earned during this period.
- (d) At the employee’s request, the payment referred to in subparagraph 17.07(c)(i) will be estimated and advanced to the employee. Adjustments will be made once the employee provides proof of receipt of Employment Insurance or Québec Parental Insurance Plan parental benefits.
- (e) The parental allowance to which an employee is entitled is limited to that provided in paragraph (c) and an employee will not be reimbursed for any amount that he or she is required to repay pursuant to the *Employment Insurance Act* or the *Parental Insurance Act* in Québec.

- (f) The weekly rate of pay referred to in paragraph (c) shall be:
 - (i) for a full-time employee, the employee's weekly rate of pay on the day immediately preceding the commencement of maternity or parental leave without pay;
 - (ii) for an employee who has been employed on a part-time or on a combined full-time and part-time basis during the six (6) month period preceding the commencement of maternity or parental leave without pay, the rate obtained by multiplying the weekly rate of pay in subparagraph (i) by the fraction obtained by dividing the employee's straight time earnings by the straight time earnings the employee would have earned working full-time during such period.
- (g) The weekly rate of pay referred to in paragraph (f) shall be the rate and the recruitment and retention "terminable allowance" to which the employee is entitled for the substantive level to which she or he is appointed.
- (h) Notwithstanding paragraph (g), and subject to subparagraph (f)(ii), if on the day immediately preceding the commencement of parental leave without pay an employee is performing an acting assignment for at least four (4) months, the weekly rate shall be the rate and the recruitment and retention "terminable allowance", the employee was being paid on that day.
- (i) Where an employee becomes eligible for a pay increment or pay revision that would increase the parental allowance, the allowance shall be adjusted accordingly.
- (j) Parental allowance payments made under the SUB Plan will neither reduce nor increase an employee's deferred remuneration or severance pay.
- (k) The maximum combined, shared maternity and parental allowances payable under this collective agreement shall not exceed fifty-two (52) weeks for each combined maternity and parental leave without pay.

17.08 Special Parental Allowance for Totally Disabled Employees

- (a) An employee who:

- (i) fails to satisfy the eligibility requirement specified in subparagraph 17.07(a)(ii) solely because a concurrent entitlement to benefits under the Disability Insurance (DI) Plan, the Long-Term Disability (LTD) Insurance portion of the Public Service Management Insurance Plan (PSMIP) or via the *Government Employees Compensation Act* prevents the employee from receiving Employment Insurance or Québec Parental Insurance Plan benefits;

and

- (ii) has satisfied all of the other eligibility criteria specified in subparagraph 17.07(a), other than those specified in sections (A) and (B) of subparagraph 17.07(a)(iii);

shall be paid, in respect of each week of benefits under the parental allowance not received for the reason described in subparagraph 17.08(a)(i), the difference between ninety-three per cent (93%) of the employee's rate of pay and the recruitment and retention "terminable allowance", and the gross amount of his or her weekly disability benefit under the DI Plan, the LTD Plan or via the *Government Employees Compensation Act*.

- (b) An employee shall be paid an allowance under this clause and under clause 17.07 for a combined period of no more than the number of weeks during which the employee would have been eligible for parental, paternity or adoption benefits under the Employment Insurance or the Québec Parental Insurance Plan, had the employee not been disqualified from Employment Insurance or Québec Parental Insurance Plan benefits for the reasons described in subparagraph 17.08(a)(i).

17.09 Leave without Pay for the Care of Immediate Family

Subject to operational requirements, an employee shall be granted leave without pay for family-related needs in accordance with the following conditions:

- (a) For the purpose of this clause, immediate family is defined as spouse (or common-law partner resident with the employee), children (including foster children or children of spouse or common-law partner) parents (including step-parents or foster parent) or any relative permanently residing in the employee's household or with whom the employee permanently resides.

- (b) Subject to paragraph (a), up to five (5) years leave without pay during an employee's total period of employment in the Public Service may be granted for the personal long-term care of the employee's family. Leave granted under this paragraph shall be for a minimum period of three (3) weeks.
- (c) An employee shall notify the Employer in writing as far in advance as possible but not less than four (4) weeks in advance of the commencement date of such leave, unless, because of urgent or unforeseeable circumstances, such notice cannot be given;
- (d) leave granted under this clause for a period of more than three (3) months shall be deducted from the calculation of continuous employment for the purposes of calculating severance pay and from the calculation of service for the purposes of calculating vacation leave;
- (e) time spent on such leave shall not be counted for pay increment purposes.

17.10 Leave without Pay for Personal Needs

Leave without pay will be granted for personal needs, in the following manner:

- (a) subject to operational requirements, leave without pay for a period of up to three (3) months will be granted to an employee for personal needs;
 - (b) subject to operational requirements, leave without pay of more than three (3) months but not exceeding one (1) year will be granted to an employee for personal needs;
- **
- (c) an employee is entitled to leave without pay for personal needs twice under each of (a) and (b) of this clause during his total period of employment in the Public Service. The second period of leave under each sub-clause can be granted provided that the employee has remained in the Public Service for a period of ten (10) years subsequent to the expiration of the first period of leave under the relevant paragraph;
 - (d) leave without pay granted under this clause may not be used in combination with maternity, parental leave without the consent of the Employer;

- (e) leave granted under (a) of this clause shall be counted for the calculation of continuous employment for the purpose of calculating severance pay and service for the purpose of calculating vacation leave. Time spent on such leave shall be counted for pay increment purposes;
- (f) leave without pay granted under (b) of this clause shall be deducted from the calculation of continuous employment for the purpose of calculating severance pay and service for the purpose of calculating vacation leave for the employee involved. Time spent on such leave shall not be counted for pay increment purposes.

17.11 Leave without Pay for Relocation of Spouse

- (a) At the request of an employee, leave without pay for a period of up to one (1) year shall be granted to an employee whose spouse or common-law partner is permanently relocated and up to five (5) years to an employee whose spouse or common-law partner is temporarily relocated.
- (b) Leave without pay granted under this clause shall be deducted from the calculation of continuous employment for the purpose of calculating severance pay and service for the purpose of calculating vacation leave for the employee involved except where the period of such leave is less than three (3) months. Time spent on such leave which is for a period of more than three (3) months shall not be counted for pay increment purposes.

17.12 Leave with Pay for Family-related Responsibilities

**

- (a) For the purpose of this clause, family is defined as spouse (or common-law partner resident with the employee); children (including foster children, step-children or children of spouse or common-law partner); parents (including step-parents or foster parents); or any relative permanently residing in the employee's household or with whom the employee permanently resides.
- (b) The Employer shall grant leave with pay under the following circumstances:
 - (i) an employee is expected to make every reasonable effort to schedule medical or dental appointments for family members to

minimize or preclude his absence from work, however, when alternative arrangements are not possible an employee shall be granted leave for a medical or dental appointment when the family member is incapable of attending the appointment by himself, or for appointments with appropriate authorities in schools or adoption agencies; an employee requesting leave under this provision must notify his supervisor of the appointment as far in advance as possible;

- (ii) leave with pay to provide for the immediate and temporary care of a sick or elderly member of the employee's family and to provide an employee with time to make alternative care arrangements where the illness is of a longer duration;
- (iii) leave with pay for needs directly related to the birth or to the adoption of the employee's child;

**

- (iv) seven decimal five (7.5) hours may be used:
 - (A) to attend school functions, if the supervisor was notified of the functions as far in advance as possible;
 - (B) to provide for the employee's child in the case of an unforeseeable closure of the school or daycare facility;
 - (C) to attend an appointment with a legal or paralegal representative for non-employment related matters or with a financial or other professional representative, if the supervisor was notified of the appointment as far in advance as possible.

**

- (c) The total leave with pay that may be granted under sub clauses 17.12(b)(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) shall not exceed thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours in a fiscal year.

17.13 Court Leave with Pay

Leave with pay shall be given to every employee, other than an employee already on leave without pay, on education leave, or under suspension who is required:

- (a) to be available for jury selection;

(b) to serve on a jury;

or

(c) by subpoena or summons to attend as a witness in any proceeding held:

**

(i) in or under the authority of a court of justice;

(ii) before a court, judge, justice, magistrate or coroner;

(iii) before the Senate or House of Commons of Canada or a committee of the Senate or House of Commons otherwise than in the performance of the duties of his position;

(iv) before a legislative council, legislative assembly or house of assembly, or any committee thereof that is authorized by law to compel the attendance of witnesses before it;

or

(v) before an arbitrator or umpire or a person or body of persons authorized by law to make an inquiry and to compel the attendance of witnesses before it.

17.14 Personnel Selection Leave with Pay

Where an employee participates in a personnel selection process, including the appeal process where applicable, for a position in the Public Service, as defined in the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*, the employee is entitled to leave with pay for the period during which the employee's presence is required for purposes of the selection process, and for such further period as the Employer considers reasonable for the employee to travel to and from the place where his presence is so required. This clause applies equally in respect of personnel selection processes related to deployment.

17.15 Injury-on-duty Leave with Pay

An employee shall be granted injury-on-duty leave with pay for such reasonable period as may be determined by the Employer where it is determined by a Provincial Workers' Compensation Board that he is unable to perform his duties because of:

- (a) personal injury accidentally received in the performance of his duties and not caused by the employee's wilful misconduct;
- (b) sickness resulting from the nature of his employment;
- or
- (c) exposure to hazardous conditions in the course of his employment;

if the employee agrees to pay to the Receiver General of Canada any amount received by him for loss of wages in settlement of any claim he may have in respect of such injury, sickness or exposure.

17.16 Leave with or without Pay for Other Reasons

At its discretion, the Employer may grant leave with or without pay for purposes other than those specified in this Agreement.

17.17 Volunteer Leave

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Subject to operational requirements as determined by the Employer and with an advance notice of at least five (5) working days, the employee shall be granted, in each fiscal year, two (2) periods of up to three decimal seven five (3.75) hours each of leave with pay to work as a volunteer for a charitable or community organization or activity, other than for activities related to the Government of Canada Workplace Charitable Campaign.

The leave will be scheduled at times convenient to both the employee and the Employer. Nevertheless, the Employer shall make every reasonable effort to grant the leave at such times as the employee may request.

17.18 Personal Leave

**

Subject to operational requirements as determined by the Employer and with an advance notice of at least five (5) working days, the employee shall be granted, in each fiscal year, two (2) periods of up to three decimal seven five (3.75) hours each of leave with pay for reasons of a personal nature.

The leave will be scheduled at times convenient to both the employee and the Employer. Nevertheless, the Employer shall make every reasonable effort to grant the leave at such times as the employee may request.

ARTICLE 18

CAREER DEVELOPMENT

18.01 General

The parties recognize that in order to maintain and enhance professional expertise, employees, from time to time, need to have an opportunity to attend or participate in career development activities described in this Article.

18.02 Education Leave

- (a) An employee may be granted education leave without pay for varying periods up to one (1) year, which can be renewed by mutual agreement, to attend a recognized institution for additional or special studies in some field of education in which special preparation is needed to enable him to fill his present role more adequately, or to undertake studies in some field in order to provide a service which the Employer requires or is planning to provide.
- (b) An employee on education leave without pay under this Article may receive an allowance in lieu of salary of up to one hundred per cent (100%) of the employee's annual rate of pay, depending on the degree to which the education leave is deemed, by the Employer, to be relevant to organizational requirements. Where the employee receives a grant, bursary or scholarship, the education leave allowance may be reduced. In such cases, the amount of the reduction shall not exceed the amount of the grant, bursary or scholarship.
- (c) Allowances already being received by the employee may, at the discretion of the Employer, be continued during the period of the education leave. The employee shall be notified when the leave is approved whether such allowances are to be continued in whole or in part.
- (d) As a condition to the granting of education leave, an employee shall, if required, give a written undertaking prior to the commencement of the leave to return to the service of the Employer for a period of not less than the period of the leave granted. If the employee, except with the permission of the Employer:
 - (i) fails to complete the course;

- (ii) does not resume employment with the Employer on completion of the course;

or

- (iii) ceases to be employed, except by reason of death or lay-off, before termination of the period he has undertaken to serve after completion of the course;

he shall repay the Employer all allowances paid to him under this clause during the education leave or such lesser sum as shall be determined by the Employer.

18.03 Attendance at Conferences, Conventions and Courses

- (a) Career development refers to an activity which is, in the opinion of the Employer, likely to be of assistance to the employee in furthering career development and to the organization in achieving its goals. The following activities shall be deemed to be part of career development:
 - (i) a course given by the Employer;
 - (ii) a course offered by a recognized academic institution;
 - (iii) a seminar, convention or study session in a specialized field directly related to the employee's work.
- (b) The parties to this Agreement recognize that the attendance or participation at conferences, conventions, symposia, workshops and other gathering of a similar nature contributes to the maintenance of high professional standards.
- (c) In order to benefit from an exchange of knowledge and experience, an employee shall have the opportunity on occasion to attend conferences and conventions that are related to his field of specialization, subject to operational requirements.
- (d) The Employer may grant leave with pay and reasonable expenses including registration fees to attend such gatherings, subject to budgetary and operational constraints.

- (e) An employee who attends a conference or convention at the request of the Employer to represent the interests of the Employer shall be deemed to be on duty and, as required, in travel status. The Employer shall pay the registration fees of the convention or conference the employee is required to attend.
- (f) An employee invited to participate in a conference or convention in an official capacity, such as to present a formal address or to give a course related to his field of employment, may be granted leave with pay for this purpose and may, in addition, be reimbursed for his payment of convention or conference registration fees and reasonable travel expenses.
- (g) An employee shall not be entitled to any compensation under Article 8, Overtime, and 13, Travelling Time, in respect of hours he is in attendance at or travelling to or from a conference or convention under the provisions of this clause, except as provided by paragraph 18.03(e).

18.04 Professional Development

- (a) The parties to this Agreement share a desire to improve professional standards by giving employees the opportunity, on occasion, to:
 - (i) participate in workshops, short courses or similar out-service programs to keep up-to-date with knowledge and skills in their respective fields;
 - (ii) conduct research or perform work related to their normal research programs in institutions or locations other than those of the Employer;
 - (iii) carry out research in the employee's field of specialization not specifically related to his assigned work projects when, in the opinion of the Employer, such research is needed to enable the employee to fill his present role more adequately.
- (b) Subject to the Employer's approval, an employee shall receive leave with pay in order to participate in the activities described in paragraph 18.04(a).
- (c) An employee may apply at any time for professional development under this clause, and the Employer may select an employee at any time for such professional development.

- (d) When the Employer selects an employee for professional development under this clause, the Employer will consult with the employee before determining the location and duration of the program of work or studies to be undertaken.
- (e) An employee selected for professional development under this clause shall continue to receive his normal compensation including any increase for which he may become eligible. The employee shall not be entitled to any compensation under Articles 8, Overtime, and 13, Travelling Time, while on professional development under this clause.
- (f) An employee on professional development under this clause may be reimbursed for reasonable travel expenses and such other additional expenses, as the Employer deems appropriate.

18.05

- (a) The Employer shall establish selection criteria for granting leave under clauses 18.02, 18.03 and 18.04. Upon request, a copy of these criteria will be provided to an employee and/or the Institute representative.
- (b) The parties to this Collective Agreement acknowledge the mutual benefits to be derived from consultation on career development. To this effect, the issue of career development will be a standing item for discussion at all levels, where regular Joint Consultation meetings occur (as per Article 35, Joint Consultation).

18.06 Examination Leave with Pay

Leave with pay may be granted to an employee for the purpose of writing an examination that will require the employee's absence during his normal hours of work. Such leave will be granted only where in the opinion of the Employer the course of study is directly related to the employee's duties or will improve his qualifications.

18.07 Joint Institute/Treasury Board Career Development Committee

- (a) In addition to consultation on career development at the departmental level referred to in clause 18.05, the representatives of the Employer and the Institute will attempt to meet on a quarterly basis under the auspices of a joint Institute/Treasury Board Career Development Committee. Topics addressed shall include, but are not limited to type, frequency, access and adequacy of career development.

- (b) In establishing this committee, it is understood by the parties that Departments are responsible for the application of the policies related to Career Development.
- (c) It is understood that no commitment may be made by either party on a subject that is not within their authority or jurisdiction, nor shall any commitment made be construed as to alter, amend, add to or modify the terms of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 19

SEVERANCE PAY

**

Effective date of signing, paragraphs 19.01(b) and (c) are deleted from the collective agreement.

19.01 Under the following circumstances and subject to clause 19.02, an employee shall receive severance benefits calculated on the basis of his weekly rate of pay:

(a) Lay-Off

**

- (i) On the first (1st) lay-off after June 20, 1969, for the first (1st) complete year of continuous employment, two (2) weeks' pay, or three (3) weeks' pay for employees with ten (10) or more and less than twenty (20) years of continuous employment, or four (4) weeks' pay for employees with twenty (20) or more years of continuous employment, plus one (1) week's pay for each additional complete year of continuous employment, and, in the case of a partial year of continuous employment, one (1) week's pay multiplied by the number of days of continuous employment divided by three hundred and sixty-five (365).
- (ii) On second (2nd) or subsequent lay-off after June 20, 1969, one (1) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment and, in the case of a partial year of continuous employment, one (1) week's pay multiplied by the number of days of continuous employment divided by three hundred and sixty-five (365), less any period in respect of which he was granted severance pay under subclause 19.01(a)(i) above.

(b) Resignation

On resignation, subject to paragraph 19.01(c) and with ten (10) or more years of continuous employment, one-half (1/2) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment up to a maximum of twenty-six (26) years with a maximum benefit of thirteen (13) weeks' pay.

(c) Retirement

(i) On retirement, when an employee is entitled to an immediate annuity or to an immediate annual allowance, under the *Public Service Superannuation Act*;

or

(ii) a part-time employee, who regularly works more than thirteen decimal five (13.5) but less than thirty (30) hours a week, and who, if he were a contributor under the *Public Service Superannuation Act*, would be entitled to an immediate annuity thereunder, or would have been entitled to an immediate annual allowance if he were a contributor under the *Public Service Superannuation Act*;

one (1) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment and, in the case of a partial year of continuous employment, one (1) week's pay multiplied by the number of days of continuous employment divided by three hundred and sixty-five (365), to a maximum benefit of thirty (30) weeks' pay.

(d) Death

If an employee dies, there shall be paid to the employee's estate a severance payment in respect of the employee's complete period of continuous employment, comprised of one (1) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment and, in the case of a partial year of continuous employment, one (1) week's pay multiplied by the number of days of continuous employment divided by three hundred and sixty-five (365), to a maximum of thirty (30) weeks' pay, regardless of any other benefit payable.

(e) Rejection on Probation

On rejection on probation, when an employee has completed more than one (1) year of continuous employment and ceases to be employed by reason of rejection during a probationary period, he shall be paid severance pay equal to the amount obtained by multiplying his weekly rate of pay on termination of employment by the number of completed years of his continuous employment to a maximum of twenty-seven (27) weeks less any period in respect of which he was granted severance pay, retiring leave or a cash gratuity in lieu of retiring leave.

(f) Termination for Cause for Reasons of Incapacity or Incompetence

- (i) When an employee has completed more than one (1) year of continuous employment and ceases to be employed by reason of termination for cause for reasons of incapacity, pursuant to section 12(1)(e) of the *Financial Administration Act*, one (1) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment to a maximum of twenty-eight (28) weeks.
- (ii) When an employee has completed more than ten (10) years of continuous employment and ceases to be employed by reason of termination for cause for reasons of incompetence, pursuant to the provisions of section 12(1)(d) of the *Financial Administration Act*, one (1) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment with a maximum benefit of twenty-eight (28) weeks.

**

19.02 The period of continuous employment used in the calculation of severance benefits payable to an employee under this Article shall be reduced by any period of continuous employment in respect of which the employee was already granted severance pay, retiring leave or a cash gratuity in lieu of retiring leave. Under no circumstances shall the maximum severance pay provided under this article be pyramided.

**

For greater certainty, payments made pursuant to 19.05 to 19.08 or similar provisions in other collective agreements shall be considered as a termination benefit for the administration of 19.02.

19.03 The weekly rate of pay referred to in the above clauses shall be the weekly rate of pay to which the employee is entitled for the classification and level prescribed in his certificate of appointment on the date of the termination of his employment.

19.04 Appointment To A Separate Agency

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An employee who resigns to accept an appointment with an organization listed in Schedule V of the *Financial Administration Act* shall be paid all severance payments resulting from the application of 19.01(b) (prior to date of signing) or 19.05 – 19.08 (commencing date of signing.)

**

19.05 Severance Termination

- (a) Subject to 19.02 above, indeterminate employees on date of signing shall be entitled to severance termination benefits equal to one (1) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment and, in the case of a partial year of continuous employment, one (1) week's pay multiplied by the number of days of continuous employment divided by three hundred and sixty-five (365), to a maximum of thirty (30) weeks.
- (b) Subject to 19.02 above, term employees on date of signing shall be entitled to severance termination benefits equal to one (1) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment, to a maximum of thirty (30) weeks.

**

Terms of Payment

**

19.06 Options

The amount to which an employee is entitled shall be paid, at the employee's discretion, either:

- (a) as a single payment at the rate of pay of the employee's substantive position as of date of signing,
- or

- (b) as a single payment at the time of the employee's termination of employment from the core public administration, based on the rate of pay of the employee's substantive position at the date of termination of employment from the core public administration,

or

- (c) as a combination of (a) and (b), pursuant to 19.07(c).

**

19.07 Selection of Option

- (a) The Employer will advise the employee of his or her years of continuous employment no later than three (3) months following the official date of signing of the collective agreement.
- (b) The employee shall advise the Employer of the term of payment option selected within six (6) months from the official date of signing of the collective agreement.
- (c) The employee who opts for the option described in 19.06(c) must specify the number of complete weeks to be paid out pursuant to 19.06(a) and the remainder shall be paid out pursuant to 19.06(b).
- (d) An employee who does not make a selection under 19.07(b) will be deemed to have chosen option 19.06(b).

**

19.08 Appointment from a Different Bargaining Unit

This clause applies in a situation where an employee is appointed into a position in the CS bargaining unit from a position outside the CS bargaining unit where, at the date of appointment, provisions similar to those in 19.01(b) and (c) are still in force, unless the appointment is only on an acting basis.

- (a) Subject to 19.02 above, on the date an indeterminate employee becomes subject to this Agreement after date of signing, he or she shall be entitled to severance termination benefits equal to one (1) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment and, in the case of a partial year of continuous employment, one (1) week's pay multiplied by the number of days of continuous employment divided by three hundred and sixty-five (365), to a maximum of thirty (30) weeks, based on the

employee's rate of pay of his substantive position on the day preceding the appointment.

- (b) Subject to 19.02 above, on the date a term employee becomes subject to this Agreement after date of signing, he or she shall be entitled to severance termination benefits equal to one (1) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment, to a maximum of thirty (30) weeks, based on the employee's rate of pay of his substantive position on the day preceding the appointment.
- (c) An employee entitled to severance termination benefits under paragraph (a) or (b) shall have the same choice of options outlined in 19.06, however the selection of which option must be made within three (3) months of being appointed to the bargaining unit.
- (d) An employee who does not make a selection under 19.08(c) will be deemed to have chosen option 19.06(b).

ARTICLE 20

RECLASSIFICATION AND STATEMENT OF DUTIES

20.01 If, during the term of this Agreement, a new classification standard is established and implemented by the Employer, the Employer shall, before applying rates of pay to the new levels resulting from the application of the standard, negotiate with the Institute the rates of pay and the rules affecting the pay of employees on their movement to the new levels.

20.02 Upon written request, an employee shall be entitled to a complete and current statement of duties and responsibilities of his position including the position's classification level and point rating allotted by factor and an organization chart depicting the position's place in the organization.

ARTICLE 21

LABOUR DISPUTES

21.01 If employees are prevented from performing their duties because of a strike or lockout on the premises of another employer, the employees shall report the matter to the Employer and the Employer will make reasonable efforts to ensure, so long as work is available, that such employees are appropriately

employed elsewhere and that they shall receive the regular pay and benefits to which they would normally be entitled.

ARTICLE 22
SAFETY AND HEALTH

22.01 The Employer shall continue to make all reasonable provisions for the occupational safety and health of employees. The Employer will welcome suggestions on the subject from the Institute and the parties undertake to consult with a view to adopting and expeditiously carrying out reasonable procedures and techniques designed or intended to prevent or reduce the risk of employment injury.

22.02 The Employer shall continue to provide, where economically and administratively feasible, working accommodation and facilities to meet the special requirements of computer systems services and the Employer agrees to consult with the Institute for the purpose of considering expeditiously the Institute's suggestions on the subject.

ARTICLE 23
TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGE

23.01 The parties have agreed that in cases where, as a result of technological change, the services of an employee are no longer required beyond a specified date because of lack of work or the discontinuance of a function, the Workforce Adjustment Agreement in Appendix "E" concluded by the parties will apply. In all other cases, the following clauses will apply.

23.02 In this Article Technological Change means:

- (a) the introduction by the Employer of equipment or material of a substantially different nature than that previously utilized which will result in significant changes in the employment status or working conditions of employees;

or

- (b) a major change in the Employer's operation directly related to the introduction of that equipment or material which will result in significant

changes in the employment status or working conditions of the employees.

23.03 Both parties recognize the overall advantages of technological change and will, therefore, encourage and promote technological change in the Employer's operations. Where technological change is to be implemented, the Employer will seek ways and means of minimizing adverse effects on employees which might result from such changes.

23.04 The Employer agrees to provide as much advance notice as is practicable but, except in cases of emergency, not less than one hundred and twenty (120) days written notice to the Institute of the introduction or implementation of technological change.

23.05 The written notice provided for in clause 23.04 will provide the following information:

- (a) the nature and degree of change;
- (b) the anticipated date or dates on which the Employer plans to effect change;
- and
- (c) the location or locations involved.

23.06 As soon as reasonably practicable after notice is given under clause 23.04, the Employer shall consult meaningfully with the Institute concerning the effects of the technological change referred to in clause 23.04 on each group of employees. Such consultation will include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- (a) the approximate number, class and location of employees likely to be affected by the change;
- (b) the effect the change may be expected to have on working conditions or terms and conditions of employment on employees.

23.07 When, as a result of technological change, the Employer determines that an employee requires new skills or knowledge in order to perform the duties of his substantive position, the Employer will make every reasonable effort to provide the necessary training during the employee's working hours and at no cost to the employee.

PART 3 - LABOUR RELATIONS MATTERS

ARTICLE 24

RECOGNITION

24.01 The Employer recognizes the Institute as the exclusive bargaining agent for all employees described in the certificate issued by the former Public Service Staff Relations Board on the eleventh (11th) day of March 1969, and as amended on December 13, 1977 and June 1, 1999, covering employees of the Computer Systems Group.

24.02 The Employer recognizes that it is a proper function and a right of the Institute to bargain with a view to arriving at a collective agreement and the Employer and the Institute agree to bargain in good faith, in accordance with the provisions of the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*.

ARTICLE 25

UNION DUES

25.01 Subject to the provisions of this Article, the Employer will, as a condition of employment, deduct an amount equal to the monthly membership dues from the pay of all employees in the bargaining unit.

Where no dues deductions are made from an employee's salary in respect of any given month as a result of the employee not earning any pay in that month or not earning sufficient pay to permit dues deductions to be made, the Employer shall not be required to make deductions from that employee's subsequent salary in respect of the month referred to above.

25.02 The Institute shall inform the Employer in writing of the authorized monthly deduction to be checked off for each employee defined in clause 25.01.

25.03 For the purpose of applying clause 25.01, deductions from pay for each employee in respect of each month will start with the first (1st) full month of employment to the extent that earnings are available.

**

25.04 An employee who satisfies the Institute as to the bona fides of his or her claim and declares in an affidavit that he is a member of a religious organisation whose doctrine prevents him as a matter of conscience from making financial contributions to an employee organisation and that he will make contributions to a

charitable organisation registered pursuant to the *Income Tax Act*, equal to dues, shall not be subject to this Article, provided that the affidavit submitted by the employee is countersigned by an official representative of the religious organisation involved. The Institute will inform the Employer accordingly.

25.05 No employee organization, as defined in section 2 of the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*, other than the Institute, shall be permitted to have membership dues and/or other moneys deducted by the Employer from the pay of employees in the bargaining unit.

25.06 The amounts deducted in accordance with clause 25.01 shall be remitted to the Institute by cheque within a reasonable period of time after deductions are made and shall be accompanied by particulars identifying each employee and the deductions made on his behalf.

25.07 The Employer agrees to continue the past practice of making deductions for other purposes on the basis of the production of appropriate documentation.

25.08 The Institute agrees to indemnify and save the Employer harmless against any claim or liability arising out of the application of this Article, except for any claim or liability arising out of an error committed by the Employer, in which case the liability shall be limited to the amount of the error.

ARTICLE 26

USE OF EMPLOYER FACILITIES

26.01 Access by an Institute Representative

An accredited representative of the Institute may be permitted access to the Employer's premises on stated Institute business and to attend meetings called by management. Permission to enter the premises shall, in each case, be obtained from the Employer.

26.02 Bulletin Boards

Reasonable space on bulletin boards, including electronic bulletin boards where available, will be made available to the Institute for the posting of official notices in convenient locations determined by the Employer and the Institute. Notices or other material shall require the prior approval of the Employer, except notices relating to the business affairs of the Institute, including the names of the Institute representatives, and social and recreational events. The Employer shall have the

right to refuse the posting of any information that it considers adverse to its interests or to the interests of any of its representatives. Such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

26.03 Institute Literature

The Employer shall continue its present practice of making available to the Institute specific locations on its premises for the placement of reasonable quantities of literature of the Institute.

**ARTICLE 27
INFORMATION**

27.01 The Employer agrees to provide the Institute, on a quarterly basis, with a list of all employees in the bargaining unit. The list referred to herein shall include the name, employing department, geographical location and classification of the employee and shall be provided within one month following the termination of each quarter. As soon as practicable, the Employer agrees to add to the above list the date of appointment for new employees.

27.02 The Employer agrees to supply each employee with a copy of the Collective Agreement and any amendments thereto.

27.03 Upon written request of an employee, the Employer shall make available at a mutually satisfactory time National Joint Council Agreements listed in clause 34.03 which have a direct bearing on the requesting employee's terms and conditions of employment.

27.04 The Employer agrees to distribute to each new employee an information package prepared and supplied by the Institute. Such information package shall require the prior approval of the Employer. The Employer shall have the right to refuse to distribute any information that it considers adverse to its interests or to the interests of any of its representatives.

**ARTICLE 28
STEWARDS**

28.01 The Employer acknowledges the exclusive right of the Institute to appoint stewards from amongst the members of the bargaining unit for which the Institute is the certified bargaining agent.

28.02 The Employer and the Institute shall, by mutual agreement, determine the area of jurisdiction of each steward, having regard to the plan of organization and the distribution of employees.

28.03 The Institute shall inform the Employer promptly and in writing of the names of its stewards, their jurisdiction, and of any subsequent changes.

28.04 A steward shall obtain the permission of his immediate supervisor before leaving his work to investigate with fellow employees complaints of an urgent nature, to meet with local management for the purpose of dealing with such complaints or problems, and to attend meetings called by management. Such permission shall not be unreasonably withheld. After the Steward resumes his duties, he shall so notify his supervisor as soon as practicable.

28.05 The Institute shall have the opportunity to have an employee representative introduced to new employees as part of the Employer's formal orientation programs, where they exist.

ARTICLE 29

LEAVE FOR LABOUR RELATIONS MATTERS

29.01 Public Service Labour Relations Board Hearings

(1) *Complaints made to the Public Service Labour Relations Board pursuant to Section 190(1) of the Public Service Labour Relations Act*

Where operational requirements permit, in cases of complaints made to the Public Service Labour Relations board pursuant to section 190(1) of the PSLRA alleging a breach of sections 157, 186(1)(a), 186(1)(b), 186(2)(a)(i), 186(2)(b), 187, 188(a) or 189(1) of the PSLRA, the Employer will grant leave with pay:

- (a) to an employee who makes a complaint on his own behalf before the Public Service Labour Relations Board;
- and
- (b) to an employee who acts on behalf of an employee making a complaint, or who acts on behalf of the Institute making a complaint.

(2) Applications for Certification, Representations and Interventions with respect to Applications for Certification

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave without pay:

- (a) to an employee who represents the Institute in an application for certification or in an intervention;

and

- (b) to an employee who makes personal representations with respect to a certification.

(3) Employee called as a Witness

The Employer will grant leave with pay:

- (a) to an employee called as a witness by the Public Service Labour Relations Board;

and

- (b) where operational requirements permit, to an employee called as a witness by an employee or the Institute.

29.02 Arbitration Board Hearings, Public Interest Commission Hearings and Alternate Dispute Resolution Process

(1) Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave with pay to an employee representing the Institute before an Arbitration Board, Public Interest Commission or an Alternate Dispute Resolution Process.

(2) Employee called as a Witness

The Employer will grant leave with pay to an employee called as a witness by an Arbitration Board, Public Interest Commission or an Alternate Dispute Resolution Process and, where operational requirements permit, leave with pay to an employee called as a witness by the Institute.

29.03 Adjudication

(1) *Employee who is a Party*

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave with pay to an employee who is a party.

(2) *Employee who Acts as Representative*

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave with pay to the representative of an employee who is a party.

(3) *Employee called as a Witness*

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave with pay to a witness called by an employee who is a party.

29.04 Meetings During the Grievance Process

(1) *Employee Presenting Grievance*

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant to an employee:

- (a) where the Employer originates a meeting with the employee who has presented the grievance, leave with pay when the meeting is held in the headquarters area of such employee and on duty status when the meeting is held outside the headquarters area of such employee;

and

- (b) where an employee who has presented a grievance seeks to meet with the Employer, leave with pay to the employee when the meeting is held in the headquarters area of such employee and leave without pay when the meeting is held outside the headquarters area of such employee.

(2) *Employee who Acts as Representative*

Where an employee wishes to represent at a meeting with the Employer, an employee who has presented a grievance, the Employer will, where operational requirements permit, grant leave with pay to the representative when the meeting is held in the headquarters area of such employee and leave without pay when the meeting is held outside the headquarters area of such employee.

(3) Grievance Investigations

Where an employee has asked or is obliged to be represented by the Institute in relation to the presentation of a grievance and an employee acting on behalf of the Institute wishes to discuss the grievance with that employee, the employee and the representative of the employee will, where operational requirements permit, be given reasonable leave with pay for this purpose when the discussion takes place in the headquarters area of such employee and leave without pay when it takes place outside the headquarters area of such employee.

29.05 Contract Negotiations Meetings

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave without pay to an employee for the purpose of attending contract negotiations meetings on behalf of the Institute.

29.06 Preparatory Contract Negotiations Meetings

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave without pay to an employee to attend preparatory contract negotiations meetings.

29.07 Meetings Between the Institute and Management

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave with pay to an employee who is meeting with management on behalf of the Institute.

29.08 Institute Official Meetings and Conventions

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave without pay to a reasonable number of employees to attend meetings and conventions provided in the constitution and by-laws of the Institute.

29.09 Representatives' Training Courses

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave without pay to employees who exercise the authority of a representative on behalf of the Institute to undertake training related to the duties of a representative.

29.10 Determination of Leave Status

Where the status of leave requested cannot be determined until the Public Service Labour Relations Board or an adjudicator has given a decision, leave without pay will be granted pending final determination of the appropriate leave status.

**ARTICLE 30
CONTRACTING OUT**

30.01 The Employer will continue past practice in giving all reasonable consideration to continued employment in the Public Service of employees who would otherwise become redundant because work is contracted out.

30.02 The Employer will make every reasonable effort to ensure that any reduction in the workforce will be accomplished through attrition, subject to the willingness and capacity of individual employees to accept relocation and retraining.

**ARTICLE 31
ILLEGAL STRIKES**

31.01 The *Public Service Labour Relations Act* provides penalties for engaging in illegal strikes. Both parties agree that disciplinary action may also be taken, which will include penalties up to and including termination of employment, for participation in an illegal strike as defined in the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*.

**ARTICLE 32
INTERPRETATION OF AGREEMENT**

32.01 The parties agree that, in the event of a dispute arising out of the interpretation of a clause or Article in this Agreement, it is desirable that the parties should meet within a reasonable time and seek to resolve the problem. This Article does not prevent an employee from availing himself of the grievance procedure provided in this Agreement.

**ARTICLE 33
GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE**

33.01 In cases of alleged misinterpretation or misapplication arising out of Agreements concluded by the National Joint Council of the Public Service on items which may be included in a Collective Agreement and which the parties to

this Agreement have endorsed, the grievance procedure will be in accordance with Section 15 of the NJC by-laws.

33.02 Individual Grievances

Subject to and as provided in section 208 of the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*, an employee may present an individual grievance to the Employer if he or she feels aggrieved:

- (a) by the interpretation or application, in respect of the employee, of
 - (i) a provision of a statute or regulation, or of a direction or other instrument made or issued by the Employer, that deals with terms and conditions of employment;
 - or
 - (ii) a provision of the collective agreement or an arbitral award;
- or
- (b) as a result of any occurrence or matter affecting his or her terms and conditions of employment.

33.03 Group Grievances

Subject to and as provided in section 215 of the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*, the Institute may present a group grievance to the Employer on behalf of employees in the bargaining unit who feel aggrieved by the interpretation or application, common in respect of those employees, of a provision of the collective agreement or an arbitral award.

- (a) In order to present a group grievance, the Institute must first obtain the written consent of each of the employees concerned.
- (b) A group grievance must relate to employees in a single portion of the Federal Public Administration.

33.04 Policy Grievances

Subject to and as provided in section 220 of the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*, the Institute or the Employer may present a policy grievance in respect of the interpretation or application of the collective agreement or an arbitral award.

A policy grievance may be presented by the Institute only at the final step of the grievance procedure, to an authorized representative of the Employer. The Employer shall inform the Institute of the name, title and address of this representative.

The grievance procedure for a policy grievance by the Employer shall also be composed of a single step, with the grievance presented to an authorized representative of the Institute. The Institute shall inform the Employer of the name, title and address of this representative.

33.05

- (a) For the purposes of this Article, a grievor is an employee or, in the case of a group or policy grievance, a steward, Institute staff person or other authorized representative appointed by the Institute.
- (b) No person shall seek by intimidation, by threat of dismissal or by any other kind of threat to cause a grievor to abandon a grievance or refrain from exercising the right to present a grievance, as provided in this Collective Agreement.
- (c) The parties recognize the value of informal discussion between employees and their supervisors and between the Institute and the Employer to the end that problems might be resolved without recourse to a formal grievance. When notice is given that an employee or the Institute, within the time limits prescribed in clause 33.12, wishes to take advantage of this clause, it is agreed that the period between the initial discussion and the final response shall not count as elapsed time for the purpose of grievance time limits.

33.06 A grievor wishing to present a grievance at any prescribed step in the grievance procedure, shall transmit this grievance to the employee's immediate supervisor or local officer-in-charge who shall forthwith:

- (a) forward the grievance to the representative of the Employer authorized to deal with grievances at the appropriate step,
and
- (b) provide the grievor with a receipt stating the date on which the grievance was received.

33.07 A grievance shall not be deemed to be invalid by reason only of the fact that it is not in accordance with the form supplied by the Employer.

33.08 Subject to and as provided for in the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*, a grievor who feels treated unjustly or aggrieved by an action or lack of action by the Employer in matters other than those arising from the classification process is entitled to present a grievance in the manner prescribed in clause 33.06, except that:

- (a) where there is another administrative procedure provided by or under any Act of Parliament to deal with the grievor's specific complaint such procedure must be followed,

and
- (b) where the grievance relates to the interpretation or application of this Collective Agreement or an Arbitral Award, an employee is not entitled to present the grievance unless he has the approval of and is represented by the Institute.

33.09 There shall be three (3) steps in the grievance procedure. These levels shall be as follows:

- (a) Step 1 - first level of management;
- (b) Step 2 - intermediate level;
- (c) Final Step - Chief Executive or an authorized representative.

33.10 The Employer shall designate a representative at each step in the grievance procedure and shall inform each employee to whom the procedure applies of the name or title of the person so designated together with the name or title and address of the immediate supervisor or local officer-in-charge to whom a grievance is to be presented.

This information shall be communicated to employees by means of notices posted by the Employer in places where such notices are most likely to come to the attention of the employees to whom the grievance procedure applies, or otherwise as determined by agreement between the Employer and the Institute.

33.11 An employee who so desires, may be assisted and/or represented by the Institute when presenting a grievance at any step. The Institute shall have the right to consult with the Employer with respect to a grievance at each or any step of the grievance procedure.

33.12 A grievor may present a grievance to the first step of the procedure in the manner prescribed in clause 33.06, not later than the twenty-fifth (25th) day after the date on which the grievor is notified or on which the grievor first becomes aware of the action or circumstances giving rise to the grievance. The Employer may present a policy grievance in the manner prescribed in clause 33.04 not later than the twenty-fifth (25th) day after the date on which the Employer is notified orally or in writing or on which the Employer first becomes aware of the action or circumstances giving rise to the policy grievance.

33.13 A grievor may present a grievance at each succeeding step in the grievance procedure beyond the first step either:

- (a) where the decision or settlement is not satisfactory to the grievor, within ten (10) days after that decision or settlement has been conveyed in writing to the grievor by the Employer,

or

- (b) where the Employer has not conveyed a decision to the grievor within the time prescribed in clause 33.14, within fifteen (15) days after presentation by the grievor of the grievance at the previous step.

33.14 The Employer shall normally reply to a grievance at any step of the grievance procedure, except the final step, within ten (10) days after the grievance is presented, and within twenty (20) days where the grievance is presented at the final step except in the case of a policy grievance, to which the Employer shall normally respond within thirty (30) days. The Institute shall normally reply to a policy grievance presented by the Employer within thirty (30) days.

33.15 Where an employee has been represented by the Institute in the presentation of the employee's grievance, the Employer will provide the appropriate representative of the Institute with a copy of the Employer's decision at each step of the grievance procedure at the same time that the Employer's decision is conveyed to the employee.

33.16 Where a grievance has been presented up to and including the final step in the grievance process, and the grievance is not one that may be referred to adjudication, the decision on the grievance taken at the final step in the grievance process is final and binding and no further action may be taken under the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*.

33.17 In determining the time within which any action is to be taken as prescribed in this procedure, Saturdays, Sundays and designated paid holidays shall be excluded.

33.18 Where the provisions of clause 33.06 cannot be complied with and it is necessary to present a grievance by mail, the grievance shall be deemed to have been presented on the day on which it is postmarked and it shall be deemed to have been received by the Employer on the day it is delivered to the appropriate office of the department or agency concerned. Similarly, the Employer shall be deemed to have delivered a reply at any step on the date on which the letter containing the reply is postmarked, but the time limit within which the grievor may present the grievance at the next higher step shall be calculated from the date on which the Employer's reply was delivered to the address shown on the grievance form.

33.19 The time limits stipulated in this procedure may be extended by mutual agreement between the Employer and the grievor and, where appropriate the Institute representative, except as provided in clause 33.21.

33.20 Where it appears that the nature of the grievance is such that a decision cannot be given below a particular step of authority, any or all the steps except the final step may be eliminated by agreement of the Employer and the grievor, and, where applicable, the Institute.

33.21 Where the Employer demotes or terminates an employee pursuant to paragraph 12(1)(c), (d) or (e) of the *Financial Administration Act*, the grievance procedure set forth in this Agreement shall apply except that:

- (a) the grievance may be presented at the final step only,
and
- (b) the twenty (20) day time limit within which the Employer is to reply at the final step may be extended to a maximum of forty (40) days by mutual agreement of the Employer and the appropriate representative of the Institute.

33.22 A grievor may by written notice to the immediate supervisor or officer-in-charge abandon a grievance.

33.23 Any grievor who fails to present a grievance to the next higher step within the prescribed time limits shall be deemed to have abandoned the grievance unless, due to circumstances beyond the grievor's control, the grievor was unable to comply with the prescribed time limits.

33.24 Where a grievance has been presented up to and including the final step in the grievance procedure with respect to:

- (a) the interpretation or application of a provision of this Collective Agreement or related Arbitral Award,

or

- (b) termination of employment or demotion pursuant to paragraph 12(1)(c), (d) or (e) of the *Financial Administration Act*,

or

- (c) disciplinary action resulting in suspension or financial penalty,

and the grievance has not been resolved, it may be referred to adjudication in accordance with the provisions of the *Public Service Labour Relations Act* and *Regulations*.

33.25 Where a grievance that may be presented by an employee to adjudication is a grievance relating to the interpretation or application in respect of the employee of a provision of this Agreement or an Arbitral Award, the employee is not entitled to refer the grievance to adjudication unless the Institute signifies in prescribed manner:

- (a) its approval of the reference of the grievance to adjudication,

and

- (b) its willingness to represent the employee in the adjudication proceedings.

33.26 Expedited Adjudication

The parties agree that any adjudicable grievance may be referred to the following expedited adjudication process:

The Professional Institute of the Public Service of Canada and the Treasury Board Secretariat agree to establish a process of expedited adjudication, which may be reviewed at any time by the parties and the Public Service Labour Relations Board (PSLRB). The framework is set out below.

- (a) At the request of either party, a grievance that has been referred to adjudication may be dealt with through expedited adjudication with the consent of both parties.
- (b) Future cases may be identified for this process by either party, subject to the consent of the parties.
- (c) When the parties agree that a particular grievance will proceed through expedited adjudication, the Institute will submit to the PSLRB the consent form signed by the grievor or the bargaining agent.
- (d) The parties may proceed with or without an agreed statement of facts. When the parties arrive at an agreed statement of facts it will be submitted to the PSLRB or to the adjudicator at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to the start of the hearing.
- (e) No witnesses will testify.
- (f) The adjudicator will be appointed by the PSLRB from among any of the members of the chairperson group, or any of its members who have had at least two (2) years experience as a member of the Board.
- (g) Each expedited adjudication session will take place in Ottawa unless the parties and the PSLRB agree otherwise. The cases will be scheduled jointly by the parties and the PSLRB, and will appear on the PSLRB hearing schedule.
- (h) The adjudicator will make an oral determination at the hearing which will be recorded and initialled by the representatives of the parties. This will be confirmed in a written determination to be issued by the adjudicator within five (5) days of the hearing. The parties may, at the request of the adjudicator, vary the above conditions in a particular case.
- (i) The adjudicator's determination will be final and binding on all the parties, but will not constitute a precedent. The parties agree not to refer the determination to the Federal Court.

ARTICLE 34

NATIONAL JOINT COUNCIL AGREEMENTS

34.01 Agreements concluded by the National Joint Council (NJC) of the Public Service on items which may be included in a collective agreement, and which the parties to this Agreement have endorsed after December 6, 1978, and as amended from time to time, will form part of this Collective Agreement, subject to the *Public Service Labour Relations Act* (PSLRA) and any legislation by Parliament that has been or may be, as the case may be, established pursuant to any Act specified in Section 113(b) of the PSLRA.

34.02 The NJC items which may be included in a collective agreement are those items which parties to the NJC agreements have designated as such or upon which the Chairman of the Public Service Labour Relations Board has made a ruling pursuant to (c) of the NJC Memorandum of Understanding which became effective December 6, 1978, as amended from time to time.

34.03 The following directives, policies or regulations, as amended from time to time by NJC recommendation and which have been approved by the Treasury Board of Canada, form part of this Collective Agreement:

NJC Directives

Bilingualism Bonus Directive

Commuting Assistance Directive

First Aid to the General Public - Allowance for Employees

Foreign Service Directives

Isolated Posts and Government Housing Directive

Memorandum of Understanding on Definition of Spouse

NJC Relocation Directive

Public Service Health Care Plan Directive

Travel Directive

Uniforms Directive

Occupational Health and Safety

Motor Vehicle Operations Directive

Occupational Health and Safety Directive

Pesticides Directive

34.04 During the term of this Collective Agreement, other directives, policies or regulations may be added to the above-noted list.

34.05 Grievances in regard to the above directives, policies or regulations shall be filed in accordance with clause 33.01 of the Article on grievance procedure in this Collective Agreement.

ARTICLE 35

JOINT CONSULTATION

35.01 The parties acknowledge the mutual benefits to be derived from joint consultation and will consult on matters of common interest.

35.02 The subjects that may be determined as appropriate for joint consultation will be by mutual agreement of the parties with the exception of career development which will be a standing item for discussion at all levels of the Joint Consultation meetings. Consultation may be at the local, regional or national level as determined by the parties.

35.03 Wherever possible, the Employer shall consult with representatives of the Institute at the appropriate level about contemplated changes in conditions of employment or working conditions not governed by this Agreement.

35.04 Joint Consultation Committee Meetings

The consultation committees shall be composed of mutually agreeable numbers of employees and Employer representatives who shall meet at mutually satisfactory times. Committee meetings shall normally be held on the Employer's premises during working hours.

35.05 Employees forming the continuing membership of the Consultation Committees shall be protected against any loss of normal pay by reason of attendance at such meetings with management, including reasonable travel time where applicable.

35.06 Joint consultation committees are prohibited from agreeing to items, which would alter any provision of this Collective Agreement.

ARTICLE 36

STANDARDS OF DISCIPLINE

36.01 Where written departmental Standards of Discipline are developed or amended, the Employer agrees to supply sufficient information on the Standards of Discipline to each employee and to the Institute.

36.02 The Employer agrees to consult with the Institute when existing written Standards of Discipline are to be amended. The Employer further agrees to carefully consider and, where appropriate, introduce Institute recommendations on the matter.

36.03 Where an employee is required to attend a meeting on disciplinary matters, the employee is entitled to have a representative of the Institute attend the meeting when the representative is readily available. Where practicable, the employee shall receive in writing a minimum of two (2) working days notice of such meeting.

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36.04 When an employee is suspended from duty or terminated for disciplinary reason, in accordance with paragraph 12(1)(c) of the *Financial Administration Act*, the Employer undertakes to notify the employee in writing of the reason for such suspension or termination. The Employer shall endeavour to give such notification at the time of suspension or termination.

36.05 The Employer agrees not to introduce as evidence in a hearing related to disciplinary action any document or written statement concerning the conduct of an employee unless that employee has been provided with a copy of that document or statement within a reasonable period before that hearing.

**

36.06 Notice of disciplinary action which may have been placed on the personnel file of an employee shall be destroyed after two (2) years have elapsed since the disciplinary action was taken provided that no further disciplinary action has been recorded during this period. This period will automatically be extended by the length of any single period of leave without pay in excess of six (6) months.

PART 4 - OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS

ARTICLE 37

PART-TIME EMPLOYEES

Definition

37.01 Part-time employee means a person whose normal scheduled hours of work are less than thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours per week, but not less than those prescribed in the *Public Service Labour Relations Act*.

General

37.02 Part-time employees shall be entitled to the benefits provided under this Agreement in the same proportion as their normal scheduled weekly hours of work compare with the normal weekly hours of work of full-time employees unless otherwise specified in this Agreement.

37.03 The days of rest provisions of this Collective Agreement apply only in a week when a part-time employee has worked five (5) days and a minimum of thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours in a week at the hourly rate of pay.

37.04 Leave will only be provided:

- (i) during those periods in which employees are scheduled to perform their duties;

or

- (ii) where it may displace other leave as prescribed by this Agreement.

Designated Holidays

37.05 A part-time employee shall not be paid for the designated holidays but shall instead be paid a premium of four point two five per cent (4.25%) for all straight-time hours worked during the period of part-time employment.

37.06 When a part-time employee is required to work on a day which is prescribed as a designated paid holiday for a full-time employee in clause 12.01 of this Agreement, the employee shall be paid time and one-half (1 1/2) the hourly rate of pay for all hours worked.

37.07 Overtime means:

- (i) in the case of a part-time employee, authorized work in excess of seven decimal five (7.5) hours per day or thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours per week but does not include time worked on a holiday;
- (ii) in the case of a part-time employee whose normal scheduled hours of work are in excess of seven decimal five (7.5) hours per day in accordance with clause 37.13 of this article, authorized work in excess of those normal scheduled daily hours or an average of thirty-seven decimal five (37.5) hours per week.

37.08 Subject to clause 8.05 of Article 8, Overtime, a part-time employee who is required to work overtime shall be paid at time and one half for all overtime hours, except where an employee works more than seven decimal five (7.5) overtime hours in any workday the employee shall be paid at double (2) time after the first seven decimal five (7.5) overtime hours until the conclusion of the overtime requirement.

Vacation Leave

37.09 A part-time employee shall earn vacation leave credits for each month in which the employee receives pay for at least twice (2) the number of hours in the employee's normal work week, at the rate for years of employment established in clause 15.02, prorated and calculated as follows:

- (a) when the entitlement is nine decimal three seven five (9.375) hours a month, .250 multiplied by the number of hours in the employee's work week per month;
- (b) when the entitlement is twelve decimal five (12.5) hours a month, .333 multiplied by the number of hours in the employee's work week per month;
- (c) when the entitlement is thirteen decimal seven five (13.75) hours a month, .367 multiplied by the number of hours in the employee's work week per month;
- (d) when the entitlement is fourteen decimal three seven five (14.375) hours a month, .383 multiplied by the number of hours in the employee's work week per month;

- (e) when the entitlement is fifteen decimal six two five (15.625) hours a month, .417 multiplied by the number of hours in the employee's work week per month;
- (f) when the entitlement is sixteen decimal eight seven five (16.875) hours a month, .450 multiplied by the number of hours in the employee's work week per month;
- (g) when the entitlement is eighteen decimal seven five (18.75) hours a month, .5 multiplied by the number of hours in the employee's work week per month.

Sick Leave

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37.10 A part-time employee shall earn sick leave credits at the rate of one-quarter (1/4) of the number of hours in an employee's normal work week for each calendar month in which the employee has received pay for at least two (2) times the number of hours in the employee's normal work week.

Vacation and Sick Leave Administration

37.11

- (a) For the purposes of administration of clauses 37.09 and 37.10, where an employee does not work the same number of hours each week, the normal work week shall be the weekly average calculated on a monthly basis.
- (b) An employee whose employment in any month is a combination of both full-time and part-time employment shall not earn vacation or sick leave credits in excess of the entitlement of a full-time employee.

Severance Pay

37.12 Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 19, Severance Pay, where the period of continuous employment in respect of which severance benefit is to be paid consists of both full- and part-time employment or varying levels of part-time employment, the benefit shall be calculated as follows: the period of continuous employment eligible for severance pay shall be established and the part-time portions shall be consolidated to equivalent full-time. The equivalent full-time period in years shall be multiplied by the full-time weekly pay rate for the appropriate group and level to produce the severance pay benefit.

Variable Hours of Work

37.13 Upon request of an employee and with the concurrence of the Employer, a part-time employee may complete his scheduled weekly hours of work in a manner that permits such an employee to work in excess of seven decimal five (7.5) hours in any one day provided that over a period of twenty-eight (28) calendar days the part-time employee works an average of his or her scheduled weekly hours of work. As part of this clause, attendance reporting shall be mutually agreed between the employee and the Employer.

37.14 For an employee who completes required hours of work pursuant to 37.13, the definition of “daily rate of pay” paragraph 2.01(d) of Article 2 shall not apply.

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Bereavement Leave

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37.15 Notwithstanding clause 37.02, in clause 17.02, Bereavement Leave with Pay, a “day” will mean a calendar day.

ARTICLE 38

EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE REVIEW AND EMPLOYEE FILES

38.01 For the purpose of this Article:

- (a) a formal assessment and/or appraisal of an employee’s performance means any written assessment and/or appraisal by any supervisor of how well the employee has performed his assigned tasks during a specified period in the past;
- (b) formal assessments and/or appraisals of employee performance shall be recorded on a form prescribed by the Employer for this purpose.

38.02

- (a) When a formal assessment of an employee’s performance is made, the employee concerned must be given an opportunity to sign the assessment form in question upon its completion to indicate that its contents have been read. An employee’s signature on his assessment form shall be considered to be an indication only that its contents have been read and

shall not indicate his concurrence with the statements contained on the form. A copy of the employee's assessment form shall be provided to him at the time the assessment is signed by the employee.

- (b) The Employer's representative(s) who assess an employee's performance must have observed or been aware of the employee's performance for at least one-half (1/2) of the period for which the employee's performance is evaluated.
- (c) An employee has the right to make written comments to be attached to the performance review form.

38.03 When an employee disagrees with the assessment and/or appraisal of his work he shall have the right to present written counter arguments to the manager(s) or committee(s) responsible for the assessment and/or appraisal decision.

38.04 Upon written request of an employee, the personnel file of that employee shall be made available once per year for his examination in the presence of an authorized representative of the Employer.

38.05 When a report pertaining to an employee's performance or conduct is placed on that employee's personnel file, the employee concerned shall be given an opportunity to:

- (a) sign the report in question to indicate that its contents have been read;
- (b) submit such written representations as the employee may deem appropriate concerning the report and to have such written representations attached to the report.

ARTICLE 39

EMPLOYMENT REFERENCES

39.01 On application by an employee, the Employer shall provide personal references to the prospective employer of such employee, indicating length of service, principal duties and responsibilities and performance of such duties.

ARTICLE 40
PENOLOGICAL FACTOR ALLOWANCE

General

40.01 A Penological Factor Allowance shall be payable to incumbents in some positions in the bargaining unit which are in Correctional Service Canada, subject to the following conditions.

40.02 The Penological Factor Allowance is used to provide additional compensation to an incumbent of a position who, by reason of duties being performed in a penitentiary, as defined in the *Corrections and Conditional Release Act* as amended from time to time, assumes additional responsibilities for the custody of inmates other than those exercised by the Correctional Group.

40.03 The payment of the allowance for the Penological Factor is determined by designated security level of the penitentiary as determined by the Correctional Service of Canada. For those institutions with more than one (1) designated security level (i.e. multi-level institutions), the PFA shall be determined by the highest security level of the institution.

Amount of PFA

40.04

Penological Factor		
Designated Security level of the Penitentiary		
Maximum	Medium	Minimum
\$2,000	\$1,000	\$600

Application of PFA

40.05 Penological Factor Allowance shall only be payable to the incumbent of a position on the establishment of, or loaned to, Correctional Staff Colleges, Regional Headquarters, and National Headquarters, when the conditions described in clause 40.02 above are applicable.

40.06 The applicability of PFA to a position and the position's level of PFA entitlement, shall be determined by the Employer following consultation with the Institute.

40.07 Except as prescribed in clause 40.10 below, an employee shall be entitled to receive PFA for any month in which he or she receives a minimum of ten (10) days' pay in a position(s) to which PFA applies.

40.08 Except as provided in clause 40.09 below, PFA shall be adjusted when the incumbent of a position to which PFA applies, is appointed or assigned duties in another position to which a different level of PFA applies, regardless of whether such appointment or assignment is temporary or permanent, and for each month in which an employee performs duties in more than one position to which PFA applies, the employee shall receive the higher allowance, provided he or she has performed duties for at least ten (10) days as the incumbent of the position to which the higher allowance applies.

40.09 When the incumbent of a position to which PFA applies, is temporarily assigned a position to which a different level of PFA, or no PFA, applies, and when the employee's basic monthly pay entitlement in the position to which he or she is temporarily assigned, plus PFA, if applicable, would be less than his or her basic monthly pay entitlement plus PFA in his or her regular position, the employee shall receive the PFA applicable to his or her regular position.

40.10 An employee will be entitled to receive PFA, in accordance with the PFA applicable to his or her regular position:

- (a) during any period of paid leave up to a maximum of sixty (60) consecutive calendar days,
- or
- (b) during the full period of paid leave where an employee is granted injury-on-duty leave with pay because of an injury resulting from an act of violence from one or more inmates.

40.11 PFA shall not form part of an employee's salary except for the purposes of the following benefit plans:

Public Service Superannuation Act
 Public Service Disability Insurance Plan
 Canada Pension Plan
 Quebec Pension Plan
 Employment Insurance
Government Employees Compensation Act
Flying Accident Compensation Regulations

40.12 If, in any month, an employee is disabled or dies prior to establishing an entitlement to PFA, the PFA benefits accruing to the employee or the employee's estate shall be determined in accordance with the PFA entitlement for the month preceding such disablement or death.

ARTICLE 41

PUBLICATIONS AND AUTHORSHIP

41.01 The Employer agrees to continue the past practice of ensuring that employees have ready access to all publications considered necessary to their work by the Employer.

41.02 The Employer agrees that original articles, professional and technical papers prepared by an employee, within the scope of his employment, will be retained on appropriate departmental files for the normal life of such files. The Employer will not unreasonably withhold permission for the publication of original articles or professional and technical papers in professional media. At the Employer's discretion, recognition of authorship will be given where practicable in departmental publications.

41.03 When an employee acts as a sole or joint author or editor of an original publication, his authorship or editorship shall normally be shown on the title page of such publication.

41.04

- (a) The Employer may suggest revisions to material and may withhold approval to publish an employee's publication.
- (b) When approval for publication is withheld, the author(s) shall be so informed.
- (c) Where the Employer wishes to make changes in material submitted for publication with which the author does not agree, the employee shall not be credited publicly if he so requests.

ARTICLE 42
SEXUAL HARASSMENT

42.01 The Institute and the Employer recognize the right of employees to work in an environment free from sexual harassment and agree that sexual harassment will not be tolerated in the workplace.

42.02

- (a) Any level in the grievance procedure shall be waived if a person hearing the grievance is the subject of the complaint.
- (b) If, by reason of paragraph 42.02(a), a level in the grievance procedure is waived, no other level shall be waived except by mutual agreement.

42.03 Upon request by the complainant(s) and/or respondent(s) an official copy of the investigation report shall be provided to them by the Employer subject to the *Access to Information Act and Privacy Act*.

ARTICLE 43
NO DISCRIMINATION

43.01 There shall be no discrimination, interference, restriction, coercion, harassment, intimidation, or any disciplinary action exercised or practised with respect to an employee by reason of age, race, creed, colour, national or ethnic origin, religious affiliation, sex, sexual orientation, family status, marital status, mental or physical disability, membership or activity in the union or conviction for which a pardon has been granted.

ARTICLE 44
MATERNITY-RELATED REASSIGNMENT OR LEAVE

44.01 An employee who is pregnant or nursing may, during the period from the beginning of pregnancy to the end of the twenty-fourth (24th) week following the birth, request the Employer to modify her job functions or reassign her to another job if, by reason of the pregnancy or nursing, continuing any of her current functions may pose a risk to her health or that of the foetus or child.

44.02 An employee's request under clause 44.01 must be accompanied or followed as soon as possible by a medical certificate indicating the expected duration of the potential risk and the activities or conditions to avoid in order to eliminate the risk. Dependent upon the particular circumstances of the request, the Employer may obtain an independent medical opinion.

44.03 An employee who has made a request under clause 44.01 is entitled to continue in her current job while the Employer examines her request, but, if the risk posed by continuing any of her job functions so requires, she is entitled to be immediately assigned alternative duties until such time as the Employer:

(a) modifies her job functions or reassigns her,

or

(b) informs her in writing that it is not reasonably practicable to modify her job functions or reassign her.

44.04 Where reasonably practicable, the Employer shall modify the employee's job functions or reassign her.

44.05 Where the Employer concludes that a modification of job functions or a reassignment that would avoid the activities or conditions indicated in the medical certificate is not reasonably practicable, the Employer shall so inform the employee in writing and shall grant leave of absence without pay to the employee for the duration of the risk as indicated in the medical certificate. However, such leave shall end no later than twenty-four (24) weeks after the birth.

44.06 An employee whose job functions have been modified, who has been reassigned or who is on leave of absence shall give at least two (2) weeks notice in writing to the Employer of any change in duration of the risk or the inability as indicated in the medical certificate, unless there is a valid reason why that notice cannot be given. Such notice must be accompanied by a new medical certificate.

ARTICLE 45

MEDICAL APPOINTMENT FOR PREGNANT EMPLOYEES

45.01 Up to three decimal seven five (3.75) hours of reasonable time off with pay will be granted to pregnant employees for the purpose of attending routine medical appointments.

45.02 Where a series of continuing appointments are necessary for the treatment of a particular condition relating to the pregnancy, absences shall be charged to sick leave.

ARTICLE 46
RELIGIOUS OBSERVANCE

46.01 The Employer shall make every reasonable effort to accommodate an employee who requests time off to fulfill his or her religious obligations.

46.02 Employees may, in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, request annual leave, compensatory leave, leave without pay for other reasons or a shift exchange (in the case of a shift worker) in order to fulfill their religious obligations.

46.03 Notwithstanding clause 46.02, at the request of the employee and at the discretion of the Employer, time off with pay may be granted to the employee in order to fulfill his or her religious obligations. The number of hours with pay so granted must be made up hour for hour within a period of six (6) months, at times agreed to by the Employer. Hours worked as a result of time off granted under this clause shall not be compensated nor should they result in any additional payments by the Employer.

46.04 An employee who intends to request leave or time off under this Article must give notice to the Employer as far in advance as possible but no later than four (4) weeks before the requested period of absence.

PART 5 - PAY AND DURATION

ARTICLE 47
PAY ADMINISTRATION

47.01 Except as provided herein, the terms and conditions governing the application of pay to employees are not affected by this Agreement.

47.02 An employee is entitled to be paid for services rendered at:

(a) the pay specified in Appendix “A” for the classification of the position to which he is appointed, if the classification coincides with that prescribed in his certificate of appointment;

or

(b) the pay specified in Appendix “A” for the classification prescribed in his certificate of appointment if that classification and the classification of the position to which he is appointed do not coincide.

47.03

(a) The rates of pay set forth in Appendix “A” shall become effective on the dates specified.

(b) Where the rates of pay set forth in Appendix “A” have an effective date prior to the date of signing of this Agreement, the following shall apply:

(i) “retroactive period” for the purpose of subparagraphs (ii) to (v) means the period from the effective date of the revision up to and including the day before the collective agreement is signed or when an arbitral award is rendered therefore;

(ii) a retroactive upward revision in rates of pay shall apply to employees, former employees or in the case of death, the estates of former employees who were employees in the bargaining unit during the retroactive period;

(iii) for initial appointments made during the retroactive period, the rate of pay selected in the revised rates of pay is the rate which is shown immediately below the rate of pay being received prior to the revision;

**

- (iv) for promotions, demotions, deployments, transfers or acting situations effective during the retroactive period, the rate of pay shall be recalculated, in accordance with the Directive on Terms and Conditions of Employment, using the revised rates of pay. If the recalculated rate of pay is less than the rate of pay the employee was previously receiving, the revised rate of pay shall be the rate, which is nearest to, but not less than the rate of pay being received prior to the revision. However, where the recalculated rate is at a lower step in the range, the new rate shall be the rate of pay shown immediately below the rate of pay being received prior to the revision;
- (v) no payment or no notification shall be made pursuant to paragraph 47.03(b) for one dollar (\$1.00) or less.

47.04 Where a salary increment and a salary revision are effected on the same date, the salary increment shall be applied first and the resulting rate shall be revised in accordance with the salary revision.

47.05 When an employee is required by the Employer to perform the duties of a higher classification or grade level on an acting basis for a period of at least three (3) consecutive working days, he shall be paid acting pay calculated from the date on which he commenced to act as if he had been appointed to the higher classification level for the period in which he acts. When a day designated as a paid holiday occurs during the qualifying period, the holiday shall be considered as a day worked for purposes of the qualifying period.

47.06

- (a) Each pay increment period for all employees of levels CS-1 to CS-5 inclusive shall be twelve (12) months.
- (b) The pay increment date for an employee appointed on or after December 2, 1997, to a position in the bargaining unit on promotion, demotion, or appointment from outside the Public Service shall be the anniversary date of such appointment.
- (c) For employees appointed prior to December 2, 1997, their anniversary date will be the date on which the employee received his last pay increment.

47.07 With reference to Appendix “A”, an employee shall, on the relevant effective dates of adjustments to rates of pay, be paid in the scale of rates at the rate shown immediately below his former rate.

47.08 This Article is subject to the Memorandum of Understanding signed by the Employer and the Professional Institute of the Public Service of Canada dated July 21, 1982 in respect of red-circled employees.

ARTICLE 48 AGREEMENT REOPENER

48.01 This Agreement may be amended by mutual consent. If either party wishes to amend or vary this Agreement, it shall give to the other party notice of any amendment proposed and the parties shall meet and discuss such proposal not later than one (1) calendar month after receipt of such notice.

ARTICLE 49 DURATION

**

49.01 The duration of this Collective Agreement shall be from the date it is signed to December 21, 2014.

49.02 Unless otherwise expressly stipulated, the provisions of this agreement shall become effective on the date it is signed.

49.03 The provisions of this Collective Agreement shall be implemented by the parties within a period of one hundred and twenty (120) days from the date of signing.

SIGNED AT OTTAWA, this 14th day of the month of December 2012.

THE TREASURY BOARD
OF
CANADA

THE PROFESSIONAL INSTITUTE
OF THE
PUBLIC SERVICE OF CANADA

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Marc-Arthur Hyppolite

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Gary Corbett

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Cynthia Nash

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Luc Carrière

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Lucie Robert

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Guy Abel

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Denise Gomes

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Deborah Butler

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Michelle Tilley

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Dietlinde Farough

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Dennis LeBlanc

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Marcel Journeyay

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Surinder Komal

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Deborah Kruz

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Dany Bisailon

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Robert Scott

THE TREASURY BOARD
OF
CANADA

THE PROFESSIONAL INSTITUTE
OF THE
PUBLIC SERVICE OF CANADA

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Robert Adcock

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Robert Tellier

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Paul Butler

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Brian Thompson

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Pierre Touchette

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Ryan Campbell

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

André Lortie

****APPENDIX "A"****CS - COMPUTER SYSTEMS GROUP
ANNUAL RATES OF PAY**

- A) Effective December 22, 2010**
- B) Effective December 22, 2011**
- X) Effective December 22, 2011 - Restructure**
- C) Effective December 22, 2012**
- D) Effective December 22, 2013**

CS-01

From:	\$	50140	51994	53846	55687	57526	59365
To:	A	50892	52774	54654	56522	58389	60255
	B	51783	53698	55610	57511	59411	61309
	X	51783	53698	55610	57511	59411	61309
	C	52560	54503	56444	58374	60302	62229
	D	53611	55593	57573	59541	61508	63474

From:	\$	61203	63043
To:	A	62121	63989
	B	63208	65109
	X	63208	66732
	C	64156	67733
	D	65439	69088

CS-02

From:	\$	62065	64052	66036	68022	70008	71993
To:	A	62996	65013	67027	69042	71058	73073
	B	64098	66151	68200	70250	72302	74352
	X	64098	66151	68200	70250	72302	74352
	C	65059	67143	69223	71304	73387	75467
	D	66360	68486	70607	72730	74855	76976

From:	\$	73977	75964
To:	A	75087	77103
	B	76401	78452
	X	76401	78452
	C	77547	79629
	D	79098	81222

CS-03

From:	\$	73262	75783	78307	80833	83354	85877
To:	A	74361	76920	79482	82045	84604	87165
	B	75662	78266	80873	83481	86085	88690
	X	75662	78266	80873	83481	86085	88690
	C	76797	79440	82086	84733	87376	90020
	D	78333	81029	83728	86428	89124	91820

From:	\$	88399	90922
To:	A	89725	92286
	B	91295	93901
	X	91295	94004
	C	92664	95414
	D	94517	97322

CS-04

From:	\$	83884	86777	89668	92560	95452	98344
To:	A	85142	88079	91013	93948	96884	99819
	B	86632	89620	92606	95592	98579	101566
	X	86632	89620	92606	95592	98579	101566
	C	87931	90964	93995	97026	100058	103089
	D	89690	92783	95875	98967	102059	105151

From:	\$	101237	104130
To:	A	102756	105692
	B	104554	107542
	X	104554	107833
	C	106122	109450
	D	108244	111639

CS-05

From:	\$	96581	100182	103781	107383	110984	114586
To:	A	98030	101685	105338	108994	112649	116305
	B	99746	103464	107181	110901	114620	118340
	X	99746	103464	107181	110901	114620	118340
	C	101242	105016	108789	112565	116339	120115
	D	103267	107116	110965	114816	118666	122517

From:	\$	118188	121787	125389
To:	A	119961	123614	127270
	B	122060	125777	129497
	X	122060	125777	129982
	C	123891	127664	131932
	D	126369	130217	134571

****APPENDIX "B"**

**CS - COMPUTER SYSTEMS GROUP
WEEKLY, DAILY AND HOURLY RATES OF PAY**

) Effective December 22, 2010

CS-01

Weekly:	\$	975.39	1011.46	1047.49	1083.30	1119.08	1154.84
Daily:		195.08	202.29	209.50	216.66	223.82	230.97
Hourly:		26.01	26.97	27.93	28.89	29.84	30.80

Weekly:	\$	1190.60	1226.41
Daily:		238.12	245.28
Hourly:		31.75	32.70

CS-02

Weekly:	\$	1207.38	1246.03	1284.63	1323.25	1361.89	1400.51
Daily:		241.48	249.21	256.93	264.65	272.38	280.10
Hourly:		32.20	33.23	34.26	35.29	36.32	37.35

Weekly:	\$	1439.11	1477.75
Daily:		287.82	295.55
Hourly:		38.38	39.41

CS-03

Weekly:	\$	1425.20	1474.24	1523.34	1572.47	1621.51	1670.60
Daily:		285.04	294.85	304.67	314.49	324.30	334.12
Hourly:		38.01	39.31	40.62	41.93	43.24	44.55

Weekly:	\$	1719.66	1768.74
Daily:		343.93	353.75
Hourly:		45.86	47.17

CS-04

Weekly:	\$	1631.82	1688.11	1744.35	1800.60	1856.87	1913.12
Daily:		326.36	337.62	348.87	360.12	371.37	382.62
Hourly:		43.52	45.02	46.52	48.02	49.52	51.02

Weekly:	\$	1969.41	2025.68
Daily:		393.88	405.14
Hourly:		52.52	54.02

CS-05

Weekly:	\$	1878.83	1948.88	2018.90	2088.97	2159.02	2229.09
Daily:		375.77	389.78	403.78	417.79	431.80	445.82
Hourly:		50.10	51.97	53.84	55.71	57.57	59.44

Weekly:	\$	2299.16	2369.17	2439.24
Daily:		459.83	473.83	487.85
Hourly:		61.31	63.18	65.05

CS - COMPUTER SYSTEMS GROUP
WEEKLY, DAILY AND HOURLY RATES OF PAY

) Effective December 22, 2011

CS-01

Weekly:	\$	992.47	1029.17	1065.82	1102.25	1138.67	1175.04
Daily:		198.49	205.83	213.16	220.45	227.73	235.01
Hourly:		26.47	27.44	28.42	29.39	30.36	31.33

Weekly:	\$	1211.44	1278.98
Daily:		242.29	255.80
Hourly:		32.31	34.11

CS-02

Weekly:	\$	1228.50	1267.84	1307.11	1346.40	1385.73	1425.02
Daily:		245.70	253.57	261.42	269.28	277.15	285.00
Hourly:		32.76	33.81	34.86	35.90	36.95	38.00

Weekly:	\$	1464.29	1503.60
Daily:		292.86	300.72
Hourly:		39.05	40.10

CS-03

Weekly:	\$	1450.13	1500.04	1550.00	1599.99	1649.90	1699.82
Daily:		290.03	300.01	310.00	320.00	329.98	339.96
Hourly:		38.67	40.00	41.33	42.67	44.00	45.33

Weekly:	\$	1749.75	1801.67
Daily:		349.95	360.33
Hourly:		46.66	48.04

CS-04

Weekly:	\$	1660.38	1717.65	1774.88	1832.11	1889.36	1946.60
Daily:		332.08	343.53	354.98	366.42	377.87	389.32
Hourly:		44.28	45.80	47.33	48.86	50.38	51.91

Weekly:	\$	2003.87	2066.72
Daily:		400.77	413.34
Hourly:		53.44	55.11

CS-05

Weekly:	\$	1911.72	1982.98	2054.22	2125.52	2196.80	2268.09
Daily:		382.34	396.60	410.84	425.10	439.36	453.62
Hourly:		50.98	52.88	54.78	56.68	58.58	60.48

Weekly:	\$	2339.39	2410.63	2491.22
Daily:		467.88	482.13	498.24
Hourly:		62.38	64.28	66.43

CS - COMPUTER SYSTEMS GROUP
WEEKLY, DAILY AND HOURLY RATES OF PAY

\$) Effective December 22, 2012

CS-01

Weekly:	\$	1007.36	1044.60	1081.80	1118.79	1155.74	1192.67
Daily:		201.47	208.92	216.36	223.76	231.15	238.53
Hourly:		26.86	27.86	28.85	29.83	30.82	31.80

Weekly:	\$	1229.61	1298.16
Daily:		245.92	259.63
Hourly:		32.79	34.62

CS-02

Weekly:	\$	1246.91	1286.86	1326.72	1366.61	1406.53	1446.39
Daily:		249.38	257.37	265.34	273.32	281.31	289.28
Hourly:		33.25	34.32	35.38	36.44	37.51	38.57

Weekly:	\$	1486.26	1526.16
Daily:		297.25	305.23
Hourly:		39.63	40.70

CS-03

Weekly:	\$	1471.88	1522.54	1573.25	1623.98	1674.64	1725.31
Daily:		294.38	304.51	314.65	324.80	334.93	345.06
Hourly:		39.25	40.60	41.95	43.31	44.66	46.01

Weekly:	\$	1775.99	1828.70
Daily:		355.20	365.74
Hourly:		47.36	48.77

CS-04

Weekly:	\$	1685.28	1743.41	1801.50	1859.59	1917.70	1975.79
Daily:		337.06	348.68	360.30	371.92	383.54	395.16
Hourly:		44.94	46.49	48.04	49.59	51.14	52.69

Weekly:	\$	2033.92	2097.71
Daily:		406.78	419.54
Hourly:		54.24	55.94

CS-05

Weekly:	\$	1940.39	2012.73	2085.04	2157.41	2229.74	2302.11
Daily:		388.08	402.55	417.01	431.48	445.95	460.42
Hourly:		51.74	53.67	55.60	57.53	59.46	61.39

Weekly:	\$	2374.48	2446.80	2528.60
Daily:		474.90	489.36	505.72
Hourly:		63.32	65.25	67.43

CS - COMPUTER SYSTEMS GROUP
WEEKLY, DAILY AND HOURLY RATES OF PAY

) Effective December 22, 2013

CS-01

Weekly:	\$	1027.50	1065.49	1103.44	1141.16	1178.86	1216.54
Daily:		205.50	213.10	220.69	228.23	235.77	243.31
Hourly:		27.40	28.41	29.43	30.43	31.44	32.44

Weekly:	\$	1254.20	1324.13
Daily:		250.84	264.83
Hourly:		33.45	35.31

CS-02

Weekly:	\$	1271.85	1312.60	1353.25	1393.94	1434.66	1475.31
Daily:		254.37	262.52	270.65	278.79	286.93	295.06
Hourly:		33.92	35.00	36.09	37.17	38.26	39.34

Weekly:	\$	1515.98	1556.69
Daily:		303.20	311.34
Hourly:		40.43	41.51

CS-03

Weekly:	\$	1501.32	1552.99	1604.72	1656.47	1708.14	1759.81
Daily:		300.26	310.60	320.94	331.29	341.63	351.96
Hourly:		40.04	41.41	42.79	44.17	45.55	46.93

Weekly:	\$	1811.50	1865.26
Daily:		362.30	373.05
Hourly:		48.31	49.74

CS-04

Weekly:	\$	1718.99	1778.27	1837.53	1896.79	1956.05	2015.31
Daily:		343.80	355.65	367.51	379.36	391.21	403.06
Hourly:		45.84	47.42	49.00	50.58	52.16	53.74

Weekly:	\$	2074.59	2139.66
Daily:		414.92	427.93
Hourly:		55.32	57.06

CS-05

Weekly:	\$	1979.20	2052.97	2126.74	2200.55	2274.34	2348.15
Daily:		395.84	410.59	425.35	440.11	454.87	469.63
Hourly:		52.78	54.75	56.71	58.68	60.65	62.62

Weekly:	\$	2421.98	2495.73	2579.17
Daily:		484.40	499.15	515.83
Hourly:		64.59	66.55	68.78

PAY NOTES

PAY ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

- (1) The pay increment period for full and part-time employees paid in these scales of rates, is twelve (12) months.

**

- (2) An employee shall, on the relevant effective dates of adjustments to rates of pay, be paid in the (A), (B), (C) or (D) scale of rates at the rate shown immediately below his former rate.

APPENDIX "C"

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

D-1.01 An employee required to report aboard ship sailing from home port outside his normally scheduled working hours and who is not required to work aboard on reporting will be paid a premium of one (1) hour's pay at the straight-time rate.

MARINE DISASTER

D-2.01 Where an employee is assigned to duty aboard a ship and suffers loss of clothing or personal effects (those which can reasonably be expected to accompany the employee aboard ship) because of a marine disaster or shipwreck, he shall be reimbursed for the value of those articles up to a maximum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

D-2.02

- (a) An employee shall submit to the Employer a full inventory of his personal effects and shall be responsible for maintaining it in a current state.
- (b) An employee or his estate making a claim under this Article shall submit to the Employer reasonable proof of such loss, and shall submit a signed affidavit listing the individual items and values claimed.
- (c) These provisions shall be effective on the date of signing of the Collective Agreement.

APPENDIX "D"

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING
RED CIRCLING**

GENERAL

1. This Memorandum of Understanding sets out conditions of employment respecting pay upon reclassification for all employees whose bargaining agent is the Professional Institute of the Public Service of Canada.
2. This Memorandum of Understanding shall remain in effect until amended or cancelled by mutual consent of the parties.
3. This Memorandum of Understanding supersedes the Regulations respecting Pay on Reclassification or Conversion where the Regulations are inconsistent with the Memorandum of Understanding.
4. Where the provisions of any collective agreement differ from those set out in the Memorandum of Understanding, the conditions set out in the Memorandum of Understanding shall prevail.
5. This Memorandum of Understanding will form part of all collective agreements to which the Professional Institute of the Public Service of Canada and Treasury Board are parties, with effect from December 13, 1981.

PART I

Part I of this Memorandum of Understanding shall apply to the incumbents of positions which will be reclassified to a group and/or level having a lower attainable maximum rate of pay after the date this Memorandum of Understanding becomes effective.

NOTE: The term "attainable maximum rate of pay" means the rate attainable for fully satisfactory performance in the case of levels covered by a performance pay plan or the maximum salary rate in the case of all other groups and levels.

1. Prior to a position being reclassified to a group and/or level having a lower attainable maximum rate of pay, the incumbent shall be notified in writing.

2. Downward reclassification notwithstanding, an encumbered position shall be deemed to have retained for all purposes the former group and level. In respect to the pay of the incumbent, this may be cited as Salary Protection Status and subject to Section 3(b) below shall apply until the position is vacated or the attainable maximum of the reclassified level, as revised from time to time, becomes greater than that applicable, as revised from time to time, to the former classification level. Determination of the attainable maxima rates of pay shall be in accordance with the *Retroactive Remuneration Regulations*.
3.
 - (a) The Employer will make a reasonable effort to transfer the incumbent to a position having a level equivalent to that of the former group and/or level of the position.
 - (b) In the event that an incumbent declines an offer of transfer to a position as in (a) above in the same geographic area, without good and sufficient reason, that incumbent shall be immediately paid at the rate of pay for the reclassified position.

**

4. Employees subject to Section 3, will be considered to have transferred (as defined in the Directive on Terms and Conditions of Employment) for the purpose of determining increment dates and rates of pay.

PART II

Part II of this Memorandum of Understanding shall apply to incumbents of positions who are in holding rates of pay on the date this Memorandum of Understanding becomes effective.

1. An employee whose position has been downgraded prior to the implementation of this memorandum and is being paid at a holding rate of pay on the effective date of an economic increase and continues to be paid at that rate on the date immediately prior to the effective date of a further economic increase, shall receive a lump sum payment equal to 100 per cent of the economic increase for the employee's former group and level (or where a performance pay plan applied to the incumbent, the adjustment to the attainable maximum rate of pay) calculated on his annual rate of pay.

2. An employee who is paid at a holding rate on the effective date of an economic increase, but who is removed from that holding rate prior to the effective date of a further economic increase by an amount less than he would have received by the application of paragraph 1 of Part II, shall receive a lump sum payment equal to the difference between the amount equal to the difference between the amount calculated by the application of paragraph 1 of Part II and any increase in pay resulting from his removal from the holding rate.

SIGNED AT OTTAWA, this 21st day of the month of July 1982.

APPENDIX “E”

WORK FORCE ADJUSTMENT

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General

Application

This Appendix applies to all employees.

Unless explicitly specified, the provisions contained in Parts I to VI do not apply to alternative delivery initiatives.

Collective Agreement

With the exception of those provisions for which the Public Service Commission (PSC) is responsible, this Appendix is part of this collective agreement.

Objectives

It is the policy of the Treasury Board to maximise employment opportunities for indeterminate employees affected by workforce adjustment situations, primarily through ensuring that, wherever possible, alternative employment opportunities are provided to them. This should not be construed as the continuation of a specific position or job but rather as continued employment.

To this end, every indeterminate employee whose services will no longer be required because of a workforce adjustment situation and for whom the deputy head knows or can predict employment availability will receive a guarantee of a reasonable job offer within the Core Public Administration. Those employees for whom the deputy head cannot provide the guarantee will have access to transitional employment arrangements (as per Part VI and VII).

Definitions

Accelerated lay-off (*mise en disponibilité accélérée*) - occurs when a surplus employee makes a request to the deputy head, in writing, to be laid off at an earlier date than that originally scheduled, and the deputy head concurs. Lay-off entitlements begin on the actual date of lay-off.

Affected employee (*employé touché*) - is an indeterminate employee who has been informed in writing that his or her services may no longer be required because of a workforce adjustment situation.

Alternation (*échange de postes*) - occurs when an opting employee (not a surplus employee) who wishes to remain in the Core Public Administration exchanges

positions with a non-affected employee (the alternate) willing to leave the Core Public Administration with a Transition Support Measure or with an Education Allowance.

Alternative delivery initiative (*diversification des modes de prestation des services*) - is the transfer of any work, undertaking or business of the Core Public Administration to any body or corporation that is a separate agency or that is outside the Core Public Administration.

Appointing department or organization (*ministère ou organisation d'accueil*) - is a department or organization or agency which has agreed to appoint or consider for appointment (either immediately or after retraining) a surplus or a laid-off person.

Core Public Administration (*administration publique centrale*) – means that part in or under any department or organization, or other portion of the Core Public Administration specified in Schedules I and IV to the *Financial Administration Act* (FAA) for which the PSC has the sole authority to appoint.

Deputy head (*administrateur général*) - has the same meaning as in the definition of Deputy Head set out in section 2 of the *Public Service Employment Act*, and also means his or her official designate.

**

Education Allowance (*indemnité d'étude*) - is one of the options provided to an indeterminate employee affected by normal workforce adjustment for whom the deputy head cannot guarantee a reasonable job offer. The Education Allowance is a cash payment, equal to the Transitional Support Measure (see Annex "B"), plus a reimbursement of tuition from a recognized learning institution, book and mandatory equipment costs, up to a maximum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

Guarantee of a reasonable job offer (*garantie d'une offre d'emploi raisonnable*) - is a guarantee of an offer of indeterminate employment within the Core Public Administration provided by the deputy head to an indeterminate employee who is affected by workforce adjustment. Deputy heads will be expected to provide a guarantee of a reasonable job offer to those affected employees for whom they know or can predict employment availability in the Core Public Administration. Surplus employees in receipt of this guarantee will not have access to the options available in Part VI of this Appendix.

Home department or organization (*ministère ou organisation d'attache*) - is a department or organization or agency declaring an individual employee surplus.

Laid off person (*personne mise en disponibilité*) - is a person who has been laid off pursuant to subsection 64(1) of the PSEA, who still retains a reappointment priority under subsection 41(4) and section 64 of the PSEA.

Lay-off notice (*avis de mise en disponibilité*) - is a written notice of lay-off to be given to a surplus employee at least one (1) month before the scheduled lay-off date. This period is included in the surplus period.

Lay-off priority (*priorité de mise en disponibilité*) - a person who has been laid off is entitled to a priority, in accordance with subsection 41(5) of the PSEA with respect to any position to which the Public Service Commission (PSC) is satisfied that the person meets the essential qualifications; the period of entitlement to this priority is one (1) year as set out in Section 11 of the Public Service Employment Regulations (PSER).

Opting employee (*employé optant*) - is an indeterminate employee whose services will no longer be required because of a workforce adjustment situation and who has not received a guarantee of a reasonable job offer from the deputy head and who has one hundred and twenty (120) days to consider the options of Part 6.3 of this Appendix.

Pay (*rémunération*) - has the same meaning as rate of pay in the employee's Collective Agreement.

Priority Information Management System (*système de gestion de l'information sur les priorités*) - is a system designed by the PSC to facilitate appointments of individuals entitled to statutory and regulatory priorities.

Reasonable job offer (*offre d'emploi raisonnable*) - is an offer of indeterminate employment within the Core Public Administration, normally at an equal level but could include lower levels. Surplus employees must be both trainable and mobile. Where possible, the search for a reasonable job offer will be conducted as follows: 1) within the employee's headquarters as defined in the Travel Directive; 2) within forty kilometres (40 km) of the employee's place of work or of the employee's residence whichever will ensure continued employment : and 3) beyond forty kilometres (40 km). In Alternative Delivery situations, a reasonable offer is one that meets the criteria set out in type 1 and 2 of Part VII of this appendix. A reasonable job offer is also an offer from a FAA Schedule V employer, providing that:

- (a) The appointment is at a rate of pay and an attainable salary maximum not less than the employee's current salary and attainable maximum that would be in effect on the date of offer.
- (b) It is a seamless transfer of all employee benefits including a recognition of years of service for the definition of continuous employment and accrual of benefits, including the transfer of sick leave credits, severance pay and accumulated vacation leave credits.

Reinstatement priority (*priorité de réintégration*) - is an appointment priority accorded by the PSC, pursuant to the Public Service Employment Regulations, to certain individuals salary-protected under this Appendix for the purpose of assisting such persons to re-attain an appointment level equal to that from which they were declared surplus.

Relocation (*réinstallation*) - is the authorized geographic move of a surplus employee or laid-off person from one place of duty to another place of duty, beyond what, according to local custom, is a normal commuting distance.

Relocation of work unit (*réinstallation d'une unité de travail*) - is the authorized move of a work unit of any size to a place of duty beyond what, according to local custom, is normal commuting distance from the former work location and from the employee's current residence.

Retraining (*recyclage*) - is on-the-job training or other training intended to enable affected employees, surplus employees and laid-off persons to qualify for known or anticipated vacancies within the Core Public Administration.

Surplus employee (*employé excédentaire*) - is an indeterminate employee who has been formally declared surplus, in writing, by his or her deputy head.

Surplus priority (*priorité d'employé excédentaire*) - is an entitlement for a priority in appointment accorded in accordance with section 5 of the PSER and pursuant to section 40 of the PSEA; this entitlement is provided to surplus employees to be appointed in priority to another position in the Core Public Administration for which they meet the essential requirements.

Surplus status (*statut d'employé excédentaire*) - An indeterminate employee is in surplus status from the date he or she is declared surplus until the date of lay-off, until he or she is indeterminately appointed to another position, until his or her surplus status is rescinded, or until the person resigns.

Transition Support Measure (*mesure de soutien à la transition*) - is one of the options provided to an opting employee for whom the deputy head cannot guarantee a reasonable job offer. The Transition Support Measure is a cash payment based on the employee's years of service in the Core Public Administration, as per Annex "B".

Twelve (12) - month surplus priority period in which to secure a reasonable job offer (*Priorité d'employé excédentaire d'une durée de douze (12) mois pour trouver 'une offre d'emploi raisonnable*) - is one of the options provided to an opting employee for whom the deputy head cannot guarantee a reasonable job offer.

Workforce adjustment (*réaménagement des effectifs*) - is a situation that occurs when a deputy head decides that the services of one or more indeterminate employees will no longer be required beyond a specified date because of a lack of work, the discontinuance of a function, a relocation in which the employee does not wish to relocate or an alternative delivery initiative.

Authorities

The PSC has endorsed those portions of this Appendix for which it has responsibility.

Monitoring

Departments or Organizations shall retain central information on all cases occurring under this Appendix, including the reasons for the action; the number, occupational groups and levels of employees concerned; the dates of notice given; the number of employees placed without retraining; the number of employees retrained (including number of salary months used in such training); the levels of positions to which employees are appointed and the cost of any salary protection; and the number, types, and amounts of lump sums paid to employees.

This information will be used by the Treasury Board Secretariat to carry out its periodic audits.

References

The primary references for the subject of Workforce Adjustment are as follows:

Financial Administration Act

Pay Rate Selection (Treasury Board Homepage, Organization, Human Resource Management, Compensation and Pay Administration

Values and Ethics Code for the Public Service, Chapter 3: Post-Employment Measures. http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/pubs_pol/hrpubs/TB_851/vec-cve1-eng.asp

Employer regulation on promotion may be found at:
<http://www.laws.justice.gc.ca/en/showdoc/cr/SOR-2005-376>

Public Service Employment Act

Public Service Employment Regulations

Public Service Labour Relations Act

Public Service Superannuation Act

Public Service Terms and Conditions of Employment Regulations

NJC Integrated Relocation Directive

Travel Directive

Enquiries

Enquiries about this Appendix should be referred to PIPSC, or the responsible officers in departmental or organizational headquarters.

Responsible officers in departmental or organizational headquarters may, in turn, direct questions on the application of this Appendix to the Senior Director, Excluded Groups and Administrative Policies, Labour Relations and Compensation Operations, Treasury Board Secretariat.

Enquiries by employees pertaining to entitlements to a priority in appointment or to their status in relation to the priority appointment process should be directed to their departmental or organizational human resource advisors or to the Priority Advisor of the PSC responsible for their case.

Part I

Roles and responsibilities

1.1 Departments or Organizations

1.1.1 Since indeterminate employees who are affected by workforce adjustment situations are not themselves responsible for such situations, it is the responsibility of departments or organizations to ensure that they are treated equitably and, given every reasonable opportunity to continue their careers as public service employees.

1.1.2 Departments or organizations shall carry out effective human resource planning to minimise the impact of workforce adjustment situations on indeterminate employees, on the department or organization, and on the public service.

1.1.3 Departments and organizations shall establish workforce adjustment committees, where appropriate, to manage the workforce adjustment situations within the department or organization, and they shall notify PIPSC of the responsible officers who will administer this Appendix.

1.1.4 Departments or organizations shall, as the home department or organization, cooperate with the PSC and appointing departments or organizations in joint efforts to redeploy departmental or organizational surplus employees and laid-off persons.

1.1.5 Departments or organizations shall establish systems to facilitate redeployment or retraining of the department's or organization's affected employees, surplus employees, and laid-off persons.

1.1.6 When a deputy head determines that the services of an employee are no longer required beyond a specified date due to lack of work or discontinuance of a function, the deputy head shall advise the employee, in writing, that his or her services will no longer be required. A copy of this letter shall be sent forthwith to the President of PIPSC.

Such a communication shall also indicate if the employee:

- (a) is being provided a guarantee of a reasonable job offer from the deputy head and that the employee will be in surplus status from that date on,

or

- (b) is an opting employee and has access to the options of Section 6.3 of this Appendix because the employee is not in receipt of a guarantee of a reasonable job offer from the deputy head.

Where applicable, the communication should also provide the information relative to the employee's possible lay-off date.

1.1.7 Deputy heads will be expected to provide a guarantee of a reasonable job offer for those employees subject to workforce adjustment for whom they know or can predict employment availability in the Core Public Administration.

1.1.8 Where a deputy head cannot provide a guarantee of a reasonable job offer, the deputy head will provide one hundred and twenty (120) days to consider the three (3) options outlined in Part VI of this Appendix to all opting employees before a decision is required of them. If the employee fails to select an option, the employee will be deemed to have selected option (a), Twelve (12) month surplus priority period in which to secure a reasonable job offer.

1.1.9 The deputy head shall make a determination to either provide a guarantee of a reasonable job offer or access to the options set out in 6.3 of this Appendix, upon request of any indeterminate affected employee who can demonstrate that his or her duties have already ceased to exist.

1.1.10 Departments or organizations shall send written notice to the PSC of the employee's surplus status, and shall send to the PSC such details, forms, resumes, and other material as the PSC may from time to time prescribe as necessary for it to discharge its function.

1.1.11 The home department or organization shall provide the PSC with a written statement that it would be prepared to appoint the surplus employee to a suitable position in the department or organization commensurate with his/her qualifications, if such a position were available.

1.1.12 Departments or organizations shall advise the President of PIPSC and consult with PIPSC representatives as completely as possible regarding any workforce adjustment situation as soon as possible after the decision has been made and throughout the process. When the affected employees are identified, the departments or organizations will forward the name, work location, phone number, email address and mailing address of affected employees as per the departmental or organizational employee database of those employees to the President of PIPSC.

1.1.13 Departments or organizations shall provide that employee with the official notification that he or she has become subject to a workforce adjustment and shall remind the employee that the Appendix on Workforce Adjustment of this Collective Agreement applies.

1.1.14 Deputy heads shall apply this Appendix so as to keep actual involuntary lay-offs to a minimum, and lay-offs shall normally only occur where an individual has refused a reasonable job offer, or is not mobile, or cannot be retrained within two (2) years, or is laid-off at his or her own request.

1.1.15 Departments or organizations are responsible to counsel and advise their affected employees on their opportunities of finding continuing employment in the public service and shall, to the extent possible, help market surplus employees and laid off persons to other departments or organizations unless the individuals have advised the department or organization in writing that they are not available for appointment.

1.1.16 Appointment of surplus employees to alternative positions, whether with or without retraining, shall normally be at a level equivalent to that previously held by the employee, but this does not preclude appointment to a lower level. Departments or organizations shall avoid appointment to a lower level except where all other avenues have been exhausted.

1.1.17 Home departments or organizations shall appoint as many of their own surplus employees or laid-off persons as possible, or identify alternative positions (both actual and anticipated) for which individuals can be retrained.

1.1.18 Home departments or organizations shall relocate surplus employees and laid-off individuals, if necessary.

1.1.19 Relocation of surplus employees or laid-off persons shall be undertaken when the individuals indicate that they are willing to relocate and relocation will enable their redeployment or reappointment, providing that

- (a) there are no available priority persons, or priority persons with a higher priority, qualified and interested in the position being filled;
- or
- (b) no available local surplus employees or laid-off persons who are interested and who could qualify with retraining.

1.1.20 The cost of travelling to interviews for possible appointments and of relocation to the new location shall be borne by the employee's home department or organization. Such cost shall be consistent with the Travel and NJC Integrated Relocation directives.

1.1.21 For the purposes of the NJC Integrated Relocation directive, surplus employees and laid-off persons who relocate under this Appendix shall be deemed to be employees on employer-requested relocations. The general rule on minimum distances for relocation applies.

1.1.22 For the purposes of the Travel directive, laid-off persons travelling to interviews for possible reappointment to Core Public Administration are deemed to be a "traveller" as defined in the Travel Directive.

1.1.23 For the surplus and/or lay-off priority periods, home departments or organizations shall pay the salary, salary protection and/or termination costs as well as other authorized costs such as tuition, travel, relocation, and retraining as provided for in the various collective agreements and directives. The appointing department or organization may agree to absorb all or part of these costs.

1.1.24 Where a surplus employee is appointed by another department or organization to a term position, the home department or organization is responsible for the costs above for one year from the date of such appointment, unless the home and appointing departments or organizations agree to a longer period, after which the appointing department or organization becomes the new home department or organization consistent with PSC authorities.

1.1.25 Departments or organizations shall protect the indeterminate status and surplus priority of a surplus indeterminate employee appointed to a term position under this Appendix.

1.1.26 Departments or organizations shall inform the PSC in a timely fashion, and in a method directed by the PSC, of the results of all referrals made to them under this Appendix.

1.1.27 Departments or organizations shall review the use of private temporary agency personnel, contractors, consultants, employees appointed for a specified period (terms) and all other non-indeterminate employees. Where practicable, departments or organizations shall not re-engage such temporary agency personnel, contractors, consultants nor renew the employment of such employees referred to above where such action would facilitate the appointment of surplus employees or laid-off persons.

1.1.28 Nothing in the foregoing shall restrict the employer's right to engage or appoint persons to meet short-term, non-recurring requirements. Surplus and laid-off persons shall be given priority even for these short-term work opportunities.

1.1.29 Departments or organizations may lay off an employee at a date earlier than originally scheduled when the surplus employee requests them to do so in writing.

1.1.30 Departments or organizations, acting as appointing departments or organizations, shall cooperate with the PSC and other departments or organizations in accepting, to the extent possible, affected, surplus and laid-off persons, from other departments or organizations for appointment or retraining.

1.1.31 Departments or organizations shall provide surplus employees with a lay-off notice at least one month before the proposed lay-off date, if appointment efforts have been unsuccessful.

1.1.32 When a surplus employee refuses a reasonable job offer, he or she shall be subject to lay-off one month after the refusal, however not before six (6) months after the surplus declaration date. The provisions of 1.3.3 shall continue to apply.

1.1.33 Departments or organizations are to presume that each employee wishes to be redeployed unless the employee indicates the contrary in writing.

1.1.34 Departments or organizations shall inform and counsel affected and surplus employees as early and as completely as possible and shall, in addition, assign a counsellor to each opting and surplus employee and laid-off person to work with them throughout the process. Such counselling is to include explanations and assistance concerning:

- (a) the workforce adjustment situation and its effect on that individual;
- (b) the workforce adjustment Appendix;
- (c) the PSC's Priority Information Management System and how it works from the employee's perspective;
- (d) preparation of a curriculum vitae or resume;
- (e) the employee's rights and obligations;

- (f) the employee's current situation (e.g. pay, benefits such as severance pay and superannuation, classification, language rights, years of service);
 - (g) alternatives that might be available to the employee (alternation, appointment, relocation, retraining, lower-level employment, term employment, retirement including possibility of waiver of penalty if entitled to an annual allowance, Transition Support Measure, Education Allowance, resignation, accelerated lay-off);
 - (h) the likelihood that the employee will be successfully appointed;
 - (i) the meaning of a guarantee of reasonable job offer, a Twelve-month surplus priority period in which to secure a reasonable job offer, a Transition Support Measure, an Education Allowance;
 - (j) the Human Resources Centres and their services (including a recommendation that the employee register with the nearest office as soon as possible);
 - (k) preparation for interviews with prospective employers;
 - (l) repeat counselling as long as the individual is entitled to a staffing priority and has not been appointed;
- and
- (m) advising the employee that refusal of a reasonable job offer will jeopardize both chances for retraining and overall employment continuity.

1.1.35 Home departments or organizations shall ensure that, when it is required to facilitate appointment, a retraining plan is prepared and agreed to in writing by themselves, the employee and the appointing department or organization.

1.1.36 Severance pay and other benefits flowing from other clauses in this Collective Agreement are separate from, and in addition to, those in this Appendix.

1.1.37 Any surplus employee who resigns under this Appendix shall be deemed, for the purposes of severance pay and retroactive remuneration, to be involuntarily laid off on the day as of which the deputy head accepts in writing the employee's resignation.

1.1.38 The department or organization will review the status of each affected employee annually, or earlier, from the date of initial notification of affected status and determine whether the employee will remain on affected status or not.

1.1.39 The department or organization will notify the affected employee, in writing, within five (5) working days of the decision pursuant to subsection 1.1.38.

1.2 The Treasury Board Secretariat

1.2.1 It is the responsibility of the Treasury Board Secretariat to:

- (a) investigate and seek to resolve situations referred by the PSC or other parties,
and
- (b) consider departmental or organizational requests for retraining resources,
and
- (c) ensure that departments or organizations are provided to the extent possible with information on occupations for which there are skill shortages.

1.3 The Public Service Commission

1.3.1 Within the context of workforce adjustment, and the Public Service Commission's (PSC) governing legislation, it is the responsibility of the PSC to:

- (a) ensure that priority entitlements are respected;
- (b) ensure that a means exists for priority persons to be assessed against vacant positions and appointed if found qualified against the essential qualifications of the position;
and
- (c) ensure that priority persons are provided with information on their priority entitlements.

1.3.2 The PSC is further willing, in accordance with the *Privacy Act*, to:

- (a) provide the Treasury Board Secretariat with information related to the administration of priority entitlements which may reflect on departments' or organizations' level of compliance with this directive,

and
- (b) provide information to the bargaining agents on the numbers and status of their members in the Priority Information Management System, as well as information on the overall system.

1.3.3 The PSC's roles and responsibilities flow from its governing legislation, not the collective agreement. As such, any changes made to these roles/responsibilities must be agreed upon by the Commission. For greater detail on the PSC's role in administering surplus and lay-off priority entitlements, refer to Annex C of this document.

1.4 Employees

1.4.1 Employees have the right to be represented by PIPSC in the application of this Appendix.

1.4.2 Employees who are directly affected by workforce adjustment situations and who receive a guarantee of a reasonable job offer, or who opt, or are deemed to have opted, for option (a) of Part VI of this Appendix are responsible for:

- (a) actively seeking alternative employment in co-operation with their departments or organizations and the PSC, unless they have advised the department or organization and the PSC, in writing, that they are not available for appointment;
- (b) seeking information about their entitlements and obligations;
- (c) providing timely information to the home department or organization and to the PSC to assist them in their appointment activities (including curriculum vitae or resumes);
- (d) ensuring that they can be easily contacted by the PSC and appointing departments or organizations, and attending appointments related to referrals;

- (e) seriously considering job opportunities presented to them (referrals within the home department or organization, referrals from the PSC, and job offers made by departments or organizations), including retraining and relocation possibilities, specified period appointments and lower-level appointments.

1.4.3 Opting employees are responsible for:

- (a) considering the options of Part VI of this Appendix;
- (b) communicating their choice of options, in writing, to their manager no later than one hundred and twenty (120) days after being declared opting.

Part II

Official notification

2.1 Department or Organization

2.1.1 As already mentioned in section 1.1.12, departments or organizations shall advise and consult with the bargaining agent representatives as completely as possible regarding any workforce adjustment situation as soon as possible after the decision has been made and throughout the process and will make available to the bargaining agent and to the President of PIPSC the name, work location, phone number, email address and mailing address of affected employees as per the departmental or organizational employee database of those employees.

2.1.2 In any workforce adjustment situation which is likely to involve six (6) or more indeterminate employees covered by this Appendix, the department or organization concerned shall notify the Assistant Secretary (or delegate), Labour Relations and Compensation Operations, Treasury Board Secretariat, in confidence, at the earliest possible date and under no circumstances less than four (4) working days before the situation is announced.

2.1.3 Prior to notifying any potentially affected employee, departments or organizations shall also notify the Chief Executive Officer of each bargaining agent that has members involved. Such notification is to be in writing, in confidence and at the earliest possible date and under no circumstances less than two (2) working days before any employee is notified of the workforce adjustment situation. This information is to include the identity and location of the work unit(s) involved; the expected date of the announcement; the anticipated

timing of the situation; and the numbers of employees, by group and level, who will be affected.

Part III

Relocation of a work unit

3.1 General

3.1.1 In cases where a work unit is to be relocated, department(s) or organization(s) shall provide all employees whose positions are to be relocated with written notice of the opportunity to choose whether they wish to move with the position or be treated as if they were subject to a workforce adjustment situation.

3.1.2 Following written notification, employees must indicate, within a period of six (6) months, their intention to move. If the employee's intention is not to move with the relocated position, the Deputy head, after having considered relevant factors, can either provide the employee with a guarantee of a reasonable job offer or access to the options set out in section 6.3 of this Appendix.

3.1.3 Employees relocating with their work units shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of 1.1.18 to 1.1.22.

3.1.4 Although departments or organizations will endeavour to respect employee location preferences, nothing precludes the department or organization from offering the relocated position to employees in receipt of a guarantee of a reasonable job offer from their deputy heads, after having spent as much time as operations permit looking for a reasonable job offer in the employee's location preference area.

3.1.5 Employees who are not in receipt of a guarantee of a reasonable job offer shall become opting employees and have access to the options set out in Part VI of this Appendix.

Part IV

Retraining

4.1 General

4.1.1 To facilitate the redeployment of affected employees, surplus employees, and laid-off persons, departments or organizations shall make every reasonable effort to retrain such persons for:

- (a) existing vacancies,
- or
- (b) anticipated vacancies identified by management.

4.1.2 It is the responsibility of the employee, the home department or organization and the appointing department or organization to identify retraining opportunities pursuant to subsection 4.1.1.

4.1.3 Subject to the provisions of 4.1.2, the deputy head of the home department or organization shall approve up to two (2) years of retraining.

4.2 Surplus employees

4.2.1 A surplus employee is eligible for retraining providing:

- (a) retraining is needed to facilitate the appointment of the individual to a specific vacant position or will enable the individual to qualify for anticipated vacancies in occupations or locations where there is a shortage of qualified candidates;
- and
- (b) there are no other available priority persons who qualify for a specific vacant position as referenced in (a) above.

4.2.2 The home department or organization is responsible for ensuring that an appropriate retraining plan is prepared and is agreed to in writing by the employee and the delegated officers of the home and appointing departments or organizations.

4.2.3 Once a retraining plan has been initiated, its continuation and completion are subject to satisfactory performance by the employee.

4.2.4 While on retraining, a surplus employee continues to be employed by the home department or organization and is entitled to be paid in accordance with his or her current appointment, unless the appointing department or organization is willing to appoint the employee indeterminately, conditional on successful completion of retraining, in which case the retraining plan shall be included in the letter of offer.

4.2.5 When a retraining plan has been approved and the surplus employee continues to be employed by the home department or organization, the proposed lay-off date shall be extended to the end of the retraining period, subject to 4.2.3.

4.2.6 An employee unsuccessful in retraining may be laid off at the end of the surplus period, provided that the employer has been unsuccessful in making the employee a reasonable job offer.

4.2.7 In addition to all other rights and benefits granted pursuant to this section, an employee who is guaranteed a reasonable job offer, is also guaranteed, subject to the employee's willingness to relocate, training to prepare the surplus employee for appointment to a position pursuant to section 4.1.1, such training to continue for one (1) year or until the date of appointment to another position, whichever comes first. Appointment to this position is subject to successful completion of the training.

4.3 Laid-off persons

4.3.1 A laid-off person shall be eligible for retraining providing:

- (a) retraining is needed to facilitate the appointment of the individual to a specific vacant position;
- (b) the individual meets the minimum requirements set out in the relevant Selection Standard for appointment to the group concerned;

and

- (c) there are no other available persons with a priority who qualify for the position.

4.3.2 When an individual is offered an appointment conditional on successful completion of retraining, a retraining plan shall be included in the letter of offer. If the individual accepts the conditional offer, he or she will be appointed on an indeterminate basis to the full level of the position after having successfully completed training and being assessed as qualified for the position. When an individual accepts an appointment to a position with a lower maximum rate of pay than the position from which he or she was laid-off, the employee will be salary protected in accordance with Part V.

Part V

Salary protection

5.1 Lower-level position

5.1.1 Surplus employees and laid-off persons appointed to a lower-level position under this Appendix shall have their salary and pay equity equalization payments, if any, protected in accordance with the salary protection provisions of this Collective Agreement, or, in the absence of such provisions, the appropriate provisions of the Regulations Respecting Pay on Reclassification or Conversion.

5.1.2 Employees whose salary is protected pursuant to section 5.1.1 will continue to benefit from salary protection until such time as they are appointed or deployed into a position with a maximum rate of pay that is equal to or higher than the maximum rate of pay of the position from which they were declared surplus or laid off.

Part VI

Options for employees

6.1 General

6.1.1 Deputy heads will be expected to provide a guarantee of a reasonable job offer for those affected employees for whom they know or can predict employment availability. A deputy head who cannot provide such a guarantee shall provide his or her reasons in writing, if requested by the employee. Affected employees in receipt of this guarantee would not have access to the choice of options below.

6.1.2 Employees who are not in receipt of a guarantee of a reasonable job offer from their deputy head have one hundred and twenty (120) days to consider the three (3) Options below before a decision is required of them.

6.1.3 The opting employee must choose, in writing, one of the three options of section 6.3 of this Appendix within the one hundred and twenty (120) day window. The employee cannot change options once having made a written choice.

6.1.4 If the employee fails to select an option, the employee will be deemed to have selected option (a), Twelve (12) month surplus priority period in which to secure a reasonable job offer at the end of the one hundred and twenty (120) day window.

6.1.5 If a reasonable job offer which does not require a relocation is made at any time during the one hundred and twenty (120) day opting period and prior to the written acceptance of the Transition Support Measure or the Education Allowance Option, the employee is ineligible for the TSM or the Education Allowance.

6.2 Alternation

6.2.1 All departments or organizations must participate in the alternation process.

6.2.2 An alternation occurs when an opting employee who wishes to remain in the Core Public Administration exchanges positions with a non-affected employee (the alternate) willing to leave the Core Public Administration under the terms of Part VI of this Appendix.

6.2.3 Only an opting employee, not a surplus one, may alternate into an indeterminate position that remains in the Core Public Administration.

6.2.4 An indeterminate employee wishing to leave the Core Public Administration may express an interest in alternating with an opting employee. Management will decide, however, whether a proposed alternation will result in retaining the skills required to meet the ongoing needs of the position and the Core Public Administration.

6.2.5 An alternation must permanently eliminate a function or a position.

6.2.6 The opting employee moving into the unaffected position must be, to the degree determined by the Employer, able to meet the requirements of the position, including language requirements. The alternate moving into the opting position must meet the requirements of the position, except if the alternate will not be performing the duties of the position and the alternate will be struck off strength within five (5) days of the alternation.

6.2.7 An alternation should normally occur between employees at the same group and level. When the two (2) positions are not the same group and level, alternation can still occur when the positions can be considered equal. They are considered equal when the maximum rate of pay for the higher paid position is no more than six-per-cent (6%) higher than the maximum rate of pay for the lower paid position.

6.2.8 An alternation must occur on a given date, i.e. two (2) employees directly exchange positions on the same day. There is no provision in alternation for a “domino” effect or for “future considerations”.

6.3 Options

6.3.1 Only opting employees who are not in receipt of the guarantee of a reasonable job offer from the deputy head will have access to the choice of options below:

- (a)
 - (i) Twelve (12) month surplus priority period in which to secure a reasonable job offer: should a reasonable job offer not be made within a period of twelve (12) months, the employee will be laid off in accordance with the *Public Service Employment Act*. Employees who choose or are deemed to have chosen this Option are surplus employees.
 - (ii) At the request of the employee, this twelve (12) month surplus priority period shall be extended by the unused portion of the one hundred and twenty (120) day opting period referred to in 6.1.2 which remains once the employee has selected in writing Option (a).
 - (iii) When a surplus employee who has chosen, or who is deemed to have chosen, Option (a) offers to resign before the end of the twelve (12) month surplus priority period, the deputy head may

authorise a lump-sum payment equal to the surplus employee's pay for the substantive position for the balance of the surplus period, up to a maximum of six (6) months. The amount of the lump sum payment for the pay in lieu cannot exceed the maximum of that which he or she would have received had they chosen Option (b), the Transition Support Measure.

- (iv) Departments or organizations will make every reasonable effort to market a surplus employee during the employee's surplus period within his or her preferred area of mobility

or

- (b) Transition Support Measure (TSM) is a cash payment, based on the employee's years of service in the public service (see Annex "B") made to an opting employee. Employees choosing this Option must resign but will be considered to be laid-off for purposes of severance pay.

or

**

- (c) Education allowance is a Transitional Support Measure (see Option (b) above) plus an amount of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for reimbursement of receipted expenses of an opting employee for tuition from a learning institution and costs of books and mandatory equipment.

Employees choosing Option (c) could either:

- (i) resign from the Core Public Administration but be considered to be laid-off for severance pay purposes on the date of their departure;

or

- (ii) delay their departure date and go on leave without pay for a maximum period of two (2) years, while attending the learning institution. The TSM shall be paid in one or two lump-sum amounts, at the employee's request over a maximum two (2)-year period. During this period, employees could continue to be public service benefit plan members and contribute both employer and employee share to the benefits plans and the Public Service

Superannuation Plan. At the end of the two (2) year leave without pay period, unless the employee has found alternate employment in the Core Public Administration, the employee will be laid off in accordance with the *Public Service Employment Act*.

6.3.2 Management will establish the departure date of opting employees who choose Option (b) or Option (c) above.

6.3.3 The TSM, pay in lieu of unfulfilled surplus period and the Education Allowance cannot be combined with any other payment under the Workforce Adjustment Appendix.

6.3.4 In the cases of: pay in lieu of unfulfilled surplus period, Option (b) and (c)(i), the employee relinquishes any priority rights for reappointment upon acceptance of his or her resignation.

6.3.5 Employees choosing option (c)(ii) who have not provided their department or organization with a proof of registration from a learning institution twelve (12) months after starting their leave without pay period will be deemed to have resigned from the Core Public Administration, and be considered to be laid-off for purposes of severance pay.

6.3.6 All opting employees will be entitled to up to six hundred dollars (\$600) towards counseling services in respect of their potential re-employment or retirement. Such counselling services may include financial, and job placement counselling services.

6.3.7 An opting employee who has received pay in lieu of unfulfilled surplus period, a TSM or an Education Allowance and is re-appointed to that portion of the Core Public Administration specified from time to time in Schedules I and IV to the *Financial Administration Act* shall reimburse the Receiver General for Canada by an amount corresponding to the period from the effective date of such re-appointment or hiring, to the end of the original period for which the TSM or Education Allowance was paid.

6.3.8 Notwithstanding section 6.3.7, an opting employee who has received an Education Allowance will not be required to reimburse tuition expenses, costs of books and mandatory equipment, for which he or she cannot get a refund.

6.3.9 The deputy head shall ensure that pay in lieu of unfulfilled surplus period is only authorized where the employee's work can be discontinued on the

resignation date and no additional costs will be incurred in having the work done in any other way during that period.

6.3.10 If a surplus employee who has chosen, or is deemed to have chosen, Option (a) refuses a reasonable job offer at any time during the twelve (12) month surplus priority period, the employee is ineligible for pay in lieu of unfulfilled surplus period.

6.3.11 Approval of pay in lieu of unfulfilled surplus period is at the discretion of management, but shall not be unreasonably denied.

6.4 Retention payment

6.4.1 There are three (3) situations in which an employee may be eligible to receive a retention payment. These are total facility closures, relocation of work units and alternative delivery initiatives.

6.4.2 All employees accepting retention payments must agree to leave the Core Public Administration without priority rights.

6.4.3 An individual who has received a retention payment and, as applicable, is either reappointed, or hired to that portion of the Core Public Administration specified from time to time in Schedules I and IV to the *Financial Administration Act* or is hired by the new employer within the six (6) months immediately following his or her resignation, shall reimburse the Receiver General for Canada by an amount corresponding to the period from the effective date of such re-appointment or hiring, to the end of the original period for which the lump sum was paid.

6.4.4 The provisions of 6.4.5 shall apply in total facility closures where public service jobs are to cease, and:

- (a) such jobs are in remote areas of the country,
- or
- (b) retraining and relocation costs are prohibitive,
- or
- (c) prospects of reasonable alternative local employment, whether within or outside the Core Public Administration are poor.

6.4.5 Subject to 6.4.4, the deputy head shall pay to each employee who is asked to remain until closure of the work unit and offers a resignation from the Core Public Administration to take effect on that closure date, a sum equal to six (6) months' pay payable upon the day on which the departmental or organizational operation ceases, provided the employee has not separated prematurely.

6.4.6 The provisions of 6.4.7 shall apply in relocation of work units where Core Public Administration work units:

- (a) are being relocated,

and
- (b) when the deputy head of the home department or organization decides that, in comparison to other options, it is preferable that certain employees be encouraged to stay in their jobs until the day of workplace relocation,

and
- (c) where the employee has opted not to relocate with the function.

6.4.7 Subject to 6.4.6, the deputy head shall pay to each employee who is asked to remain until the relocation of the work unit and offers a resignation from the Core Public Administration to take effect on the relocation date, a sum equal to six (6) months' pay payable upon the day on which the departmental or organizational operation relocates, provided the employee has not separated prematurely.

6.4.8 The provisions of 6.4.9 shall apply in alternative delivery initiatives:

- (a) where the Core Public Administration work units are affected by alternative delivery initiatives;
- (b) when the deputy head of the home department or organization decides that, compared to other options, it is preferable that certain employees be encouraged to stay in their jobs until the day of the transfer to the new employer;

and
- (c) where the employee has not received a job offer from the new employer or has received an offer and did not accept it.

6.4.9 Subject to 6.4.8, the deputy head shall pay to each employee who is asked to remain until the transfer date and who offers a resignation from the Core Public Administration to take effect on the transfer date, a sum equal to six (6) months pay payable upon the transfer date, provided the employee has not separated prematurely.

Part VII

Special provisions regarding alternative delivery initiatives

Preamble

The administration of the provisions of this part will be guided by the following principles:

- (a) fair and reasonable treatment of employees;
- (b) value for money and affordability;
- and
- (c) maximization of employment opportunities for employees.

The parties recognize:

- the union's need to represent employees during the transition process;
- the Employer's need for greater flexibility in organizing the Core Public Administration.

7.1 Definitions

For the purposes of this part, **an alternative delivery initiative** (*diversification des modes d'exécution*) is the transfer of any work, undertaking or business of the Core Public Administration to any body or corporation that is a separate agency or that is outside the Core Public Administration.

For the purposes of this part, a **reasonable job offer** (*offre d'emploi raisonnable*) is an offer of employment received from a new employer in the case of a type 1 or 2 transitional employment arrangement, as determined in accordance with section 7.2.2.

For the purposes of this part, a **termination of employment** (*licenciement du fonctionnaire*) is the termination of employment referred to in paragraph 12(1)(f) of the *Financial Administration Act* (FAA).

7.2 General

Departments or organizations will, as soon as possible after the decision is made to proceed with an alternative delivery initiative (ADI), and if possible, not less than one hundred and eighty (180) days prior to the date of transfer, provide notice to the President of PIPSC.

The notice to PIPSC will include: 1) the program being considered for ADI, 2) the reason for the ADI, and 3) the type of approach anticipated for the initiative.

In cases of ADI, the parties will conduct meaningful consultation on human resource issues related to the ADI in order to provide information to the employee which will assist him/her in deciding on whether or not to accept the job offer.

1. Commercialization

In cases of commercialization where tendering will be part of the process, the parties shall make every reasonable effort to come to an agreement on the criteria related to human resources issues (e.g. terms and conditions of employment, pension and health care benefits, the take-up number of employees) to be used in the request for proposal (RFP) process. The parties will respect the contracting rules of the federal government.

2. Creation of a new Agency

In cases of the creation of new agencies, the parties shall make every reasonable effort to agree on common recommendations related to human resources issues (e.g. terms and conditions of employment, pension, and health care benefits) that should be available at the date of transfer.

3. Transfer to existing employers

In all other ADI initiatives where an employer-employee relationship already exists the parties will hold meaningful consultations to clarify the terms and conditions that will apply upon transfer.

In the cases of commercialization and creation of new agencies, consultation opportunities will be given to PIPSC; however, if after

meaningful consultation agreements are not possible, the department may still proceed with the transfer.

7.2.1 The provisions of this Part apply only in the case of alternative delivery initiatives and are in exception to other provisions of this Appendix. Employees who are affected by alternative delivery initiatives and who receive job offers from the new employer shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of this part and, only where specifically indicated will other provisions of this Appendix apply to them.

7.2.2 There are three (3) types of transitional employment arrangements resulting from alternative delivery initiatives:

(a) Type 1 (Full Continuity)

Type 1 arrangements meet all of the following criteria:

(i) legislated successor rights apply. Specific conditions for successor rights applications will be determined by the labour legislation governing the new employer;

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(ii) the Directive on Terms and Conditions of Employment, the terms of the collective agreement referred to therein and/or the applicable compensation plan will continue to apply to unrepresented and excluded employees until modified by the new employer or by the PSLRB pursuant to a successor rights application;

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(iii) recognition of continuous employment in the Core Public Administration, as defined in the Directive on Terms and Conditions of Employment, for purposes of determining the employee's entitlements under the collective agreement continued due to the application of successor rights;

(iv) pension arrangements according to the statement of pension principles set out in Annex A, or, in cases where the test of reasonableness set out in that statement is not met, payment of a lump-sum to employees pursuant to section 7.7.3;

- (v) transitional employment guarantee: a two-year minimum employment guarantee with the new employer;
- (vi) coverage in each of the following core benefits: health benefits, long term disability insurance (LTDI) and dental plan;
- (vii) short-term disability bridging: recognition of the employee's earned but unused sick leave credits up to maximum of the new employer's LTDI waiting period.

(b) Type 2 (Substantial Continuity)

Type 2 arrangements meet all of the following criteria:

- (i) the average new hourly salary offered by the new employer (= rate of pay + equal pay adjustments + supervisory differential) for the group moving is eighty-five per cent (85%) or greater of the group's current federal hourly remuneration (= pay + equal pay adjustments + supervisory differential), when the hours of work are the same;
- (ii) the average annual salary of the new employer (= rate of pay + equal pay adjustments + supervisory differential) for the group moving is eighty-five per cent (85%) or greater of federal annual remuneration (= per cent or greater of federal annual remuneration (= pay + equal pay adjustments + supervisory differential), when the hours of work are different;
- (iii) pension arrangements according to the statement of pension principles as set out in Annex A, or in cases where the test of reasonableness set out in that Statement is not met, payment of a lump-sum to employees pursuant to section 7.7.3;
- (iv) transitional employment guarantee: employment tenure equivalent to that of the permanent workforce in receiving organizations or a two (2) year minimum employment guarantee;
- (v) coverage in each area of the following core benefits: health benefits, long-term disability insurance (LTDI) and dental plan;
- (vi) short-term disability arrangement.

(c) Type 3 (Lesser Continuity)

A type 3 arrangement is any alternative delivery initiative that does not meet the criteria applying in type 1 and 2 transitional employment arrangements.

7.2.3 For type 1 and 2 transitional employment arrangements, the offer of employment from the new employer will be deemed to constitute a reasonable job offer for purposes of this part.

7.2.4 For type 3 transitional employment arrangements, an offer of employment from the new employer will not be deemed to constitute a reasonable job offer for purposes of this part.

7.3 Responsibilities

7.3.1 Deputy heads will be responsible for deciding, after considering the criteria set out above, which of the types applies in the case of particular alternative delivery initiatives.

7.3.2 Employees directly affected by alternative delivery initiatives are responsible for seriously considering job offers made by new employers and advising the home department or organization of their decision within the allowed period.

7.4 Notice of alternative delivery initiatives

7.4.1 Where alternative delivery initiatives are being undertaken, departments or organizations shall provide written notice to all employees offered employment by the new employer, giving them the opportunity to choose whether they wish to accept the offer.

7.4.2 Following written notification, employees must indicate within a period of sixty (60) days their intention to accept the employment offer.

7.5 Job offers from new employers

7.5.1 Employees subject to this Appendix (see Application) and who do not accept the reasonable job offer from the new employer in the case of type 1 or 2 transitional employment arrangements will be given four (4) months notice of termination of employment and their employment will be terminated at the end of that period or on a mutually agreed upon date before the end of the four (4) month notice period except where the employee was unaware of the offer or incapable of indicating an acceptance of the offer.

7.5.2 The deputy head may extend the notice of termination period for operational reasons, but no such extended period may end later than the date of the transfer to the new employer.

7.5.3 Employees who do not accept a job offer from the new employer in the case of type 3 transitional employment arrangements may be declared opting or surplus by the deputy head in accordance with the provisions of the other parts of this Appendix.

7.5.4 Employees who accept a job offer from the new employer in the case of any alternative delivery initiative will have their employment terminated on the date on which the transfer becomes effective, or on another date that may be designated by the home department or organization for operational reasons provided that this does not create a break in continuous service between the Core Public Administration and the new employer.

7.6 Application of other provisions of the appendix

7.6.1 For greater certainty, the provisions of Part II, Official Notification, and section 6.4, Retention Payment, will apply in the case of an employee who refuses an offer of employment in the case of a type 1 or 2 transitional employment arrangement. A payment under section 6.4 may not be combined with a payment under the other section.

7.7 Lump-sum payments and salary top-up allowances

7.7.1 Employees who are subject to this Appendix (see Application) and who accept the offer of employment from the new employer in the case of type 2 transitional employment arrangements will receive a sum equal to three (3) months pay, payable upon the day on which the departmental or organizational work or function is transferred to the new employer. The home department or organization will also pay these employees an eighteen (18) month salary top-up allowance equal to the difference between the remuneration applicable to their Core Public Administration position and the salary applicable to their position with the new employer. This allowance will be paid as a lump-sum, payable on the day on which the departmental or organizational work or function is transferred to the new employer.

7.7.2 In the case of individuals who accept an offer of employment from the new employer in the case of a type 2 arrangement whose new hourly or annual salary falls below eighty per cent (80%) of their former federal hourly or annual remuneration, departments or organizations will pay an additional six (6) months

of salary top-up allowance for a total of twenty-four (24) months under this section and section 7.7.1. The salary top-up allowance equal to the difference between the remuneration applicable to their Core Public Administration position and the salary applicable to their position with the new employer will be paid as a lump-sum payable on the day on which the departmental or organizational work or function is transferred to the new employer.

7.7.3 Employees who accept the reasonable job offer from the successor employer in the case of a type 1 or 2 transitional employment arrangement where the test of reasonableness referred to in the statement of pension principles set out in Annex A is not met, that is, where the actuarial value (cost) of the new employer's pension arrangements are less than six decimal five per cent (6.5%) of pensionable payroll (excluding the employer's costs related to the administration of the plan) will receive a sum equal to three (3) months pay, payable on the day on which the departmental or organizational work or function is transferred to the new employer.

7.7.4 Employees who accept an offer of employment from the new employer in the case of type 3 transitional employment arrangements will receive a sum equal to six (6) months pay payable on the day on which the departmental or organizational work or function is transferred to the new employer. The home department or organization will also pay these employees a twelve (12) month salary top-up allowance equal to the difference between the remuneration applicable to their Core Public Administration position and the salary applicable to their position with the new employer. The allowance will be paid as a lump-sum, payable on the day on which the departmental or organizational work or function is transferred to the new employer. The total of the lump-sum payment and the salary top-up allowance provided under this section will not exceed an amount equal to one (1) year's pay.

7.7.5 For the purposes of 7.7.1, 7.7.2 and 7.7.4, the term remuneration includes and is limited to salary plus equal pay adjustments, if any, and supervisory differential, if any.

7.8 Reimbursement

7.8.1 An individual who receives a lump-sum payment and salary top-up allowance pursuant to subsection 7.7.1, 7.7.2, 7.7.3 or 7.7.4 and who is reappointed to that portion of the Core Public Administration specified from time to time in Schedules I and IV to the *Financial Administration Act* at any point during the period covered by the total of the lump-sum payment and salary top-up allowance, if any, shall reimburse the Receiver General for Canada by an amount

corresponding to the period from the effective date of re-appointment to the end of the original period covered by the total of the lump-sum payment and salary top-up allowance, if any.

7.8.2 An individual who receives a lump-sum payment pursuant to subsection 7.6.1 and, as applicable, is either reappointed to that portion of the Core Public Administration specified from time to time in Schedules I and IV to the *Financial Administration Act* or hired by the new employer, to which the employee's work was transferred, at any point covered by the lump-sum payment, shall reimburse the Receiver General for Canada by an amount corresponding to the period from the effective date of the reappointment or hiring to the end of the original period covered by the lump-sum payment.

7.9 Vacation leave credits and severance pay

7.9.1 Notwithstanding the provisions of this Collective Agreement concerning vacation leave, an employee who accepts a job offer pursuant to this part may choose not to be paid for earned but unused vacation leave credits, provided that the new employer will accept these credits.

7.9.2 Notwithstanding the provisions of this Collective Agreement concerning severance pay, an employee who accepts a reasonable job offer pursuant to this part will not be paid severance pay where successor rights apply and/or, in the case of a type 2 transitional employment arrangement, when the new employer recognizes the employee's years of continuous employment in the Core Public Administration for severance pay purposes and provides severance pay entitlements similar to the employee's severance pay entitlements at the time of the transfer.

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However, an employee who has a severance termination benefit entitlement under the terms of paragraph 19.06(b) or (c) shall be paid this entitlement at the time of transfer.

7.9.3 Where:

- (a) the conditions set out in 7.9.2 are not met,
- (b) the severance provisions of this collective agreement are extracted from this collective agreement prior to the date of transfer to another non-federal public sector employer,

- (c) the employment of an employee is terminated pursuant to the terms of section 7.5.1,

or

- (d) the employment of an employee who accepts a job offer from the new employer in a type 3 transitional employment arrangement is terminated on the transfer of the function to the new employer

the employee shall be deemed, for purposes of severance pay, to be involuntarily laid off on the day on which employment in the Core Public Administration terminates.

Annex “A” - Statement of pension principles

1. The new employer will have in place, or Her Majesty in right of Canada will require the new employer to put in place, reasonable pension arrangements for transferring employees. The test of *reasonableness* will be that the actuarial value (cost) of the new employer pension arrangements will be at least six decimal five per cent (6.5%) of pensionable payroll, which in the case of defined-benefit pension plans will be as determined by the Assessment Methodology developed by Towers Perrin for the Treasury Board, dated October 7, 1997. This Assessment Methodology will apply for the duration of this Collective Agreement. Where there is no reasonable pension arrangement in place on the transfer date or no written undertaking by the new employer to put such reasonable pension arrangement in place effective on the transfer date, subject to the approval of Parliament and a written undertaking by the new employer to pay the employer costs, *Public Service Superannuation Act (PSSA)* coverage could be provided during a transitional period of up to a year.
2. Benefits in respect of service accrued to the point of transfer are to be fully protected.
3. Her Majesty in right of Canada will seek portability arrangements between the public service Superannuation Plan and the pension plan of the new employer where a portability arrangement does not yet exist. Furthermore, Her Majesty in right of Canada will seek authority to permit employees the option of counting their service with the new employer for vesting and benefit thresholds under the PSSA.

Annex “B”

Years of Service in the Public Service Core Public Administration	Transition Support Measure (TSM) (Payment in weeks' pay)
0	10
1	22
2	24
3	26
4	28
5	30
6	32
7	34
8	36
9	38
10	40
11	42
12	44
13	46
14	48
15	50
16	52
17	52
18	52
19	52
20	52
21	52
22	52
23	52
24	52
25	52
26	52
27	52
28	52
29	52
30	49
31	46
32	43
33	40

Years of Service in the Public Service Core Public Administration	Transition Support Measure (TSM) (Payment in weeks' pay)
34	37
35	34
36	31
37	28
38	25
39	22
40	19
41	16
42	13
43	10
44	07
45	04

For indeterminate seasonal and part-time employees, the TSM will be pro-rated in the same manner as severance pay under the terms of this collective agreement.

Severance pay provisions of this collective agreement are in addition to the TSM.

Annex C - Role of PSC in administering surplus and lay-off priority entitlements

1. The PSC will refer surplus employees and laid-off persons to positions, in all departments, organizations and agencies governed by the *PSEA*, for which they are potentially qualified for the essential qualifications, unless the individuals have advised the PSC and their home departments or organizations in writing that they are not available for appointment. The PSC will further ensure that entitlements are respected and that priority persons are fairly and properly assessed.
2. The PSC, acting in accordance with the *Privacy Act*, will provide the Treasury Board Secretariat with information related to the administration of priority entitlements which may reflect on departments' or organizations' and agencies' level of compliance with this Directive.
3. The PSC will provide surplus and laid-off individuals with information on their priority entitlements.
4. The PSC will, in accordance with the *Privacy Act*, provide information to bargaining agents on the numbers and status of their members who are in the Priority Administration System and, on a service-wide basis, through reports to the National Joint Council's Workforce Adjustment Committee.
5. The PSC will ensure that a reinstatement priority is given to all employees who are appointed to a position at a lower level.
6. The PSC will, in accordance with the *Privacy Act*, provide information to the Employer, departments or organizations and/or bargaining agents on referrals of surplus employees and laid-off persons in order to ensure that the priority entitlements are respected.

Public Service Commission "Guide to the Priority Information Management System": <http://www.psc-cfp.gc.ca/prad-adpr/index-eng.htm>

****APPENDIX F**

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE TREASURY
BOARD OF CANADA AND THE PROFESSIONAL INSTITUTE OF THE
PUBLIC SERVICE OF CANADA WITH RESPECT TO OCCUPATIONAL
GROUP STRUCTURE REVIEW AND CLASSIFICATION REFORM**

This memorandum is to give effect to the agreement reached between the Employer and the Professional Institute of the Public Service of Canada (PIPSC) in respect of employees in the Computer Systems (CS) bargaining unit. The Employer is committed to engaging in meaningful consultation with the PIPSC with respect to the review of the CS occupational group, followed by meaningful consultation regarding Classification Reform.

Meaningful consultation on Classification Reform will include consultation on the development of a standard which reflects and measures, in a gender neutral manner, elements including skill, effort, responsibility, and working conditions of work performed by CS employees.

The review of the CS group falls within the broader context of the Occupational Group Structure (OGS) Review. Consultation and work on the CS occupational group review, including work on the initial CS modeling phase, will continue in 2012.

The agreement cannot be interpreted as a relinquishment of management rights over classification or as a guarantee that a consensus can be reached on any of the outcomes of the consultation themselves.

****APPENDIX G****MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING SHARED SERVICES CANADA****General**

1. This Memorandum of Understanding sets out special provisions respecting certain terms and conditions of employment, namely rates of pay for those employees whose substantive position was transferred through Order-in-Council, effective November 15, 2011, from the Canada Revenue Agency, the Canadian Food Inspection Agency, the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission, the Financial Transactions and Reports Analysis Centre of Canada, the National Research Council of Canada, or the Parks Canada Agency to Shared Services Canada.
2. This Memorandum of Understanding supersedes the Directive on Terms and Conditions of Employment, where the Terms and Conditions of Employment are inconsistent with the Memorandum of Understanding.
3. Where the provisions of the Computer Systems (CS) collective agreement differ from those set out in the Memorandum of Understanding, the conditions set out in the Memorandum of Understanding shall prevail.

Rates of Pay

1. Employees whose rate of pay prior to their transfer on November 15, 2011, namely, November 14, 2011, meets or is less than the maximum rate of pay of the corresponding Computer Systems (CS) group and level applicable to his substantive position upon transfer on November 15, 2011, shall be paid the pay specified in Appendix "A" at the corresponding CS rates of pay for the level applicable to his substantive position and will be subject to the provisions of Article 47-Pay Administration.
2. Employees whose rate of pay prior to their transfer on November 15, 2011, namely on November 14, 2011, exceeds the maximum rate of pay of the corresponding Computer System (CS) group and level applicable to his substantive position upon transfer on November 15, 2011 shall be paid a "holding rate of pay", which will remain in effect:
 - (a) for the duration of this Memorandum of Agreement;

or

- (b) until such time as the maximum rate of pay of the corresponding CS group and level applicable to his substantive position upon transfer on November 15, 2011, is equal to or higher than the employee's holding rate of pay.
- 3. An employee paid at a holding rate of pay on the effective date of an economic increase shall receive a non-compounding lump sum payment, equivalent to the percentage adjustment based on their holding rate of pay, in lieu of the economic increase. When the calculation of an economic increase results in a salary that would exceed the current job rate, the difference is to be paid as a one-time lump sum payment.
- 4. On April 1, 2014 should an employees' holding rate of pay continue to exceed that of the corresponding CS group and level applicable to his or her substantive position, their rate of pay will be adjusted according to the deployment rules in the Directive on Terms and Conditions of Employment.

This Memorandum of Agreement expires on June 30, 2014

Signed at Ottawa, this 14th day of the month of December 2012.