# CNSC Research Program Presentation to COG Nuclear Safety Peer Group

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## Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission

- Regulates the use of nuclear energy and materials to protect health, safety, security and the environment
- Implements Canada's international commitments on the peaceful use of nuclear energy
- Disseminates objective scientific, technical and regulatory information to the public

Regulator for 70 years





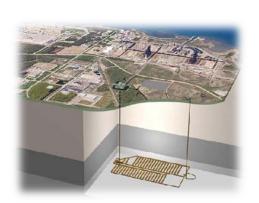
## CNSC Regulates All Nuclear-Related Facilities and Activities...

CNSC CCS

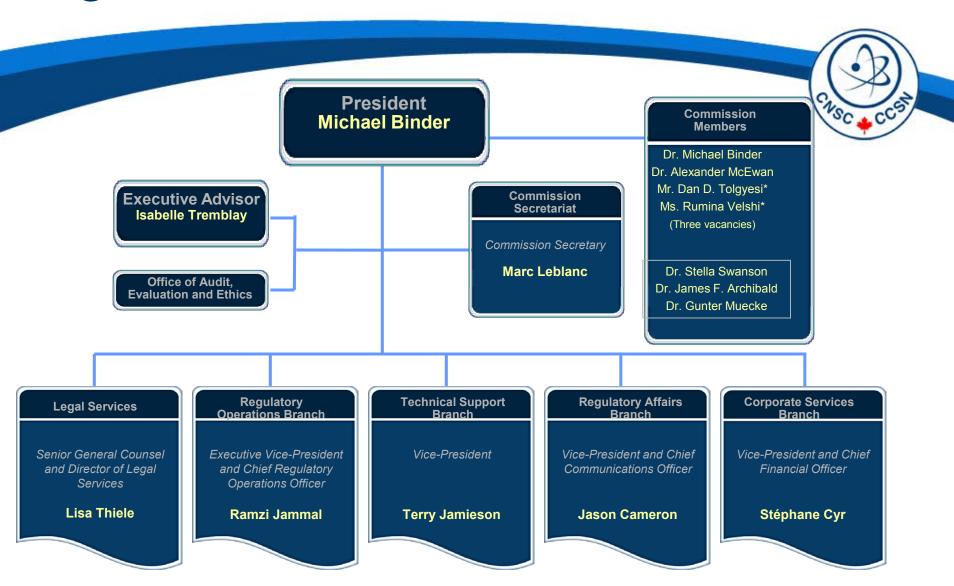
- Uranium mines and mills
- Uranium fuel fabrication and processing
- Nuclear power plants
- Nuclear substance processing
- Industrial and medical applications
- Nuclear research and educational
- Import/export control
- Waste management facilities





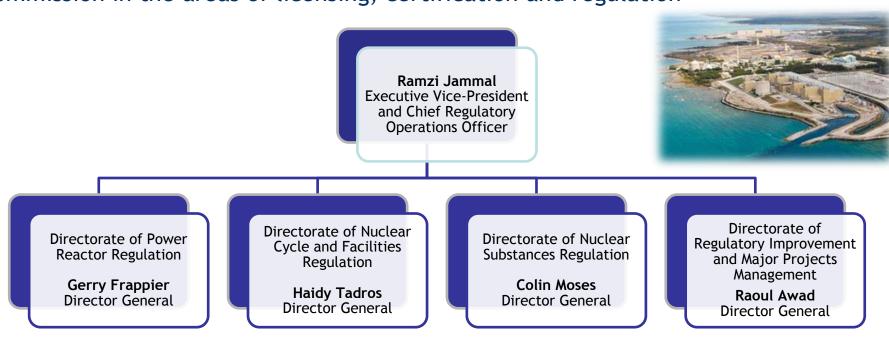


### Organizational Structure



## Regulatory Operations Branch

The Regulatory Operations Branch (ROB) supports the CNSC mission and mandate by making final regulatory decisions, or by making recommendations to the Commission in the areas of licensing, certification and regulation



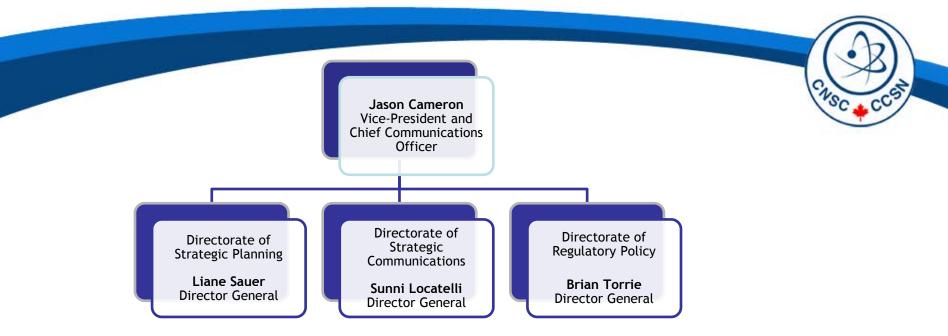
## Technical Support Branch



## The Technical Support Branch (TSB) provides leadership and specialized expertise in the areas of:

- safety analysis, nuclear science and engineering
- environmental and radiation protection
- safety management, human factors, personnel training and certification
- security, nuclear emergency management, safeguards, and nuclear nonproliferation

## Regulatory Affairs Branch



#### The Regulatory Affairs Branch (RAB):

- coordinates and supports policies with central agencies, key departments and other levels of government
- manages the development of CNSC's regulatory framework
- manages internal and external communications
- supports the strategic planning framework, research and evaluation plan
- coordinates Aboriginal engagement and international relations

## Regulatory Research



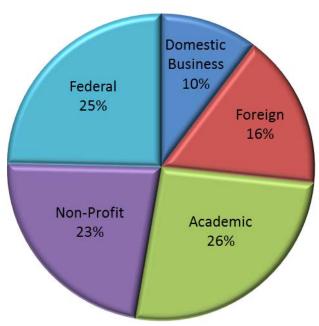
Regulatory research generates knowledge and information to support CNSC staff's regulatory mission.

- > Supports regulatory positions and decisions
- > Identifies and assesses the significance of emerging issues
- > Supplements staff assessment capabilities
- > Contributes to the independence of the regulator
- ➤ Reduces uncertainties regarding health, safety, security and environmental issues

#### Research Universe

- Annual research budget is \$3.8M
- Approximately half of this budget is used for collaborative agreements (Contribution Agreements), while the other half is used for contracted research
- A large share of the CNSC's research is conducted by academic institutions
- AECL/CNL is currently the highest single vendor to CNSC research (captured under federal)





FY16/17 research spending distribution by vendor category

### Research Program Areas



- Research aligned with CNSC safety and control area (SCA) framework
- Currently only 8 of 14 active
   Research Program areas vs. SCA
- CNSC research is planned on a multi-year basis
- Top currently funded program areas: safety analysis, fitness for service and safeguards

#### **Current Research Program areas**

- Fitness for service
- Physical design
- Safety analysis
- Radiation protection
- Environmental protection
- Waste management
- Human performance management
- Safeguards and non-proliferation

## Research Goals Developed With Linkages to Research Program Areas

#### Why use a goal-based approach?

- To help articulate the importance of research work to senior management by providing a clear link to the CNSC's mandate and needs
- To help select the right "suite" of funded projects and demonstrate clear priorities
- To use linkages for strategic effect (i.e., sourcing strategy)
- To help communicate CNSC research needs to internal and external groups
- To provide a framework for assessing the value of the research that has been accomplished (performance)

#### Research Goals



- 1. Strengthen the CNSC's licensing, compliance, and regulatory framework in preparation for long-term operation/post-refurbishment operation of Canadian nuclear power plants
- 2. Enhance the CNSC's capability to independently assess hazards (particularly natural hazards) and to analyze/respond to severe reactor accidents
- 3. Support CNSC staff in the preparation and conduct of vendor design reviews
- 4. Enhance the CNSC's understanding of the environmental transport and behaviour of hazardous nuclear substances and associated environmental exposures
- 5. Inform the CNSC's radiation protection knowledge base to reflect the best available science on the protection of workers and the public

## Research Goals (cont'd)



- 6. Support CNSC staff in their evaluation of licensing or other submissions related to waste repositories
- 7. Further our understanding of the long-term behaviour of both uranium mining and milling waste
- 8. Support the update of the CNSC's regulatory framework to reflect modern human performance approaches
- 9. Support Canadian Safeguards commitments and influence international safeguards efforts
- 10. Strengthen Canadian nuclear forensics capability

## Developing Roadmaps



- The CNSC is currently developing research roadmaps to visually show linkages between CNSC research needs (gaps) and CNSC research goals
- Roadmaps will:
  - facilitate communication of CNSC research priorities within the CNSC
  - serve as a mechanism for sharing research needs with external stakeholders (i.e., AECL/federal nuclear S&T stakeholders, UNENE, COG, licensees and the general public)
  - potentially show linkages between CNSC activities to meet research goals and the activities of external groups

#### Federal Nuclear Science & Technology



The CNSC is in the process of mapping CNSC research goals to the five Federal Nuclear Science & Technology (FNST) Program theme areas:

- supporting the development of biological applications and understanding the implications of radiation on living things
- 2. enhancing national and global security by supporting non-proliferation and counter-terrorism
- 3. nuclear emergency preparedness and response
- 4. supporting safe, secure and responsible use and development of nuclear technologies
- 5. supporting environmental stewardship and radioactive waste management

CNSC is an active member of the FNST Program led by AECL

### Roadmap Example

**Identified gap:** The CNSC would like to enhance in-house modelling capability RESEARCH GOAL Enhancing CNSC's capability to independently assess hazards (particularly natural hazards) and to analyse/respond to severe reactor accidents RESEARCH SUB-PROGRAM RESEARCH SUB-PROGRAM RESEARCH SUB-PROGRAM Design of Systems, Severe Accident Analysis Deterministic Safety Structures & Components Analysis OBJECTIVE OBJECTIVE OBJECTIVE Develop in-house modelling Develop in-house modelling Develop in-house modelling capability to independently capability to independently capability to independently assess severe accidents verify licensee submissions verify licensee submissions SEVERE ACCIDENT CODES MAAP CANDU, CSARP ENGINEERING CODES THERMALHYDRAULIC PHYSICS CODES (MELCOR, MAACS) PARTRIDGE (PRO-LOCA, CODES NESTLE-C, XPLR), ANSYS, Hypermesh CAMP (RELAP, TRACE, NOP Software SNAP), CATHENA

Note: This roadmap is for discussion purposes only (not a complete roadmap)

## Potential Areas of Collaboration



#### Safety analysis projects

- Code Applications and Maintenance Program (CAMP): The CNSC is exploring how to best facilitate providing access to U.S. NRC CAMP codes (i.e., RELAP)
- Cooperative Severe Accident Research Program (CSARP): The CNSC can facilitate providing access to U.S. NRC CSARP codes (i.e., Melcor and MACCS)
- Two phase flow in reactor headers: The CNSC is exploring a research project with the University of Ottawa and is looking for industry collaboration
- Fuel and reactor physics: Several projects are being explored

## Summary



- High-level goals have been developed with clear links to Research Program areas
- CNSC is developing research roadmaps to more clearly articulate research needs
- Areas for collaboration exist and can be explored

## Annex A: Current CNSC Safety Analysis Research Projects

Sub-program area	Title	Status	Division	Years left
Deterministic safety analysis	Investigation of two-phase flow phenomena in reactor headers	Not started	RTD	2 of 2
	Analysis of severe irradiated fuel bay accident PKPIRT package	Active	PFD	1 of 2
	Continued support for the U.S. NRC Cooperative Agreement of Thermalhydraulic Code Applications and Maintenance Program (CAMP)	Contracting	RTD	3 of 3
	Assessment of RELAP5 for natural circulation	Active	RBD	1 of 2
	Application of Bayes method in evaluation of ROP/NOP trip setpoint (Phase 2)	Active	PFD	1 of 2
	Integrated framework for propagation of uncertainties	Pre- Contracting	PFD	3 of 3
Hazard analysis	Support for the OECD High Energy Arcing Fault (HEAF) events project	Active	EDAD	1 of 2
	Support for the OECD Fire Incident Records Exchange (FIRE) project (Phase V)	Contracting	EDAD	3 of 3
	Site response analysis at nuclear power plants: high-frequency ground motion characteristics for rock sites	Not Started	EDAD	3 of 3
Probabilistic safety analysis	Support for the International Common-Cause Data Exchange (ICDE) Project - Phase VII	Active	PSARD	1 of 3
	Radioactive material transport risk assessment	Contracting	TLSD and PSARD	2 of 2
	Cost-free expert (CFE) to IAEA - Multi-Unit PSA Working Group	Not Started	PSARD	2 of 2

## Annex A: Current CNSC Safety Analysis Research Projects (cont'd)

Sub-program Area	Title	Status	Division	Years left
Severe accident	Analytical simulation to gain insights into the effectiveness of severe			
	accident management actions	Active	RBD	1 of 3
	Participation in Nugenia (for SARNET)	Active	RBD	1 of 3
	FASTNET - Participation in EU Project	Active	RBD	1 of 3
	Development of MAAP Grape	Active	RBD	2 of 3
	Participation in the Cooperative Severe Accident Research Program			
	(CSARP) – renewal	Pre-Contracting	RBD	3 of 3
	Simfuel Leaching Experiments	Not Started	RBD	1 of 1
	Containment hydrogen measurement technologies: their applicability and			
	efficiency for monitoring severe accidents	Not Started	RBD	1 of 1
	Effects and benefits of filtered containment venting (FCV) for CANDU			
	reactors to reduce source term release	Not Started	RBD	1 of 1
	Validation and verification of industry's computational aid for hydrogen			
	prediction during severe accident management	Not Started	RBD	1 of 1
	Studies of molten metal solidification in internal pipe flows	Not Started	RBD	2 of 2
	Study impact of calandria-vessel horizontal and vertical penetrations on invessel debris retention during severe accident	Not Started	RBD	1 of 1
	Development of empirical correlation models for hydrogen production due	1101 0101100	1,00	1 . 31 1
	to steel oxidation in CANDU feeder and end-fitting materials	Not Started	RBD	1 of 1
	Hydrogen/CO combustion and passive autocatalytic recombiner (PAR) behaviour	Not Started	RBD	1 of 1

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